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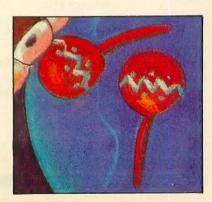
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THE MANAGER by James Dearner Massive, full-featured database uses ST's colors

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COMP COMPLAINT

I was trying to use the variable COMP in a gambling program I'm writing. When I enter this line and press [RETURN], I get an error message. I then tried to use COMP as a command. I typed COMP (42) and I didn't get an error message. The computer just printed out READY. What is this command for?

Brian Korn Del Mar, CA

The COM statement performs the same function as the DIM statement. It was left out of the original Atari BASIC due to lack of space. COM was supposed to allow two programs to share variables in COMmon, a la FORTRAN. Although this was dropped, for some reason the COM keyword was left in and redirected to DIM.

Use LET to get around the problem like this:

10 LET PRINT=10 20 LET RUN=20 30 LET GOSUB=5 40 LET RETURN=12 50 PRINT GOSUB*RUN+(PRINT/ RETURN)

ACE ACKNOWLEDGES

Many thanks for recognizing our users group with an Antic Award (May 1986). As always, group accomplishments represent the efforts of more than one individual. In our case, credit is due to Mike Dunn, founder of Eugene ACE and one of the very first owners, anywhere, of an Atari computer. Also to Larry Gold, the club's unofficial general manager and all around sparkplug, and our Official ST Enthusiast, Jim Bumpas. Without these three, I doubt that ACE would exist at all, let alone thrive.As an Antic subscriber, I would like to acknowledge your own special contributions to all Atari users. Thank you for recognizing the work of all groups listed in your May awards issue.

> Richard Barkley President, Atari Computer Enthusiasts Eugene, OR

FUJI IN PRINT

How can I print the Atari Fuji symbol shown in the upper right corner of the optional character box in the 1st-Word ST word processor? I am using my ST with the Star SG-10 printer in IBM mode.

> Brad Fallon Moscow, Idaho

Ist-Word normally treats ASCII text files as just that—ASCII characters. Printers are designed to expect ASCII values and print them as characters. The two character strings which make up the left and right halves of the Ist-Word Atari Fuji are CHR\$(14)+CHR\$(15). These are not ASCII characters and so they are not recognized by most printers. The Fuji is printable as a screen dump on any pinaddressable printer, such as your Star SG-10. To do this, hold down the [ALTER-NATE] key while pressing [HELP]. —ANTIC ED

I/O MAKES THE GRADE

Because of budget constraints, all we have in my second grade classroom is one Atari 800 and an old TV. It didn't take long for the kids to exhaust the supply of programs in my two books, so **Antic** came to the rescue. I am a compulsive filer, and had clipped and filed all the articles in my back issues. I gathered all the short graphics programs I could find (usually from I/O board) and took them into school. The kids are still pleading with me to stay in at recess an go back to the computer and "play." So, **Antic** readers, keep those little programs coming in!

> Rebecca Pyle Mechanicsburg Schools Urbana, OH

Antic will gladly print interesting mini listings in the I/O Board or as Tech Tips. We have an open invitation for readers to send in their best short programs.— ANTIC ED

TOUGH FIGHT

In the first lesson of the New Owners Column (Antic, March 1986) the author continued on page 8 A GUIDE TO YOUR RAT SYSTEM

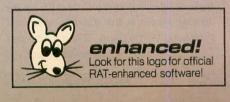
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Already such software as Super 3-D Plotter[®], Master Disk DirectoryII[®], Writer80[®], Rambrandt[®] and AtariArtist[®] have RAT-compatible versions.

Other software companies are scrambling to make their products RAT-compatible. They love the RAT. They should, the thousands of Atari 400, 800, XL and XE owners represent a huge new customer base for their mouse-only programs. Look for the RAT-compatible seal on the package.



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I/O Board

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continued from page 6

said, "I won't assume you know anything about your computer except how to hook it up." That described me perfectly. But there was no mention of how to format a disk. An unformatted disk now means to me seeing BOOT ERROR down the length of the screen.

A quick call to my more knowledgeable friend quickly put that matter to rest. He even told me how to bring up the commands for DOS 2.5. But my disk drive came with DOS 3. Another call to him resulted in—not much. It appears he has changed his phone to an unlisted number in lower-left Beirut where it is much quieter. I then followed your suggestion about obtaining a copy of Lon Poole's *Your Atari Computer*, rushed home to read it and found only an explanation of DOS 1 and 2—nothing about DOS 3.0 or 2.5. Is this a plot or what?

I finally got that program running, but it was a tough fight. Now, what is this that I hear about my 800XL having BASIC B, but a C version is better? Did my wife put you up to it? She said I was spending too much time with my computer when I could be watching "Remington Steele" on TV with her.

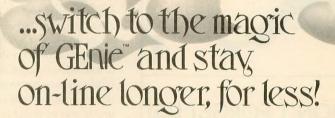
> Thomas Wood Indianapolis, IN

You can get DOS 2.5 and BASIC Revision C from Atari Corp., Customer Relations Dept., 1196 Borregas Avenue, Sunnyvale, CA 94086. The Rev. C BASIC cartridge costs \$15 plus \$2.50 for mailing. Send Atari your DOS 3 disk for a free exchange with DOS 2.5—which is compatible with DOS 2. Any 1986 Antic monthly disk contains DOS 2 in the DOS.SYS, DUP.SYS files, or you can obtain these files from a local Atari users group.—ANTIC ED

1040ST RAMDISK

When Antic installed a RAMdisk on our in-house 1040ST, it started out correctly as drive D. But when we re-booted after a program crash, the RAMdisk called itself drive E and couldn't be accessed. We quickly booted again several more times and each time the drive letter advanced by one—drive F, drive G, etc. We let the 1040ST sit for a few minutes while we pondered the problem. When we booted continued on page 10

If you compute after dark...



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- 3. Dial 1-800-638-8369. When connected, enter HHH
- 4. At the U# = prompt, enter XJM11947, GENIE then RETURN.

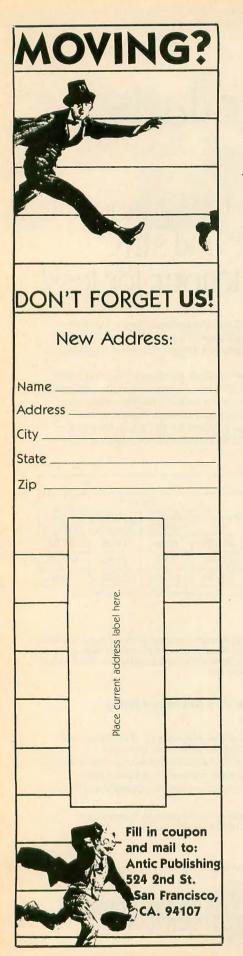
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General Electric Information Services Company, U.S.A.





continued from page 8

once again, the RAMdisk was back at drive D.

After a telephone call to Atari, we found that the befty power supply built into the 1040ST bas a lot of energy in reserve. After the 1040ST is turned off, 10-15 seconds may pass before the power drops down to a level allowing the RAM to forget which drive the RAMdisk wanted to use. Like an elephant, the 1040ST tries hard to remember, so just let the computer sit for a few extra seconds between bootups if you're using a RAMdisk. —ANTIC ED

PUBLISHING MACHINE

The immediate future of computers lies in desktop publishing, and I can't think of a better computer for this than the Atari 8-bit. However, I and countless others may be forced into buying an Apple (yechh!) for this purpose, simply because there is so little Atari publishing software available. I would love to buy Newsroom for the Atari, but Springboard only seems to be releasing it for Apple. Even Broderbund's Print Shop has a new disk of fonts that is currently only available for the Apple and Commodore. Xlent has created Typesetter and Rubber Stamp for the Atari, but the documentation is confusing. I bought both packages and still don't know how to use them.

How much better to be known as the "desktop publishing computer" than the

"game machine." Perhaps Atari owners and software companies can join together to overcome this obstacle.

Lee Ellis Indio, CA

We edit Antic entirely on 8-bit Ataris with PaperClip, then transmit the copy via modem to our typesetter. Our art department pastes up the copy manually and sends it to the printer. Of course, that's not "desktop" publishing—the art of doing the typesetting, layout and printing inbouse with a personal computer and laser printer. For the ST, desktop publishing programs such as PCA's Graphic Artist are in the works, and Atari Corp. is working on an ST laser printer. —ANTIC ED

STABLE SHAPES

I applied this pattern:

which I remember being told in my chemistry class is a very stable pattern for carbon, to *Life Revisited*, (Antic, April 1986). Indeed, the shape remained constant from the very beginning.

> Martin Levi Kew Gardens, NY

Antic welcomes your feedback, but we regret that the large volume of mail and online messages makes it impossible for the Editors to reply to everyone. Although we do respond to as much reader correspondence as time permits, our bighest priority must be to publish (and upload) I/O answers to questions that are meaningful to a substantial number of readers and online subscribers.

Send letters to: Antic I/O Board, 524 Second Street, San Francisco, CA 94107. ANTIC ONLINE bas an I/O section for email to the Editors only online queries about Antic products should be uploaded to the Customer Service I/O section of ANTIC ONLINE.

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EPTEMBER SPECIAL FEATURE

WEATHER MAPS FROM SPACE

BY CHARLES JACKSON, ANTIC TECHNICAL EDITOR

une in a weather satellite and downlink a few pictures from space! A standard shortwave radio plus this issue's WEFAX Decoder software and WEFAX Interface board are all that your Atari needs for receiving and displaying Weather Facsimile pictures from the satellites of the U.S. and other nations, as well as facsimile photos from newswire services.

This Weather Facsimile system is the most ambitious project ever published by **Antic**. It required more than six months of intensive research, programming and hardware development. But the result is the most versatile and friendliest weather satellite software available for the Atari 8-bit and ST computers.

The reason this project turned out to be so demanding is that its success depends on many factors—including software, hardware and the forces of nature. Especially important are what type of radio and antenna you use, and the area you live in.

You need a shortwave radio capable of receiving SSB (single sideband) signals. Inexpensive "all-band" portables with telescoping antennas will not suit our purposes. We developed these programs using a Radio Shack DX-302 attached to a 25-foot longwire antenna. But for good results, you should use the best receiver and outdoor shortwave antenna you can continued on next page



afford.

Also, even if you type in the program perfectly and build the interface circuit without a hitch, you could be out of luck if you live in an area with poor shortwave reception. WEFAX signals are clearest in suburban and rural areas. If you live in the center of a large city, you may have trouble receiving a clean WEFAX picture.

PROJECT ELEMENTS

Before you can use the Decoder programs, you'll have to build the WE-FAX Interface described in this issue. The interface is a simple circuit that can be built for under \$20.

Listing 1, WEFAX.BAS, is a BASIC program which creates the WE-FAX.EXE machine language program for Atari 8-bit computers. Antic Disk subscribers will find a copy of WE-FAX.EXE on the monthly disk. Copy WEFAX.EXE to another disk and rename it AUTORUN.SYS, then follow the instructions in the accompanying articles.

Listings 2 and 3, FAX.M65 and FAXA.M65, contain the MAC/65 source code for WEFAX.EXE. You do *not* need to type in these listings to use the WEFAX program.

Listing 4, WESIM.BAS, is a BASIC program that simulates a WEFAX signal. If you've never heard a WEFAX signal, this program will create one for you. Listing 5, WETST.BAS, is a BASIC program that helps you test your WE-FAX Interface circuit. The ST version of WEFAX Decoder is WEFAX.TOS and you'll find the article explaining it in this issue's ST Resource section.

THANK YOU!

Finally, **Antic** would like to thank all the people who helped us with this project, including: Dr. Ralph Taggart, Antic technical staffers (from left) Bill Marquardt, Charles Jackson and Patrick Bass discuss methods of adapting the 8-bit WEFAX program to the 520 ST.

Dr. Marty Goodman, CompuServe Vice-President Sandy Trevor, Gary Sargent (creator of the first WEFAX program for the Atari), Michael Schuster, Vic Moore, Jim Grubs, Chris Elmquist and Wayne Day. Special thanks to the staff of the San Francisco Area Office of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration.

S U G G E S T E D R E A D I N G

If you want to learn more about Weather Satellite transmissions, here are some of the best sources to get you started:

The New Weather Satellite Handbook, by Dr. Ralph Taggart. This is the definitive text on WEFAX. Formerly out of print, an updated edition of this popular book is available from the author for \$12.50. Add \$2 for orders outside the U.S. Write: Dr. Ralph Taggart, 602 S. Jefferson, Mason, MI, 48854.

Hidden Signals, Second Edition, by Thomas Harrington and Bob Cooper Jr. Although its discussion of weather satellites is rather brief, this book is packed with information about satellite television, AP-UPI satellite relays, stereo downlinks, teletext and videotext services. If you want to learn more about communications satellites, this book belongs on your shelf. \$19.95, Universal Electronics, Inc., 4555 Groves Road, Suite 13, Columbus, OH, 43232. (614) 866-4605.

The Shortwave Facsimile Frequency Guide, \$14.95. Universal Electronics Inc., 4555 Groves Road, Suite 13, Columbus, OH 43232.

Weather Fax Guide. Informative free catalog from Atlantic Surplus Sales, 3730 Nautilus Avenue, Brooklyn, NY, 11224. (718) 372-0349.

Weather Satellite Fact Sheet. Free leaflet from Radio Nederlands, P.O. Box 222, Hilversum, The Netherlands.

Operating a Weather Satellite Ground Station. Free from NASA Educational Programs Office, Code 202, Goddard Space Flight Center, Greenbelt, MD 20771.

If you're a CompuServe subscriber, you can also find WEFAX information in the HAM radio SIG (type GO HAMNET) and in the Radio Shack Color Computer SIG (type GO COCO).



WEATHER FACSIMILE WORLDWIDE

From satellites to ships at sea

by CHARLES JACKSON, Antic Technical Editor



Satellite photos of Earth from GOES-6. The left and right images were made with standard optical cameras, and the center picture comes from an infrared camera. Infrared (IR) cameras detect heat, rather than light, and can be used at night when there is not enough light for optical cameras to function. In an IR photograph, cold objects are white and warmer objects are displayed in darker colors.

EFAX (pronounced WEEfax) is short for Weather Facsimile and refers to a method of transmitting photographs and weather satellite maps via radio and telephone lines. WEFAX is a joint project of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) and the National Environmental Satellite, Data and Information Service (NESDIS).

One important use of WEFAX is to receive facsimile weather maps from satellites, add additional information such as drawing a map of the globe over them, and relay them to ships at sea. Shipping and fishing industries throughout the world rely on satellite weather data every day.

Meteorologists use weather satellite data to measure ozone, water vapor and pollution levels; to plot storms, jet streams and fronts; and to monitor fog, snow and ice cover. Weather satellite photos have also been used to monitor river levels and to detect forest fires. For example, the National Weather Service in Redwood City, California, used photographs from the GOES-6 satellite to help emergency workers locate many of the larger wildfires at Big Sur, California, on June 11, 1985.

WEFAX data is collected and transmitted 24 hours a day by more than 1,000 manned and unmanned weather stations. The first weather satellite, TIROS I, (Television and Infrared Observation Satellite) was launched April 1, 1960, and placed into an orbit 600 miles above the earth. Meteorologists used the TIROS photographs to monitor cloud cover and forecast the weather.

By 1966, NASA had launched ten TIROS satellites, which began photographing the entire earth daily, a project which continues to this day.

Most modern weather satellites are equipped with sensitive cameras

which cover several wavelengths in the visible light and infrared (IR) spectrum. These cameras can detect objects as small as 1,000 yards across.

THE WEFAX CYCLE

Approximately one-third of the WE-FAX pictures intended for the United States come from one of the polar orbiting NOAA satellites. The remainder come from a Geostationary Operational Environmental Satellite (GOES).

A satellite picture usually makes several stops on its way from earth orbit to a ship at sea. Basically, the satellite broadcasts an image to a "master" ground station. This station cleans up the image and relays it to satellite field service stations throughout the country. These "secondary" stations relay the images and weather maps to ships at sea, or to your Atari.

Let's follow a satellite image from earth orbit to your Atari.

continued on next page

1. The satellites form a highresolution full-disk image of the earth. These images are usually optical photographs (*Figure 1*), or infrared photographs (*Figure 2*).

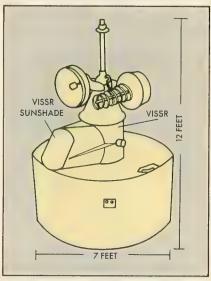
2. The satellite transmits the image to a ground station in Wallops Island, Virginia. The image is transmitted on an S-band (microwave) frequency, usually 1691.0 mHz. Satellite pictures are normally transmitted every 30 minutes.

The Wallops Island facility is known as a Command and Data Acquisition station, or CDA. A CDA can receive data from a satellite and transmit instructions to control and position it.

The CDA transmits this data (via telephone lines) to the Central Data Distribution Facilities (CDDF) in the World Weather Building located in Suitland, Maryland.

3. At the CDDF, an image processing computer magnifies the full-disk picture, enhances it, draws a map over it, divides it into four quarter-disk pictures (*Figure 3*) and sends it back to the CDA at Wallops Island. The CDA transmits the processed ("massaged") satellite picture back to a GOES satellite on a similar S-band frequency of 2032 mHz.

4. The GOES satellite, now acting like a communications satellite, relays the picture to several Satellite Field Service Stations, such as WSFO in Redwood City which broadcasts over



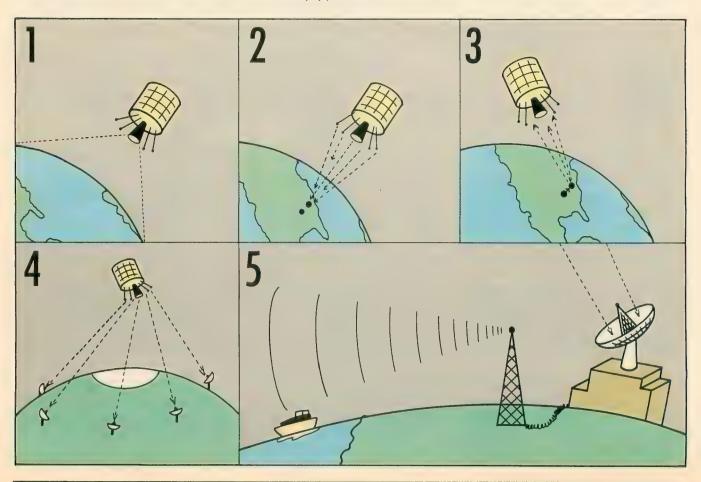
A VAS-equipped GOES satellite.

the NMC transmitter at nearby Point Reyes.

5. The Field Service Stations receive the satellite transmissions, record them on a high-quality tape and print the associated images on a facsimile machine. Meteorologists at the Field Service Station use these images to plot weather maps and make their forecasts. Finally, the Field Service Station transmits these images (satellite photos as well as weather maps) to ships at sea and other users (like us). These images are transmitted via the shortwave radio bands.

The National Meteorological Center in Washington, D.C. also transmits weather maps and charts in this fashion.

More than 1,000 WEFAX stations are located in 80 countries throughout the world. Foreign stations often use GOES information, or they may relay pictures from their own geostationary weather satellites. Japan, for example, operates the GMS satellite at 140 degrees longitude. This satellite covers the western Pacific. The Soviet



GOMS satellite monitors the Indian Ocean (The USSR also uses a polar orbiting satellite, called METEOR). You could try receiving the European Space Agency's Meteosat broadcasts. Meteosat, located at 0 degrees longitude, covers the eastern Atlantic ocean.

The Field Service Station transmitters in the United States include:

| NMC | Point Reyes, California |
|-----|-------------------------|
| NAM | Norfolk, Virginia |
| KVM | Honolulu, Hawaii |
| NPM | Pearl Harbor, Hawaii |
| NOJ | Kodiak, Alaska |
| WWD | La Jolla, California |
| NFM | Boston, Massachusetts |

FINDING A WEFAX SIGNAL

Tune to one of the frequencies given below with a good shortwave receiver capable of receiving SSB (single sideband).

If you've never heard the chirping of a WEFAX signal, Listing 4, a WE-FAX simulator, will help you identify them. Type in Listing 4, WESIM.BAS, check it with TYPO II and SAVE a copy to disk before you RUN it. When RUN, the program generates a simulated WEFAX signal. Keep this sound in mind when hunting for *real* WE-FAX signals in the shortwave bands. WESIM.BAS also identifies the different parts of a WEFAX signal, such as the "start tone," the "phasing pulses" and the parts which contain picture information.

If you live in the Western United States, try to receive U.S. Coast Guard Station NMC, in Point Reyes, Ca. NMC broadcasts on these frequencies (kHz.): 4346.0, 8682.0, 12730.0, and 17151.2 at the following times (GMT): 0100, 0300, 0500, 1500, 1715, 2000 and 2330.

NPM, in Pearl Harbor, Hawaii, (which **Antic** nicknamed 'old reliable') transmits WEFAX 24 hours a day on 14.879 mHz. Like most WEFAX broadcasts, it is easiest to receive in the evenings.

Those living in the eastern United States should look for NAM, the U.S. Naval Communications Station in Norfolk, Virginia, or CFH, located in Halifax, Nova Scotia.



Dish antenna on the roof of San Francisco's National Weather Service office. **Antic** staffers (from left) Charles Jackson, Gigi Bission and Patrick Bass.

NAM Schedule

| Time |
|-----------|
| (GMT) |
| 2000-1400 |
| 24 hrs. |
| 24 hrs. |
| 24 hrs. |
| 1400-2000 |
| 1200-2400 |
| |

You can also use Antic's WEFAX Decoder program to receive "wirephotos" from news agencies such as the Associated Press. Press photos can be found on many shortwave frequencies. These photos are transmitted at 60 lines per minute. We should point out that if you receive a "nonbroadcast-class" signal (such as private communications), the Federal Communications Act states that you may not "divulge to any other party that such a transmission exists, or the content of the transmission 'intercepted." This rule does not apply to the WE-FAX signals described in the article, but it does cover other satellite transmissions you might receive with the our WEFAX Decoder program. These protected transmissions include (but are not limited to) all communications in the 3.7-4.2 gHz. band.

For a complete listing of WEFAX and news photo stations, refer to the *Shortwave Facsimile Frequency Guide*, by Joop Balneger and Michiel Schaay. It is available for \$14.95 from Universal Electronics, Inc., 4555 Groves Road, Suite 13, Columbus, OH 43232. (614) 886-4605.

NAFAX

If you don't own a shortwave radio, it's possible (but not inexpensive) to receive WEFAX transmissions over the telephone. The National Facsimile Circuit (NAFAX) lets you tie into the National Weather Service (NWS) circuit, which broadcasts WEFAX satellite photos and weather maps 24 hours a day at 120 lines per minute.

Access to the NWS circuit is free, but you have to pay AT&T Longlines for the "Receive-Only Extension" of the NAFAX circuit. (You'll also need a FAX permit from the NWS.) The installation fee for a NAFAX extension is approximately \$222. Monthly rates begin at \$36.80. For more information, contact AT&T at (800) 222-0400, ext. 3557.

FACSIMILE

Facsimile machines were developed to transmit documents and black-andwhite photographs over radio and telephone lines. The satellite weather maps you see on TV are transmitted this way, as are the "wirephotos" you see in newspapers and magazines.

Facsimile technology is a product of the 1930s. The earliest facsimile machines were hand-cranked and used spinning metal drums and brass gears. Later models featured electric motors.

Although most modern weather satellite stations use high resolution digital laser facsimile computers to produce their maps and photos, mechanical facsimile recorders are still the machines of choice among WEFAX enthusiasts. Mechanical facsimile machines are relatively inexpensive (starting at under \$100) and can easily exchange pictures with state-of-the-art computerized facsimile machines.

Although these two types of machines are separated by more than 50 years of technical advances, the principles behind them are the same. In fact, most WEFAX programs for microcomputers, such as the procontinued on next page grams in this issue, are modeled after mechanical facsimile equipment.

The heart of a mechanical facsimile transmitter is a rapidly spinning drum. The photo to be sent is wrapped around this drum, much like a label is wrapped around a coffee can. A standard drum measures 152 mm in diameter (about 6 inches) and is at least 660 mm long (about 26 inches).

The drum normally spins at 120 RPM, although speeds of 60 and 180 RPM are also used. Since one revolution is equal to one scan line, drum speeds are usually reported as lines per minute (LPM). As the drum spins, a small arm creeps alongside it, moving about one inch with every 96 revolutions. The arm carries a small light and a photocell. The photocell scans each line of the image, one dot gins of the image. This is where the photo is attached to the spinning drum. Since WEFAX transmissions have no timing signals (such as the horizontal sync signals used in TV broadcasts), the dead sector is commonly used to align an incoming picture.

Generally, a WEFAX signal sounds very much like cricket chirping at two chirps per second. Each "chirp" corresponds to a single horizontal scan line of the image.

A standard WEFAX image is composed of 800 of these lines, stacked one on top of the other. Since each scan line is transmitted as a halfsecond analog signal (at 120 LPM), it can be divided into as many pixels as you please. Of course, a scan line divided into 800 individual pixels will



at a time, and generates a small electric current for each dot. The current is proportional to the darkness of the dot. The transmitter broadcasts this varying current as a varying tone.

Darker dots produce lower-pitched tones, while lighter-colored dots yield higher-pitched tones. If we played a musical scale into our WEFAX machine, for example, we'd see a gray scale ranging from black to white. The scale would have to be played very quickly, though. A drum speed of 120 LPM means that WEFAX images are being transmitted at two lines per second. A facsimile receiver running at the same speed can intercept these signals and reverse the process to generate a copy of the image.

In practice, WEFAX tones range from 1500 Hz. (black dots) to 2300 Hz. (white dots). WEFAX images also contain a short "dead sector" which corresponds to the left and right marAs each WEFAX image is transmitted, it is reproduced on high speed plotters at the weather service office.

have a much finer resolution than one which is divided into eight.

GOES SATELLITES

British writer and scientist Arthur C. Clarke first proposed the concept of geosynchronous satellites in a 1945 edition of "Wireless World." Such satellites, he speculated, could be used to relay messages from one side of the globe to the other. Since that time, the ring in which geosynchronous satellites *must* be placed has been named the Clarke Zone. To date, more than 150 geosynchronous satellites have been placed in this zone.

WEFAX pictures come from the polar orbiting NOAA satellites or from a Geostationary Operational Environmental Satellite (GOES). GOES satellites, positioned over the earth's equator at an altitude of approximately 22,300 miles, orbit the earth once every 24 hours. GOES satellites remain in synchronous orbits around the earth. In other words, geosynchronous satellites don't rise or set. Day-and night, they remain in the same position, relative to the earth. Thus, ground stations only have to aim their antennas once.

Left to their own devices, GOES satellites will stay frozen in their assigned positions in the sky, apparently "hovering" over whatever line of longitude they were assigned. These satellites may be easily moved, however, to suit the needs of scientists and meteorologists. A ground station may move a GOES satellite by temporarily altering its altitude; a GOES satellite brought closer to the earth will appear to drift east, while one moved away from the earth will drift west. Once repositioned, the ground station returns the satellite to its original altitude.

The newer GOES satellites are shaped like large cylinders. Built by the Hughes Aircraft Company, each measures 7 feet in diameter, nearly 12 feet in length, weighs 1,382 pounds and costs more than \$57.5 million. They are powered by external solar cells which provide up to 320 watts of electric power.

Although six GOES satellites were launched, only one remains operational. Previously, the United States was monitored by two GOES satellites. GOES-5, launched in May 1981, monitored the eastern half of the country. GOES-6, launched in April, 1983, observed the western half.

GOES-5 failed in July, 1984. Since that time, NOAA has moved GOES-6 to 108 degrees W. longitude to monitor the entire country. During hurricane seasons, however, GOES-6 is moved to 98 degrees W. longitude to provide increased coverage of the Caribbean regions.

GOES-7, which would have replaced GOES-5, was launched from Cape Canaveral on May 3, 1986. Moments after launching, though, the Delta booster rocket failed, and the spacecraft had to be destroyed. Spokesmen for the Kennedy Space Center said that no further GOES launches are presently scheduled.

GOES INSTRUMENTATION

The primary instrument aboard the early GOES satellites was a Visible and Infrared Spin-Scan Radiometer (VISSR), which is akin to a facsimile machine's spinning drum and photocell.

VISSR can transmit either visible or infrared images of the earth. With this technology, GOES satellites could supply weather photos both in daylight and at night, 24 hours a day, at a rate of one picture every 30 minutes.

Between 1980 and 1983, a more advanced series of GOES satellites was launched. GOES-4 through GOES-6 were each equipped with a 16-inch (40-cm) telescope capable of optical and infrared viewing, as well as a VISSR-based Atmospheric Sounder with both types of images have nearly twice as much information with which to make a forecast.

SIGNAL RELAYS

Although it's possible to receive images directly from the satellite, the process is often too costly and too inconvenient for most WEFAX users.

Weather satellites usually transmit images on S-band microwave frequencies (about 1691 mHz.). Although such frequencies experience little interference and are excellent for satellite-to-ground communications, they are not very practical either for earth stations to use when broadcasting to ships, or for other WEFAX users. For one thing, at the time most of today's ships were built, the necessary microwave receivers were too



(VAS). Atmospheric sounders were first used on the Nimbus weather satellites to measure the air's temperature and moisture content at various altitudes.

Satellites with VAS can transmit an interlaced signal which contains both visible and infrared images of the earth. Even-numbered "chirps," for example, contain the optical image, while odd-numbered "chirps" carry the infrared image. This is called "simultaneous imaging." In other words, a VAS aimed at one section of the earth will simultaneously create two different types of pictures (infrared and optical) at the same time (See *Figures 1 and 2*).

VAS operates 24 hours a day, observing clouds, cloud heights, vertical temperature distributions and wind patterns. As infrared and optical images highlight different aspects of the earth, meteorologists armed NOAA technicians Bill Pettyplace (I.) and Bob Levno check the quality of the weather charts transmitted that morning.

large, too expensive and too difficult to maintain. But this situation is being reversed with the advent of satellite TV.

However, signals transmitted over VHF and microwave frequencies may only travel as far as the eye can see. "Line-of-sight" transmission poses little problem to the satellite-based transmitter—its line-of-sight spans nearly half the globe. Earth-based stations, on the other hand, are not as fortunate. A ship would have to be in sight of a transmitter in order to receive a picture from it.

This is why the final WEFAX signal is broadcast in the shortwave bands. Shortwave frequencies, though slightly noisier, have a much greater range. Many shortwave radio enthusiasts commonly receive signals from the other side of the world.

Shortwave radios are also less expensive than their S-band counterparts. Although S-band satellite receivers are quite expensive and usually require special parabolic dish antennas, shortwave receivers are relatively inexpensive. All you need is a shortwave receiver capable of receiving SSB (Single Sideband)—the kind most amateur radio operators use and an appropriate interface to decode the WEFAX signals. A suitable second-hand receiver can be purchased for as little as \$75-\$100.

FIRST-HAND SIGNALS

Although shortwave WEFAX stations use many formats, protocols and frequencies to relay WEFAX pictures, geostationary satellites adhere to a single format. All geostationary meteorological satellites use a common downlink frequency of 1691.0 mHz. The format of WEFAX data is identical for all satellites. Many WEFAX enthusiasts take advantage of this standard to receive images first hand.

Ambitious readers handy with a soldering iron may want to try receiving pictures **directly** from space! "An S-Band Receiving System for Weather Satellites" (*QST Magazine*, August 1980, pp.28-33), gives instructions for downconverting the 1691.0 mHz. downlink signal to a 20.6 mHz. signal, which can be received by standard shortwave radios.

You could also try receiving WE-FAX from some of the polar orbiting satellites. These satellites are in sunsynchronous orbits at altitudes ranging from 435 to 1055 miles above the earth and have orbital periods between 98 and 120 minutes. A "sunsynchronous" orbit refers to the circle traced by the orbiting satellite. To an observer standing on the sun, this circle would look like a stationary ring around the earth. To an observer on the earth, a sun-synchronous satellite would pass overhead at about the same times every day.

The NOAA polar orbiters transmit satellite pictures on 137.5 and 137.62 mHz. The Soviet METEOR satellites transmit pictures on 137.3 and 137.15 mHz.

Antic would be eager to hear from readers having success with such projects.

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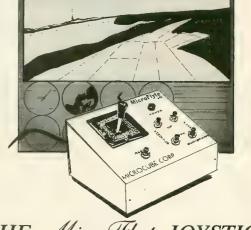


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REVIEWED BY CHRIS MANY MANY MANY MANY

Since the first days of Atari, there have been music programs. I spent hours hunched over a membrane keyboard and using the original Atari Music Composer cartridge, entering the computer equivalent of music notation into my old Atari 400. While I got a kick out of playing duets with my computer, I found it tedious typing in every note from my computer keyboard. I wish that I'd had Activision's **Music Studio** then. For both novices and experienced musicians, Music Studio is an easy-to-use music composer that will have you playing songs on your Atari within minutes.

Separate versions of Music Studio have been released for 8-bit Ataris (\$34.95) and for the ST (\$49.95). The 8bit version uses a joystick instead of a mouse, and the ST graphics are far superior. But the most significant difference is that the 8-bit version has no MIDI option. This is unfortunate, because the software could easily have been made compatible with Hybrid Arts' MIDITRACK hardware interface for 8-bit Atari computers.

Music Studio consists of five screens from which to compose, edit and playback music. Entering music is very easy: select the type of note you want to enter with the joystick, and place that note on the staff by pressing the button. You can enter a lot of music quickly this way, and you hear each note as you move around the staff. Entering other music notations such as sharps, flats, rests, time and key signatures, etc. is done the same way.

You can even have lyrics to your songs. Up to three lines (or verses) can be added to scroll right along with your musical score. Is the key or range too high or too low? No problem. Music Studio transposes the entire song to a new key. Other features include inserting, copying and moving blocks of music—much like working with word processors.

Since not everyone can read standard musical notation, Music Studio has a fun option which allows you to write music in a graphic representation called the Music Paintbox. You "paint" your song on the screen using different colors. The duration of your notes is indicated by the length of the color bars you use—the longer the bar, the longer the note and vice versa. Then Music Paintbox converts your musical "picture" to notes. Kids just love playing around with these colorful patterns.

CHOOSE SOUNDS

You have a choice of 15 instruments, ranging from flute



to bass to snare drum, and though you might be hard pressed to hear the difference between the Atari harmonica and saxophone, you still have plenty of distinct sounds to chose from. There are other options which expand the musical playback beyond the sounds provided with Music Studio. One is called the Design Instrument screen, with which you can graphically manipulate the Atari voices.

Although many factors go into creating a given sound, some of the basic components can be edited easily. Using a graph onscreen with the vertical axis representing the volume of a tone and the horizontal axis showing the duration, four key parameters can be changed through the use of control sliders. These parameters affect the sound dramatically. By experimenting with the Attack, Decay, Sustain or Release of a tone you can change a fuzz guitar into a bell-like piano or a mellow flute. You are dealing with the internal voices of the Atari, so don't expect to create a complex harmonic sound like a Steinway grand piano. But it's relatively easy to create something new and different. Other features on this screen include selecting the range for the instrument, naming, copying and saving sound files.



ST MIDI

I've saved the best for last. The Atari ST has two MIDI ports. You can enter the world of MIDI through Music Studio's MIDI Parameters screen.

MIDI (Musical Instrument Digital Interface) allows synthesizers to communicate among themselves, or a computer to communicate with synthesizers. For example, if you had two keyboards MIDI'd together, playing a note on keyboard 1 would trigger the same note on keyboard 2. This way, you can chain many synthesizers together and create thick sounds by playing one keyboard.

Additionally, MIDI has 16 separate channels. Much like a telephone cable which carries hundreds of phone calls at once, MIDI can carry separate musical information to synthesizers tuned into specific channels.

You will need a synthesizer with MIDI capabilities to use this feature, but there are many available at reasonable prices, such as Casio's CZ-101. By hooking up your synthesizer to your ST, you can play your Music Studio songs through these powerful musical instruments.

Music Studio comes somewhat configured to work with

the CZ-101 and provides sound modifications for this specific synthesizer. You can enter notes directly from your music keyboard into Music Studio, which makes life much easier for musicians. But you'll still need to change the note duration manually. MIDI channels (1-16) can be assigned to each instrument, so that if you have a multiple synthesizer setup, or a synthesizer that plays more than one sound simultaneously, you can have different instruments playing separate lines.

Although this program is not really geared toward the professional musician, it is a fine addition to the growing list of Atari music programs for home use. It's easy to use, and its variety of options makes it one of the better home music programs available.

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BUILD THE WEFAX INTERFACE

by BILL MARQUARDT, Antic Technical Assistant

Here are the instructions for building the WEFAX hardware interface. This simple circuit will work with both the 8-bit and ST versions of the WEFAX program. Intermediate electronics tinkerers should be able to build the \$20 project in a day with parts from a local electronics store or Radio Shack.

Before your Atari can receive WEFAX signals, you must build the WEFAX interface, a simple circuit which lets your radio "talk" to your Atari. You'll need only basic soldering skills and the ability to work from a circuit diagram to build this project. Experience with shortwave or amateur radio would also help. If you're lost, ask around at the next users group meeting. Someone there is likely to have the necessary skills and share your interest.

Antic spent several months experimenting with different circuits and testing various software designs for our WEFAX project. Keeping low cost, versatility, reliability and ease of use in mind, we chose the accompanying circuit (*Figure 1*) as best. It is a variation of the linear FM detec-

Figure 1

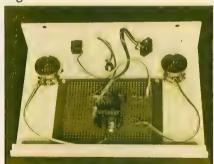


Figure 2



Antic's WEFAX interface. On the right is the finished interface. On the left, the inside of the interface, showing construction details.

tor found in *Semiconductor Reference Guide*, published by Radio Shack.

Although this circuit is designed for the 8-bit version of the WEFAX program, you can build a simple cable (*Figure 2*) and use it with the ST WE-FAX program. This project is relatively simple and should cause the average experimenter no problems. Power for, the circuit comes from the 5-volt pin of joystick port 2. This decreases the possibility of faulty construction damaging your computer. As with any hardware project, careful construction techniques will greatly improve your chances of success.

The heart of this circuit is a XR 2211 FSK Demodulator/Tone Decoder chip. It's somewhat expensive, but it considerably reduces the number of other components you'll need which in turn reduces the overall cost of the project. Currently, Radio Shack sells this chip for about \$6.

HANDLING THE CHIP

Make sure you use a compatible socket for the XR 2211 — and don't insert the chip until the socket has been soldered in place! If you're a beginner, the socket eliminates the chance of the chip overheating while you're soldering. If you're an advanced "hardware hacker," the socket will let you remove the XR 2211 chip for use in other projects.

Although a standard DB-9 (joystick) connector fits comfortably into the front of an Atari 400 or 800, commercial DB-9s may require some sort of an extender to reach the recessed joystick ports on the XL and XE models. In this case, you must bend back the DB-9's metal tabs before it will fit. Or if you own the PaperClip word processor from Batteries Included, you can use the black extender from the program's "key."

Unfortunately, you cannot use the plug from an old Atari joystick because there is no connection to the 5-volt pin (pin 7). If you use a plastic hood with your DB-9 connector, it may need trimming.

TESTING THE CIRCUIT

Once you've constructed the interface, you can test it with Listing 5, WETST.BAS. Type in this listing, check it with TYPO II and SAVE a copy to disk before you RUN it. This BASIC program generates a wavering tone which we'll use to test our circuit. Make a 2-3 minute tape recording of this tone on a *good* tape recorder—preferably one which plugs into an AC outlet. Battery-powered tape recorders yield unreliable results.

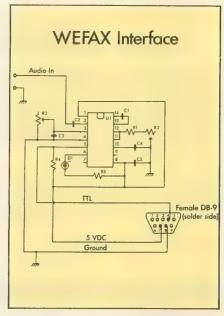
Once you've made this test tape, stop the WETST program and run the main WEFAX Decoder program. Now, we'll use our test tape instead of a WEFAX signal. Plug your WEFAX This is the Atari ST adapter cable needed when using the WEFAX interface with any Atari ST computer. You don't need this for the 8-bit computer.

interface into joystick port 2, and connect the audio output of your tape player to the input port of the interface. If you've built the circuit correctly, the test tape will produce a *striped pattern* on your WEFAX screen.

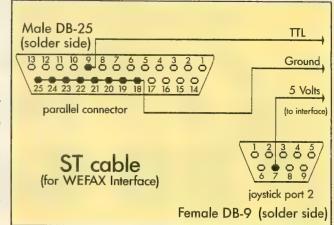
SHIELDING

Although we've had little trouble with our open-air prototype, you can mount your finished circuit board inside a metal box to shield it from interference. If you still have interference problems, use shielded cables.

The audio jack on your radio receiver should also be volumecontrolled, or else you might need to add an attenuating potentiometer of 5K or 10K Ohms on the audio input



Wiring diagram for Antic's WEFAX interface. This circuit works with either the Atari 8-bit or Atari ST computers.



to the circuit board. The circuit board itself can be of any of the various perfboards at Radio Shack or other stores.

The timing for the XR 2211 is provided by the combination of resistor R1 with potentiometer R2 and capacitor C1. Adjusting R2 varies the center frequency of the chip's internal oscillator. The values of these components were chosen to give us a frequency within the range of our WEFAX information. The formula is: $f^{0} = 1/CR$

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| C3 | .022 uF | 272-1066 | .69 | | |
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| R1 | 4.7K Ohms | 271-030 | .19 | | |
| R2,R3 | 50K Ohms | 271-1716 | 1.09 | | |
| | Pot | | | | |
| R4 | 56K Ohms | 271-043 | .19 | | |
| R5 | 150 Ohms | 271-013 | .19 | | |
| Diodes | | | | | |
| D1 | LED | 276-068 | 1.59 | | |
| (or equivalent) | | | | | |
| Integrated Circuits | | | | | |
| U1 | XR 2211 | 276-2337 | 5.99 | | |
| Miscellaneous | | | | | |
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| female | connector | | | | |
| Perfboa | ırd | 276-158 | 1.95 | | |
| Socket, | | 276-1999 | .89 | | |
| 14 pin DIP | | | | | |

You will also need cables and connectors to connect the interface to your computer and radio. Types will vary according to your specific setup.

Listing on page 81

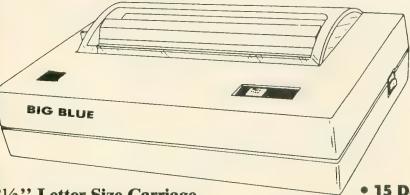


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Lesson 6: Subroutines

by DAVID PLOTKIN, Antic Contributing Editor

This series, which started in the March, 1986 issue, teaches beginners how to program in BASIC on all Atari 8-bit computers such as the 800XL and 130XE. Antic Contributing Editor David Plotkin is a chemical engineer.

Up to this point, all our programming examples have RUN in the order shown by their line numbers. Line number 10 will execute before line number 20, and so on. When you use the LIST command to put the program on the screen, the order in which the lines are displayed is also the order in which the program will execute.

Sometimes, however, it is advantageous to "skip around" a program, executing statements in a different order than the line numbers specify. For example, you might need to execute different groups of statements based on a condition in the program. This is often tested for by an IF/THEN statement.

Skipping around is also useful when you need to execute the same set of statements many times from different parts of the main program because these statements do something particularly useful.

The technical name for "skipping around" in a program is **branching**. Two commands enable you to branch from one section of a program to another: the GOTO command and the GOSUB/RETURN command. The GOTO command will be discussed next month.

GOSUB/RETURN

When you need to execute the same task many times from different places in your program, you have two choices. The first is to put the section of BASIC lines that performs the task everywhere you need it. The alternative is to use a subroutine. A subroutine is a module (part) of a BASIC program that can be accessed from anywhere in the program.

Before branching to your subroutine, your Atari makes a note of its current place in your program. Once the subroutine is complete, your Atari refers back to this note and returns to the proper place in your program. This process is like marking your place with a bookmark before flipping ahead to read another chapter. Every time your program processes a GOSUB, it adds another entry into its list of "bookmarks." Every time your program processes a RETURN, it jumps back to the corresponding GOSUB statement and removes it from its list.

Subroutines are extremely useful, and calling and defining subroutines is quite easy. To call a subroutine, you use the format GOSUB line number. Thus, to call a subroutine beginning at line 100, you would type GOSUB 100. The subroutine itself can be anywhere in the program. But it must end with a RETURN statement. This causes the program to branch back to the next statement after the GOSUB.

This is shown in the following short example of the use of subroutines to compute the square and square root of a number:

```
10 DIM ANSWR$(1)
20 PRINT "WHAT NUMBER ":INPUT A:
605UB 100
30 PRINT "THE SQUARE OF THE NUMB
ER IS ";X
40 GOSUB 200:PRINT "SQUARE ROOT
OF THE NUMBER IS ";Y
50 A=Y GOSUB 200:PRINT "FOURTH R
00T OF THE NUMBER IS ";Y
60 PRINT "ANOTHER NUMBER (Y OR N
)":INPUT ANSWR$
70 IF ANSWR$="Y" THEN GOSUB 20
90 END
100 X=A*A:REM SQUARE SUBROUTINE
110 RETURN
200 Y=SQR(A):REM SQUARE ROOT SUB
ROUTINE
210 RETURN
```

Note that when you GOSUB 100 in line 20, the RETURN at line 110 branches back to the next statement after the GOSUB, which is the first statement in line 30. When you GOSUB 200 in line 40, the RETURN at line 210 branches back to the next statement after the GOSUB—which is still on line 40. The program remembers the location of the GOSUB statement that called the subroutine.

Subroutines are usually grouped at the end of the program's main body. Normally this makes the program easier to read and use. However, sometimes you don't want to place subroutines at the end of the program. In the example above, the END statement at line 90 is also important. It separates the main program from the subroutines. If you answer N to the question at line 70, then the program will not branch back to line 20. Instead it will "fall through" to line 90 and stop. If line 90 wasn't there, the program would enter the subroutine at line 100. An error would occur when the **RETURN at line 120 is encountered**, since the program doesn't know where to RETURN to.

ON GOSUB

A powerful variation of GOSUB is the ON GOSUB command. This command branches to one of the line numbers, in a list of line numbers, based on the value of a variable or expression:

10 ON A GOSUB 100,200,300, 400,100,100

The variable A must evaluate to an integer. The statement above will GOSUB line 100 if A=1, line 200 if A=2, line 300 if A=3, and so on. The portion of the statement between ON and GOSUB may be a simple variable (such as an A) or it may be a complex expression such as INT(A*2).

The list of line numbers following GOSUB should have as many elements as there are possible values of the variable or expression. Note that the same line number can be used several times if you want the program to GOSUB the same place for several different values of the variable or expression.

If the variable or expression has a value exceeding the number of line numbers listed, the ON GOSUB statement will be ignored. And even if the variable or expression will never have certain values within a series, you must still include line numbers for those values. For example, suppose A could be 2,4 or 6:

10 ON A GOSUB 10,100,10,200, 10,300

This statement will branch to lines 100, 200 or 300 based on A having

the values of 2, 4, or 6. But notice that numerical "place holders" for A equal to 1, 3 or 5 must still be used, even though you will never execute those branches. Here I have used 10 as a "dummy" line number—the line number of the ON GOSUB statement itself works just fine. If A ever equals 7 or more, this whole statement will be ignored.

10 GRAPHICS 0:PRINT :PRINT 20 PRINT "TYPE A NUMBER BETHEEN 5 AND 10, THEN PRESS RETURN" 30 INPUT A:IF A<5 THEN PRINT "NA UGHTY NAUGHTY!":GOSUB 20 40 ON INT(A)-4 GOSUB 100,110,120 ,130,140,150 50 PRINT "A IS GREATER THAN 10!" :GOSUB 20 100 PRINT "A=5":GOSUB 20 110 PRINT "A=6":GOSUB 20 130 PRINT "A=8":GOSUB 20 130 PRINT "A=9":GOSUB 20 140 PRINT "A=9":GOSUB 20 150 PRINT "A=10":GOSUB 20

The above demo program shows the power of the ON GOSUB command. Obviously each of the lines that the program GOSUBs to could be the beginning of a whole block of statements. A prime example of ON GOSUB would be making a choice from a menu.

RECURSION

As explained earlier, subroutines can be called from anywhere in the program. In fact, a subroutine may even call itself. This is a powerful technique known as **recursion**. Unfortunately, this technique also uses plenty of memory. Every time a subroutine calls itself, it adds another "bookmark" entry to the list of places it must return to when complete. Each bookmark represents another level of recursion. If the size of this list exceeds the memory capacity of your computer, your program will crash.

THE LISTING

Recursion can be a difficult concept to understand, so examine this month's listing carefully, especially line 1000. Line 1000 is the first line of a subroutine which GOSUBs to itself. That is, the subroutine beginning at line 1000 calls itself over and over again.

The program is very short, but it demonstrates GOSUB in quite an interesting way. It fills any closed shape with color.

Type in listing 1, NEWOWN6.BAS,

check it with TYPO II and SAVE a copy before you RUN it. When RUN, the program draws a closed shape on your screen. Press the [START] key and a small dot will begin filling in the shape. The plotting routines are in a recursive subroutine beginning at line 1000.

A line of text at the bottom of the screen tells you how many times this routine has called itself (which recursion it is working on) and whether the computer is beginning a new level of recursion, or RETURNing from a previous level.

If you plug a joystick into port one, you may draw your own shapes for filling. Move the blinking-dot cursor with the joystick while pressing the joystick button. Erase by moving the cursor without holding the button down. Then place the cursor anywhere inside the shape and press the [START] key.

TAKE-APART

Line 10 sets up the arrays and colors. Line 15 draws a border in blue around the outside of the screen. Lines 20 through 50 allow you to use your joystick to draw a shape on the screen. The PEEK(53279) statement in line 40 reads the console keys. When the [START] key is being held down, this value will be 6. The main subroutine, beginning at line 1000, won't RE-TURN to line 210 until the shape is completely filled with color. Basically, the subroutine works by using the LO-CATE command to examine a dot on the screen and filling each dot with color (if it isn't already filled).

The subroutine calls itself each time it discovers a point which hasn't been filled. It's fascinating to watch the shape being filled in on the screen. There will be long periods of time, both before and after the shape is completely filled, when nothing appears to be happening on the screen. The subroutine may have been called several hundred times, and it can take awhile for the program to execute that many RETURNs! Just be patient, and watch the text window telling you what the computer is doing.

Listing on page 85



WEFAX DECODER

How to use the program, why it works

by PATRICK BASS, Antic ST Program Editor

Before I can teach a computer how to do a job, I must learn that job myself. When I had to put together the software to take the signal from Bill Marquardt's hardware and somehow translate it into an Atari-controlled video picture, I first needed to bury myself in a mountain of information that Charlie Jackson and I had gathered in preparation for this project. There were hundreds of questions needing to be answered—questions as basic as, "What frequencies are the signals transmitted on?"

Finally, after many hours of study and mucho lines of code, this WEFAX decoder program will teach your 8-bit Atari how to display satellite weather photographs from space. (See the ST WEFAX Decoder story in this issue for details about the ST version of this program.—ANTIC ED)

USING THE PROGRAM

(NOTE: This program will not work without the WEFAX Interface hardware described in an adjoining article.)

Type in Listing 1, WEFAX.BAS, check it with TYPO II and SAVE a

copy before you RUN it. When RUN, WEFAX.BAS creates a machine language file called WEFAX.EXE and writes it to your disk. *This* is our WE-FAX Decoder program. You should copy this file to another disk and name it AUTORUN.SYS. This will be your WEFAX disk. (Antic Disk subscribers will find a copy of WE-FAX.EXE on the monthly disk.)

Insert your WEFAX disk into your drive, remove any cartridges from your computer (XL and XE owners should hold down the [OPTION] key), and turn on your computer. The WEFAX program will automatically load and run.

The screen will be mostly white with one text line at the bottom. The text line shows three system values. At the left we have the "K:" value which shows "line skip," which we'll explain later. The center value shows the width of our scrolling display screen, expressed in pixels. You may change this value by pressing the [<]key to decrement, or [>] to increment the pixel count. At the right of the text line is the number of "clock cycles" to be counted between pixel updates. You may change this value by pressing the [-] key to decrement this value, or the [+] key to increment it.

Next, plug the WEFAX interface into joystick port 2, and plug the interface's audio cable into the audio jack of your shortwave receiver. Plug a joystick into port 1. Tune to some of the frequencies mentioned in this issue's *All About WEFAX* article, and choose one that gives the strongest, steadiest signal. Adjust your radio's volume to a moderate level.

Now, set the interface's contrast control (R3, on interface diagram) to its halfway point. Slowly adjust the interface's tuning control (R2) until you see the LED flash in time with the chirp of the WEFAX signal. Start the computer scan by pressing the [R] key. Now readjust the interface's contrast control until you get the clearest possible image on the screen.

Once the image begins appearing on your screen, you'll notice a small vertical bar, (about 1/12 the width of your screen) running from the top of your picture down to the current line. This is the image's "dead sector." Ideally, this should be a perfectly vertical strip, aligned with either the left or right margin of the picture. If it's not vertical, use the [<] and [>] keys, as described below, to align the image. If the dead sector is not at one side continued on next page of your image, use the [A] key to slide it to the left.

With a little practice, you'll quickly learn to synchronize the computer to the incoming signal and produce impressive satellite maps and photos. There is enough time at the beginning of each transmission to make the adjustments needed during the phasing period, and weather transmissions occur regularly. Some WEFAX stations broadcast 24 hours a day. Once you have determined a reliable frequency in your area, it's just a matter of being there at the right time.

DECODER COMMANDS

The WEFAX Decoder program recognizes a number of one-key commands. Their functions are outlined below: FAX format with only two pictures per disk, or (Micro) uncompressed 62sector Micro-Painter format.

1—Loads in the values for one lineper-second (60 LPM) reception. This covers reception of UPI news photos and some Russian weather satellites (METEOR).

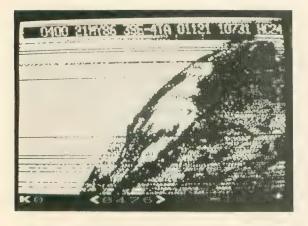
2—Inserts values for a standard two line-per-second (120 LPM) picture.

3—Inserts values for capturing two line-per-second pictures in a format only 321 pixels wide, which allows obtaining a full picture in Micro-Painter format.

P—Prints the picture in memory to any Epson compatible printer. The program has been tested on the Star S and D series, Epson and ADS-2000 printers without fail. a gray scale proportional to the WE-FAX tone transmitted. TV weathermen capture their weather satellite pictures this way. While the results are very impressive, the hardware interface between the radio receiver and the computer is complicated and expensive.

A second way is to produce a picture using only black and white. The resulting pictures aren't as sharp as the gray scale pictures, but the interface to the radio is simpler and cheaper. We used this approach in developing our WEFAX system.

The interface between the radio and the computer consists of an integrated circuit which "listens" to the incoming musical chirps. Our WEFAX system breaks each half-second chirp into nearly 500 individual tones. One



GOES Satellite image (I.) as captured with the 8-bit Wefax Program and (r.) the full image when printed. The horizontal lines are where the signal faded.

A—Adjusts the WEFAX sync mark to the left a small distance each keypress, allowing you to properly "frame" a WEFAX picture.

R—Resets a picture back to the top.

K—Cycles the line skip counter from zero through nine. This number tells the computer how many lines to skip between each line displayed when receiving a WEFAX picture.

C—Clears the screen.

I—Inverses the image currently onscreen.

L-Loads a WEFAX picture into memory.

S—Saves a picture. You are prompted to select either (Full) WE-

SIGNALS FROM SPACE

Just what is it we need to teach the computer to do? A WEFAX picture consists of 800 lines, with each line taking *exactly* one-half second for transmission. The signal is a musical note which varies smoothly from about 1500 hertz to about 2300 hertz, where 1500 hertz will produce black, 2300 hertz will produce black, 2300 hertz will produce white and different tones in between produce grays proportional to the signal note itself.

We may consider two different ways to display pictures. One way is

to reproduce a WEFAX picture using at a time, the interface examines each tone and determines if it is above or below about 1900 Hertz (Hz). If the incoming tone is below 1900 Hz, a single output line is pulled LOw. If the incoming tone is above 1900 Hz the output line is driven HIgh. The hardware operates fast enough to follow the incoming signal *exactly*.

Now, we need to teach the 8-bit Atari to receive, decode, and display each line of incoming picture information. Before we can do this, we must teach the 8-bit Atari to determine *exactly* when a half-second has elapsed.



0400 218685 35E-4TA 01121 10731 HC24N

HARDWARE TIMERS

There are many ways to do this. But for the high precision we required, the best approach was to use the Atari's hardware timers.

Suppose you were told to ring a bell once a minute while you did something else. It wouldn't make much sense to work while staring at a clock, but what if you hired someone to sit beside you and stare at the clock and tap you on the shoulder whenever a minute had passed. It turns out we can do something like that with the Atari.

Deep inside the POKEY chip there are four hardware timers. We select one of these timers and give it a starting value. Then we teach it to decrement this value once every clock values chosen? Let's do a little math. The Atari 8-bit master clock runs at 1.79 mHz., which means it takes .000000558659217 seconds for each clock "tick". That's a little bit more than one-half millionth of one second. Since we have a screen line 476 pixels wide, and we need to draw each line in one-half of a second, that means we must plot each pixel every .00105042016 seconds—a little bit more than 1/1000 seconds between pixels.

So if we divide the time between pixels (.00105042016 seconds) by the length of one clock cycle (.000000558659217 seconds), our answer (1880) should be how many clock ticks to count between pixel updates. In actual practice, however, the value needed is 1873, because the



Reproduced from cassette recording of NAM (Norfolk, VA) showing weather systems in the North Atlantic. The United States can be seen on the left and Europe is on the right. Variations in cassette speed caused the vertical lines in the picture to skew.

cycle, until the value reaches zero. At this time it will reload the starting value, interrupt the 6502, and start counting down all over again. We can have the interrupt "tap us on the shoulder" and tell the computer to run our WEFAX plotting routines.

In theory, our hardware timers let us come within one-half millionth of a second of precision for timing each half-second interval. In practice this varies somewhat, but the results are quite acceptable.

The default values for a standard two-line-per-second (120 LPM) picture are: 476 pixels wide and 1873 clocks between pixels. Why are these computer uses some clock time to respond to the interrupt itself, and to allow DMA access between ANTIC/ GTIA and the main 6502.

PROGRAM TAKE-APART

Now let's wade through the program itself and see what it does. Listing 2 is the master file for FAX.M65, which is written in 6502 assembly language as implemented by Optimized Systems Software's MAC/65. Basically this listing refers to, or "includes," two files from the MAC/65 disk, SYS-EQU.M65 and IOMAC.LIB. (These files are *not* contained on the Antic Monthly Disk.) Finally, FAX.M65 includes Listing 3, FAXA.M65, which contains the major body of code. You don't need to type in Listing 2 or Listing 3, they are here to help you understand the logic and programming techniques used.

At the top of Listing 3 we have definitions for 9 macros. ADD.W will perform signed, two-byte addition. SUB.W will perform signed, two-byte subtraction. LEA.W will Load the Effective Address (a Word) into the named pointer. MOVE.B and MOVE.W will move a byte and a word, respectively, from one part of memory to another. WRITE will transfer a string of characters to a section of display RAM (such as the screen), performing ATASCII to screen POKE code conversion along the way. MOVEM will move values from multiple memory locations between different areas.

Constant Declarations occur between lines 800 and 1400. We reserve three different sections of memory between lines 1400 and 2350, including space for the text line and the display list. Starting at line 2380, we prepare the Atari to receive WEFAX.

BUILD.LIST dynamically builds a scrolling ANTIC Mode F (Graphics 8) display list. SCROLL is the routine which keeps track of the joystick and adjusts the display list accordingly. Notice that to scroll the screen, we don't move memory, we move pointers to memory. The INITFAXMAP routine will reset system variables to start-of-picture values, allowing you to receive a new WEFAX picture.

The area between lines 3890 and 4660 is where most of the work is done. Called from the timer interrupt, this section of code plots the dots on your screen. First, the program looks at the input port, joystick port 2. The incoming bit from the interface is wired to bit 7. If the bit is clear, the computer will branch-if-plus. Otherwise, we'll continue on to the LDA #0 and .BYTE GHOST instructions.

What does .BYTE GHOST do? Refer back to the Constant Declarations. GHOST has a value of \$2C. In a book on 6502 programming, you'll find that instruction number \$2C is the continued on next page BIT ABSOLUTE instruction, which is three bytes long. Let's examine how this changes the interpretation of the source code.

| BRANCH TAKEN | | | | |
|--------------|-----|-----|-------------|--|
| A9 | 00 | D3 | LDA PORTA | |
| 10 | 03 | | BPL PLTO | |
| | | | | |
| A9 | 00 | | LDA #0 | |
| 2C | | | .BYTE GHOST | |
| PLTO | | | | |
| A9 | 01 | | LDA #1 | |
| | | | EOR INVMASK | |
| | | | | |
| | BRA | NCH | NOT TAKEN | |
| A9 | 00 | D3 | LDA PORTA | |
| 10 | 03 | | BPL PLTO | |
| | | | | |
| A9 | 00 | | LDA #0 | |
| 2C | A9 | 01 | BIT \$01A9 | |
| | | | EOR INVMASK | |
| | | | | |

From this you can see that if the branch is not taken, the BIT instruction takes the LDA #01 instruction and uses it as the address to BIT from. Since we are not at all interested in the state of memory location \$01A9, this test is meaningless to us, and we may ignore the results.

At this point, we have either a zero or a one in the accumulator. Again, we have a zero if the input bit is set, and a one if it is clear. Next, we exclusive-OR this number with INV-MASK in case we pressed the [I] key and are running in Inverse video. Then we save the status register, go to the screen, find the bit that COLMASK is working on, and turn that bit off. This is because we assume the dot will be turned off. However, when we pull the status register we check for a value greater than zero. If a such a value is present, we fall through the branch to set (turn on) the appropriate dot. The computer turns on a dot by ORing in the bit value represented by COLMASK.

Next, around line 4110 we finish plotting the dot, and are ready to plot the next one. First, we check to see if ADJCOUNT has a value greater than zero, and if it does, we decrement it. We continue this until ADJCOUNT is equal to zero. This is where we "sync" by sliding the picture to the left.

Whenever you press the [A] key, the

program places a small value into ADJ-COUNT. This value is automatically decremented, as described above, until it reaches zero. Since we decrement a value instead of selecting the next available point to plot, the dead sector will creep to the left. However, when the value in ADJCOUNT is zero, it is time to select the next available dot.

PROCESS.POINT

Since our scan sweeps from left to right, the first thing we need to do is point at the next column to the right. Then, we compare the new column number with the total number of available columns to determine if we've finished plotting the current line. If so, we branch to PRO2, otherwise we select the next column by shifting the bits in COLMASK once to the right. If COLMASK is greater than zero, we branch to the next step in the

A 400 millibar polar chart from NPM, Hawaii. The top curved line is the 80-degree latitude line, and the image extends to 40 degrees. Examine the center right portion of the image, you should be able to pick, out Alaska.

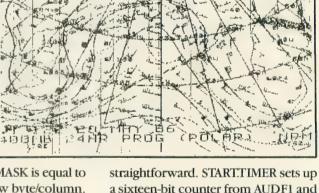
program. When COLMASK is equal to zero, it's time for a new byte/column. So we reset COLMASK to \$80 (the high bit is set), move the value from SPEEDADJ to ADJCOUNT, and then increase the pointer to the current screen byte (POINTER_C) by one.

PRO2 AND PRO3

When the current horizontal line is finished, it may be time to advance to the next lower line. First we reset COLMASK to \$80, move a byte from SPEEDADJ to ADJCOUNT, and then reset the CURRCOL counter to zero. Now, we determine if we have to skip lines onscreen. Pick up SKIPCOUNT. If it is a zero, we branch to PRO3. Otherwise, we are skipping lines onscreen, so point back to the start of the line we just drew and decrement SKIPCOUNT to count this line.

The PRO3 routine selects the next line to draw on the screen. First, we refresh the SKIPCOUNT from COL-SKIP. add 1 to the current row counter, CURRROW, and increase our STARTADR pointer (which points to the start of each line onscreen) by the number of bytes per line, BPL. Next, we refresh our working pointer, POINTER_C, from STARTADR. Next, we compare CURRROW to NUMROW to see if we have reached the total number of rows allowed. If CURRROW is less than NUMROW, we haven't finished yet, so return. Otherwise, our picture is finished, so set STATUS to PIXOVER. This tells the interrupt routine that we're finished.

The next two routines, START. TIMER and STOP.TIMER are fairly



straightforward. START.TIMER sets up a sixteen-bit counter from AUDF1 and AUDF2, sets the timer values from TIMERCOUNT, and enables the interrupts. STOP.TIMER sets STATUS to PIXOVER and disables the timer interrupt.

The following routine, PLOTDATA, is the routine which services the timer interrupt. As we enter the routine, our accumulator has already been saved on the stack, so we push the X and Y registers onto the stack and check STATUS. If STATUS is equal to either zero or PIXOVER, we branch out of this routine. However, if STATUS is not equal to PIXSTART, it must be equal to PIXDRAW, so we branch over JSR INITFAXMAP, since this routine is only performed when STATUS is equal to PIXSTART. Then we execute the GETPOINT subroutine described earlier. When we're finished, we leave the interrupt.

The next three subroutines dump the satellite picture to a dot-matrix printer. The PRINTBYTE routine just sends a single byte to the printer. The PRINTFAXMAP routine opens a channel to the printer, configures it for graphics, and then one byte at a time will PRINTALINE until all of the columns are finished.

INIT.SCREEN sets the default values for initializing and coloring the screen. We turn ANTIC off, clear the screen RAM and reset HORIZ.COUNT and VERT.COUNT to zero. Next point to the DISPLAY screen, build our display list and place it where the OS can find it. Finally, we adjust the screen colors and turn ANTIC back on.

DECIMALIZE will convert a binary value in memory locations DECIMAL and DECIMAL + 1 to a four-digit ATAS-CII number in locations DECI-MAL, +1, +2, +3. DEC.TO.ASCII is called from this routine.

Below the decimal conversions, UPDATE.STATS converts three system variables (COLSKIP, NUMCOL and TIMERCOUNT) to ATASCII and places the answers in scratch RAM. Finally, a routine in the WRITE macro will display this information on the screen, performing ATASCII to screen POKE conversions as needed.

The next routines are related: KEY-BUFF is a small buffer we use to store keystrokes. KEYTABLE is a table of all the keystroke commands the program recognizes, with LENKEYTABLE keeping track of how many entries there are. KEYJUMPTABLE is a list of subroutines to perform, listed in the *same order* as the KEYTABLE entries.

MAIN LOGIC

MAIN is the start of program logic. We first INIT.SCREEN, getting it ready to receive pictures, then we complete the job by calling UPDATE.STATS, which shows the statistics along the bottom of the screen. Next, we OPEN a channel to the keyboard and set STATUS to PIXOVER. We start the loop called MAIN1 and try to scroll around the screen, if desired.

Now, we check to see if someone has pressed a key lately. When a key is pressed, the OS deposits the key's hardware value into memory location CH (746, \$02FC). We can detect this by checking for a value other than \$FF. When one is found, we fall down to the line where we BGET a single character from the KEYBOARD and place it into KEYBUFF.

Next, we check the character against every entry in the KEYTABLE. If there is no match, the character was not recognized, and the computer loops back to MAIN1. Otherwise, the value in the X register will be equal to the number of the desired routine, as listed in KEYJUMPTABLE.

To call a routine from its KEYJUMPTABLE number, we need to double the number in the X register, permitting us to use it as an index into the table of .WORDs which make up KEYJUMPTABLE. Next, we return this number to the X register, pick up the high and low bytes of the desired address from KEYJUMPTABLE and push them onto the stack. Finally, we perform an RTS. Since we just pushed our own "return" address onto the stack, the 6502 will pull those two bytes off the stack and use them to return to. However, in this case we're returning to someplace we've never been.

SAVING AND LOADING

Our last two routines are SAVE.PIX and LOAD.PIX. SAVE.PIX will let you save either a FULL or MICRO screen. When you save a FULL picture, the entire 30K + scrolling screen is written to disk. Because of the size, you can ony fit two FULL pictures on a disk. Thus, you may only save FULL pictures named D:WEFAX.1 and D:WEFAX.2.

The MICRO option only saves the parts of the picture that are visible on the screen. It creates a 62-sector Micro-Painter compatible file called D:PICTURE.

LOAD.PIX will only load FULL pictures. The program will ask you whether you want to load picture 1 or 2. Any other choice drops you out. Listing on page 73



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ATARI PLANETARIUM

Atari Corp. 1196 Borregas Avenue Sunnyvale, CA 94086 (408) 745-2000 \$24.95, XL/XE and disk

Reviewed by Gregg Pearlman

Atari Planetarium puts the galaxy on your monitor. You can recreate past celestial events, or plot future



ones. Set it for any hour and date between 9999 B.C. and A.D. 9999, and the Planetarium will show where the heavenly bodies were or will be then. The program even accounts for the change from the Julian calendar to the Gregorian in 1582, when 10 days in October magically disappeared to accomodate the new way of reckoning.

The Planetarium plots the movement of these bodies with a time clock that can go backward or forward at up to 64 times faster than real time. If you move the cross-hair cursor off the screen, the picture scrolls in that direction. You can even make printouts, but unfortunately the cursor appears on them.

The Earth is "transparent," so that celestial objects are visible through the planet. For example, if the computer's vantage point is set at San Francisco in the late morning, you can still see the moon on the screen.

SKY is the normal display mode. MAP lets you select a location on Earth from which to view the heavens. SET selects the time and date. CHART, used chiefly for printouts, allows you to view sections of the celestial sphere without obstruction by the horizon, and with north always directed upwards for easy orientation.

Planetarium is also full of interesting options. LINES draws line diagrams between stars to help define constellations. NAMES displays threeletter abbreviations next to constellations. SYMBOLS marks planets with their respective astronomical symbols. DEEP SKY displays very distant galaxies. TRACK records the orbits of two celestial objects, such as a planet and a moon, to determine their closest approach. SOUND turns the cursor into a space shuttle, complete with noise.

The 115-page instruction booklet contains latitude and longitude tables for almost 200 locations on the Earth, lists of stars and constellations, a few future astronomical events and mathematical conversions. An example in the manual shows Halley's comet over Wollongong, New South Wales, Australia, on April 5, 1986.

If you know the date of a solar eclipse, just enter that date, plus the time and location from which it was seen, and it will be reproduced on the screen. Other events covered include planetary transits (where Mercury or Venus lines up between the Earth and the sun), planetary occultations (eclipses of a planet by another planet, or by the moon) and planetary alignments.

Planetarium, though fun, has a somewhat limited appeal. It is probably most useful for amateur astronomers. Its best feature is making printouts which will help users find heavenly bodies with telescopes.

When making printouts, the printer's dip switches must be adjusted manually to disengage the automatic line feed. And don't forget to turn the automatic line feed back on after using Planetarium. Setting the longitude and latitude of your location is tricky. On the program's world map, San Francisco's coordinates appear to be in Washington. Therefore, if your coordinates are not listed in the manual, consult an almanac. Don't guess, because you'll be way off.

However, Atari Planetarium is informative and has interesting graphics. You might learn a lot from it while you're enjoying yourself.

MICROFLYTE ATC

MicroCube Corporation PO Box 488 Leesburg, VA 22075 (703) 777-7157 Requires SubLogic Flight Simulator II \$59.95

Reviewed by Charles Jackson

SubLogic's popular **Flight Simulator II** program is the most powerful flight simulator available for 8-bit Atari computers. With a few keystrokes, you can adjust the plane's flight controls, engine controls, radio controls, even the view you see from the window.

Take control of Flight Simulator II with this analog Joystick

This is also the simulator's weakness—real airplanes are not keyboard-controlled. Proficient pilots who aren't proficient touch-typists quickly become disenchanted with using the R, Y, V, N, C, M, / and arrow keys to control the elevator and ailerons trim, flaps, throttle and rudder.

But now for the price of renting and flying a real airplane for an hour, you can purchase the **MicroFlyte** **ATC Joystick** and take control of Flight Simulator II with a minimum of keystrokes. Special throttle and flap buttons are mounted on this selfcentering *analog* joystick. A standard joystick uses internal ON/OFF switches to recognize eight directions (forward, back, left, right and combinations of these). An analog joystick uses two potentiometers (similar to volume controls) to recognize the direction as well as the magnitude of the turn. Simply put, the MicroFlyte joystick helps you "fine tune" your flying.

The joystick's shaft, a metal rod about two inches long, is mounted in a metal box about half the size of a telephone. The package includes a joystick driver program which lets Flight Simulator II use the MicroFlyte joystick instead of a standard one.

Currently, the MicroFlyte joystick will *only* work with SubLogic's Flight Simulator II program. A joystick driver for MicroProse's **F-15 Strike Eagle** will be available soon, according to MicroCube.

MicroLeague Sports Assoc. 2201 Drummond Plaza Newark, DE 19711 (302) 368-9990 (800) PLAYBAL \$39.95, 48K disk

Reviewed by Gregg Pearlman

Nothing frustrates a baseball fan more than the time between the World Series and spring training. But with **MicroLeague Baseball**, you can have a baseball fix in the dead of night or the dead of winter, and you don't even need videotapes.

MicroLeague has fine graphics and easy-to-understand rules. The players move pretty freely and do "baseball things" like throwing the ball around the horn after a strikeout or gathering at the mound when the manager comes out.

The disk has statistics, rosters and characteristics for 25 teams (mostly world champions). A solo player can go up against the "Baseball Buddha" computer manager, or two human fans can compete against each other.

I managed the 1973 Oakland A's in four games, winning twice. The most exciting game went 14 innings against the 1980 Philadelphia Phillies. The



lead changed hands three times before the A's tied it in the eighth.

After Manny Trillo and Greg Luzinski had powdered Ken Holtzman's pitching for a 3-1 Philadelphia lead, the A's outlook was dim. But Gene Tenace homered to right-center off Steve Carlton and Ray Fosse's two-run single put the A's up 4-3.

The Phils regained the lead when A's reliever Horacio Pina balked a home run and Mike Schmidt singled. Oakland scored when the usually sure-handed Trillo booted Tenace's grounder. Tenace went to third on Billy North's hit-and-run single and scored on pinch-hitter Vic Davalillo's infield out. With one out in the 14th, Tenace homered yet again to rightcenter. The A's led 6-5.

Unfortunately, in bottom of the 14th with two outs and men on first and second, the Baseball Buddha chose to let Phillie reliever Kevin Saucier hit for himself. The game was history, and the A's, I imagine, leapt all over each other in delight.

It bothered me to see such an exciting simulation sullied by such an obvious glitch. MicroLeague Baseball is not as realistic as it should be. Slow runners stole bases and the faster runners were washouts. Pitchers drew nine walks in four games, more than any other players. Pull hitters didn't pull the ball. Only the outstanding fielders made errors. Murderers' Row—those Yankee sluggers of old managed only one home run, by Tony Lazerri.

But why quibble about minor inaccuracies when you want to have fun? Without question, this is a good simulation for those who really love baseball. If you want more realism, visit the ballpark.

STAR RAIDERS II

Atari Corp. 1196 Borregas Avenue Sunnyvale, CA 94086 (408) 745-2000 \$19.95, 48K disk

Reviewed by Gregg Pearlman

Star Raiders II stacks up well against its predecessor, the classic cartridge game that was one of the best reasons for buying the early (and expensive) Atari computers. However, the two Star Raiders look entirely different and the main similarity between them is the title.

Welcome to "High Noon in Space." It's you and your trusty ship, the Liberty Star, against thousands of baddies in the struggle against the Zylon Empire. Star Raiders II will hold your attention for hours. Its excellent sound and graphics create a fascinating space-battle simulation, and every time you turn around there's another Zylon squadron to decimate.

The 12-page instruction book contains all the information you need. The Liberty Star is equipped with continued on next page Pulse Laser Cannons for the Zylon Fly Fighters, an Ion Cannon for the enemy Destroyers and Command Ships, and Surface Star Bursts (SSBs) for the Zylon attack bases in the Procyon Star System.

However, you should first clean up the local Celos IV system, and you'll initially face the Fly Fighters. After picking them off, your task is to destroy the Destroyers before their macrowaves destroy allied cities. Sometimes Zylon Command Ships pop into the area, and the best move is to fire once or twice and warp out quickly—those ships are the most



serious threat you'll face, so strike the first blow.

Once your little corner of the Universe is decontaminated, warp to the Procyon system to pillage the attack bases on the planets. Blowing up the bases prevents the Zylons from making more ships to terrorize the Celos IV system.

There are the two simple rules to follow if you want to stay alive. Don't ignore your message window, and respond promptly to the danger messages. The message window indicates the status of your ship. When it announces that your energy level is critical, warp to a starbase and fuel up. If your shields, weapons, or communications devices are damaged, go to the starbase for repairs. It's not hard to stay alive if you follow the advice of the message window, but there is a constant need for fuel and repairs, especially in the midst of battle.

Continually having to blow away the same ships can become monotonous. The Fly Fighters are indeed like flies, easy to kill and more annoying than dangerous. They often hover just outside your range of fire. But although they can run, they can't hide. You won't see Destroyers until all present Fly Fighters are eliminated.

The Destroyers are more like horseflies. They are also fairly easy to destroy—although you'll need to hit them two, three or even four times. But they can bite you if you're careless. Sometimes they obstinately refuse to be hit, and you'll have to "steer" your cannon blasts at the erratically moving ships. Unless the Destroyers have lowered their shields while macrowaving a city it is useless to fire directly at them.

As you'd imagine, it's easy to rack up points. Each Fly Fighter is worth 100, and each Destroyer 500. Squadrons usually comprise about 3,000 to 5,000 points worth of ships. So if points are all you crave, you can just ravage the squadrons and pick up 200,000 points in a couple of hours.

However, the goal of the game is to save the allied cities in your sector. Only after you've cleaned that up should you go to Procyon and destroy bases. But Procyon is no picnic because of that constant need for fuel and repairs. By the time you've warped back to a starbase in the Celos IV system to refuel, the Zylons could easily could have sent more squadrons your way, further delaying your return to Procyon.

The Zylon attack bases are difficult to destroy. It's not that they fire back, or because of the Fly Fighters. But while the planet rotates, you keep orbiting in the opposite direction. The Liberty Star can't shift into reverse or synchronize in an orbit with the planets, so there is time for only one shot at one attack base before you must move on to the next.

Star Raiders II is enjoyable and challenging enough to keep you involved for several hours. Saving planets is no day at the beach, but it's not so difficult that you won't have a chance. Just follow the rules, keep an eye on the message window and fire away.

COMPUTE YOUR ROOTS

Wasatch Genealogical Software 2899 West 7550 South West Jordan, UT 84084 (801) 483-3357 Requires BASIC \$39.95, 48K disk

Reviewed by Gregg Pearlman

No program can trace your family heritage back to your original ancestor, but **Compute Your Roots** can take genealogical information from you, store it on disk and print it neatly in standard diagram formats called pedigree charts and family group sheets.

This menu-driven package by Jerry Halls, a Utah 16-year-old, also includes a simple word processor for entering



Max Seabourd

interesting details about family members. The word processor features a global search routine that can find any name, date, or any other information in your data files.

Along with the program disk, the package contains a 12-page instruction manual and a sample pedigree chart and group sheet in 10-inch and extra-wide 15-inch carriage formats. A printer that can produce condensed typeface (17 characters per inch) is required.

BASIC TRACER

Powerful debugging utility

by KEVIN GEVATOSKY

BASIC Tracer is a powerful debugging tool that displays onscreen the line number being executed by your program. This BASIC program requires an Atari XL or XE model with at least 32K memory and a disk drive.

f you write long BASIC programs, you've probably spent long hours trying to figure out what made a GOTO or GOSUB go somewhere it shouldn't.

Finding the bug usually requires inserting STOPs, TRAPs, PRINT statements, etc. at various points in the program and then RUNning it so you can observe the results. Repeating this "insert and RUN" method enough times should eventually isolate the problem. However, there is now an easier, more direct way to trace the workings of your Atari BASIC program.

BASIC Tracer is a debugging utility for Atari XL and XE computers. It tracks and displays the current line number that your own BASIC program is pointing to. It also gives you the option of slowing down the execution speed, so that you can see when and where your program is branching. When you find a glitch in your own program's flow, just press the [BREAK] key and execution will stop at the displayed line number so you can solve the problem.

GETTING STARTED

BASIC Tracer is written in MAC/65 assembly language, but it's adapted to a "BASIC loader" version that will be easier for you to type. Listing 2, TRACER.M65, is the assembly language source code—it is provided just for your information and you don't need to type it.

Type in Listing 1, TRACER.BAS, check it with TYPO II and SAVE a copy before you RUN it. When RUN, the program will write a "load and go" binary file called TRACER.EXE to the disk. Copy this file to another disk and name it AUTORUN.SYS.

USING TRACER

When TRACER.EXE is activated, a blank Graphics 0 text line appears across the top of the screen and you'll see the READY prompt. Type [? A] and you'll see the line number 32768—which BASIC assigns to a statement that has been entered without a line number. Now load or type in a short Atari BASIC program and watch the line number change as the program executes.

If you POKE 207,20 and RUN the program again, you'll notice the line number changing much more slowly. This is because location 207 now contains the delay value used to control BASIC's execution speed, and can be POKEd with any number between 1 and 255. The larger the number POKEd, the slower BASIC will execute. To restore execution speed to normal, POKE 207 with a zero.

Also, holding down [CONTROL] while pressing [ESCAPE] will temporarily bypass the execution delay, and BASIC will proceed at the normal (zero) rate until the [ESCAPE] key is released. This feature is handy for quickly getting through portions of a program that you are not interested in tracing. Finally, program execution can be halted and resumed again by toggling the [CONTROL] [1] key sequence.

HOW IT WORKS

Atari BASIC, unfortunately, does not provide any RAM vectors to its execution control code located in ROM. Thus there is no way to monitor the line number being executed. Howcontinued on next page ever, BASIC Tracer overcomes this by copying the BASIC ROM code to lower RAM and then switching off the ROM.

The code is then moved back up to high RAM, starting at address \$A000, and a vector is installed at address \$A978. This vector points to code on Page 6 which reads the current value of STMCUR (\$8A) and displays the value on the text line at the top of the screen.

Control is returned to BASIC via a JMP to STGO (STatement GO) at location \$A97E. The 76-byte routine that sets up the RAM-BASIC and installs a vector is only used once—to initialize BASIC Tracer. Since I needed the space on Page 6, I put this routine on the system stack at address \$100.

To display the additional text line, I changed the ANTIC instruction for displaying eight blank lines (\$70) to the instruction for displaying a Graphics 0 mode line (\$42). Of course, the 40 bytes of screen data required to display the mode line had to be located in memory somewhere outside Page 6 that would not be disturbed by BASIC. For this purpose, I chose the cassette buffer at address \$400.

This method is compatible with any BASIC program that does not alter the first three instructions of the display list. Whenever BASIC JuMPs through the vector at \$A978, BASIC Tracer checks to see if the changes in the display list are still active. If not, a JSR is made to the routine which alters the display list so that the line number will continue to be displayed even with a change in graphics mode.

MORE HINTS

1. Pressing [RESET] re-initializes the BASIC ROM and disables BASIC Tracer.

2. Any BASIC statement which alters Page 6 (or decimal locations 20,207,208 or 209), such as a POKE or USR(1536), must be REMmed out before you attempt to trace the program.

3. Be sure to SAVE any BASIC program in memory before accessing DOS, or the program won't be where you left it when you return.

4. After going to DOS, you can return to the RAM-BASIC by using the RUN AT ADDRESS option (DOS menu choice M) and typing A000.

5. If the Graphics 0 mode line should vanish from the top of the screen, don't panic. It will reappear when BASIC executes the next program statement.

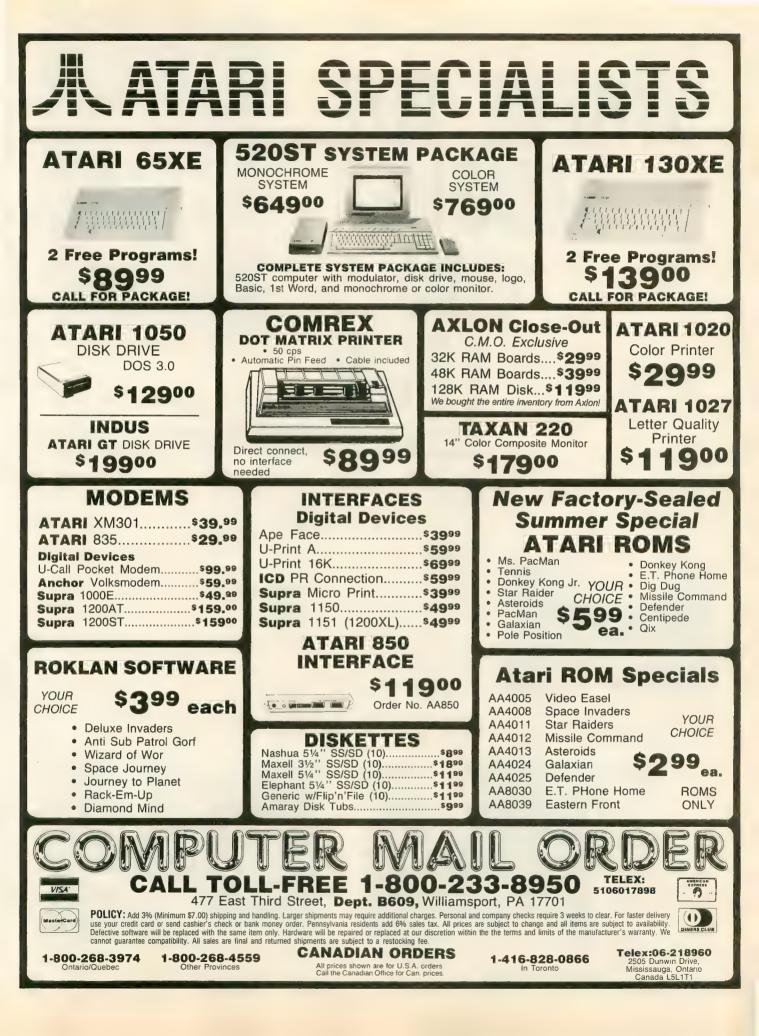
6. In GTIA Graphics 9, 10 and 11, the displayed line number is unreadable.

7. If you load a BASIC program from cassette, then you will have to enter a Graphics 0 command and a [?] to clear the garbage off the line number display.

Kevin Gevatosky of Eugene, Oregon is the Atari consultant and programmer for Covox Inc., makers of the Voice Master speech system, and a freelance writer-programmer. Listing on page 83







WHERE THE WEATHER COMES FROM



On the roof: Dish antenna downlinks satellite photographs.

by Gigi Bisson, Antic Assistant Editor





Almost suburbia: The Weather Service Forecasting Office.

t looks like a suburban house until you see the 24-foot satellite dish antenna on the roof. This is the National Weather Service Forecasting Office, just off the freeway in Redwood City, California. Inside this unassuming building, an astonishing array of computers and electronic equipment helps meteorologists make weather forecasts for the Western United States, local TV stations and ships at sea.

"Everything the TV stations and newspapers get, they get from us," say weather service electronics technicians Bill Pettyplace, Dave Lindholm and Bob Levno. During a tour of the weather station, they gave us a glimpse of the side of meteorology that the public never sees.

The walls of the weather station are lined with maps—topographic maps, oceanic maps, local maps, world maps. A bumpersticker affixed to a door proclaims: "The ocean is a liquid asset." Computers are everywhere. The office literally hums with activity from banks of machines.

"And this," explains Pettyplace as we stand surrounded by blinking lights, printers, plotters and monitors, "is only the tip of a very large ice-



First stop: Technician Dave Lindholm explains how computers process satellite data.



"Massaging" data: Bob Levno checks a weather facsimile map as it comes out of the plotter.



berg." There are 280 Weather Service stations in the U.S., each loaded with an identical array of electronic paraphernalia. Only a handful, however, relay weather facsimile (WEFAX) satellite maps and photos.

Our tour starts where the "product"—weather information ends. Just beyond the lobby, weather forecasters answer constantly ringing phones, peer over maps and distribute information to the news media and the public. But it all starts in that big dish on the roof.

MASSAGING THE MAPS

Those satellite photos in newspapers and on TV might mislead you into believing the earth already has a map deeply etched into its surface. Cloud patterns often obscure the earth's land masses. So before we see them, satellite photographs are "massaged," as Levno puts it in technician's jargon. In other words, the computer draws a grid of longitude and latitude and a political map indicating state and na-



Weather band: Bill Pettyplace stands in the radio studio.

tional boundaries aligned precisely with the land masses on the photograph.

We visit yet another room of teleprinters, mainframe computers, IBM PC XT microcomputers, and huge, dual Data General Eclipse computers assembled especially for the weather service by Ford Aerospace. The photograph is recorded, divided up into four sectors, each quadrant small enough to fit on the plotter, and recorded again on computer tape drives. Another plotter creates contour maps of the jet stream and wind patterns.

The images are then printed on wet, chemically-treated thermal paper. The paper printouts are saved for archival purposes for a period of 90 days. The technicians check the image on these large violet-colored printouts to "make sure we're sending out a good product" Pettyplace says, before converting them back to a digital form that can be stored on computer tape.

Pettyplace showed us an Alden Marine Fax plotter, the \$2,000 plotter that ships use to decipher the maps.

"It essentially does what you'll be doing when you try to receive the satellite photos on your Atari computer screen," he says.

The information is stored on tape and an entire day's worth of satellite pictures are sent at once. The computer transmits the signal over telephone lines to a transmitter at the Coast Guard station in Point Reyes, a coastal town 75 miles north of Redwood City. WEFAX maps from this station are identified by the letters NMC across the top.

FINALLY, A FORECAST

And yet another room full of equipment, where meteorologists buzz around interpreting the satellite photos and making forecasts. Clouds swirl around the earth on huge video monitors. Pettyplace demonstrates weather service photos on a screen controlled with a trackball. He flips the ball, and zooms in again and again for a closer view of a coastline.

Twenty-four hours worth of these photos are spliced together into a video "loop," forming a 10-second show of clouds and atmospheric activity swirling around Earth. We watch a loop taken during the full moon. Pettyplace points out the moon's light reflecting off the Pacific Ocean at night.

IBM microcomputers monitor the stations, deciphering hydrologic data, wind speed, air pressure and temperature. This information is then sent to repeaters. In yet another room, meteorologists record weather news reports to be broadcast over the local shortwave weather band.



Ready to broadcast: Satellite photo data is translated into audio tones.



Rain or shine: Alerting the news media, military and public.



CARINA - THE BETTER BBS

Presenting the most powerful bulletin board ever written for the Atari 8-bit computer. The Carina BBS is absolutely the most expandable bulletin board for your Atari. It has features that you will find on most bulletin boards plus many other features that make telecommunications easier, more fun, and a lot less monotonous.

WHY IS THIS BBS SO MUCH BETTER?

The power of this system is mostly attributed to the Modem Operating Environment. It makes possible the ability to run BASIC programs WITH LITTLE OR NO MODIFICATION on your bulletin board. It also allows you as the Systems Operator (SysOp) of the Carina BBS to drop into BASIC ON-LINE at any time and make modifications to your program from across the country if need be. No other Atari bulletin board has this feature.

YOU MEAN I CAN CHANGE THE PROGRAMS?

Yes, the Modem Operating Environment eliminates the need to perform modem operations. The bulletin board is written in understandable BASIC and is, in fact, designed with modification in mind. The Carina BBS is also module based. This means you are no longer restricted by the memory of your computer, but rather by the amount of on-line storage on your disk drives and your ramdisk. The Carina BBS itself is not 1 but 7 separate programs. It is a massive system that can be expanded beyond your imagination.

WHAT PROGRAMS COME WITH IT?

The modules included are: The waitcall module which performs user logon/logoff functions, the bulletin board itself which controls all message bases and databases, the file-transfer module with X-Modem upload/ download transfer protocol, the message editor (with extensive word processor-like functions), the SysOp commands with the most powerful functions available for any bulletin board on-line, the sub-commands module which contains miscellaneous extra functions, and an on-line trivia game. The Carina BBS has a total of 44 commands including 17 SysOp functions. It is easy to add any other modules of your own, plus there is plenty of room to add any other functions in different modules.

DOES THE CARINA BBS USE ONE-LETTER COMMANDS?

No, the Carina BBS uses word commands as opposed to single letters. For example, typing "Read New" will show you all new messages since your last call. If you prefer just typing one letter, that can be done also. Each command has a macro key that will type the words for you. Typing Ctrl-R Ctrl-N will duplicate the above input. You can also stack more than one command on a line. It is more powerful and a lot easier.

WHAT EQUIPMENT DO I NEED?

To run the Carina BBS you will need an Atari 8-bit computer, at least 1 drive, and a modem. A printer can also be used. The Carina BBS will work with most DOS's and many different interfaces and modems. The Carina BBS is known to work with the Atari 850 interface, the ATR 8000, the Hayes Smartmoderm, the MPP 1000C/E modems, and the Q-Modern. It also supports 1200 and 2400 baud.

WHAT ELSE CAN IT DO?

- Ascii and/or Atascii modes supported
- · Virtually unlimited message bases and databases
- Self-compacting message bases eliminating the need for constant maintenance
- Automatic validation and access-control configuration allowing the Carina BBS to run by itself
- Allows editing of previously posted messages
- True Electronic-Mail
- And MUCH more

There really isn't enough room to tell you all that the Carina BBS can do. The best way to find out what it can do is to call 305-793-2975 for an online demonstration or write for more information.

HOW CAN I GET ONE?

To order, send check or money order in the amount of \$69.95 (tax and shipping included) to:

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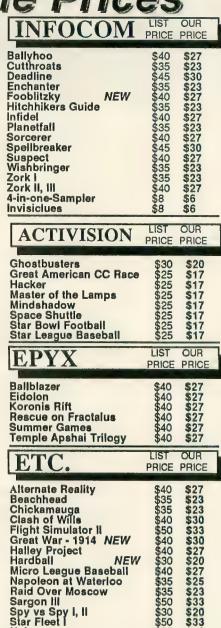
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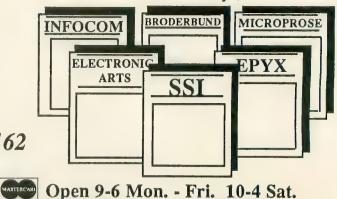
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Meteorologist uses Atari as home forecasting tool

Article by GIGI BISSON, Program by E. JAN NULL

Make weather predictions with the same program a professional meteorologist uses to calculate weather readings at home on his Atari 800. With Weather Calculator and your outdoor thermometer, you can convert Celsius temperature readings to Fahrenheit, find the relative humidity, estimated cloud base, wind chill factor, and predict sunrise and sunset times for any given date. The BASIC program works on all 8bit Atari computers of any memory size, with disk or cassette.

an Null is the weatherman behind the weathermen. Before the daily forecast reaches the television evening news, Null, along with a team of meteorologists, writes the warnings and forecasts that all of Northern and Central California depend on.

As a lead forecaster at the National Weather Service office in Redwood City, California, Null coordinates the satellite photos and weather band radio broadcasts used by pilots and ships at sea. In times of disaster, he works with state and local agencies, the Coast Guard and National Guard to prepare for major storms, floods, tornados and tsunamis.

Six years ago he found a new fore-

casting tool to add to the National Weather Service's cache of sophisticated instruments, satellite dish antennas, and mainframe computers--an Atari 800 computer. At home with his Atari, a modem and a terminal emulation program, Null logs onto the weather service's huge Data General computers. He can keep up on the latest weather changes-and find out if the predictions he made earlier at work are accurate. He also does weather research on the Compu-Serve Information Service. (Just type GO WEA at any ! prompt to use that weather database.)

Null also uses his Atari to make computer printouts of the temperature conversion tables that he uses for calculating weather conditions. Eventually, those tables grew into Weather Calc—a very simple, menu-driven program.

USING THE PROGRAM

To use this program, type in Listing 1, WX.BAS, check it with TYPO II and SAVE a copy before you RUN it.

TEMPERATURE CONVERSION Weather Calc's temperature converter translates Celsius temperature readcontinued on next page

No satellite photos required. All you need to predict weather is Weather Calc and a thermometer.



ings into Fahrenheit or Kelvin measurements and back again. Simply type in the temperature reading. The program does the calculations.

DEW POINT HUMIDITY ESTIMATED CLOUD BASE

The dew point is the temperature to which the air must be cooled in order to convert water vapor into liquid. For example, when beads of water form on the outside of an ice-filled glass, or water vapor turns into rain. To determine this, type in the dry bulb temperature (a reading taken with a regular thermometer) and then enter the wet bulb temperature (a reading taken with a sling psychrometer).

If you don't have a sling psychrometer, Null suggests simply wrapping a small piece of wet gauze around the bulb of the same thermometer used for the dry bulb reading. Carefully swish the thermometer back and forth in the air a few times to get the air circulating through the gauze. This reading should be lower-reflecting the cooling effect of the evaporation caused by the wet cloth. Using the two readings, the program calculates the dew point, humidity, and estimated cloud base.

What is the cloud base? A certain temperature and dew point exist on ground surface under normal conditions. As you go higher in the atmosphere, the air temperature cools faster than the dew point temperature. Condensation and clouds form when both readings reach the same point. So the closer the temperature and dew point readings are, the lower the cloud cover will be-if they're within five degrees, expect fog.

WIND CHILL FACTOR

The temperature may be 50 degrees, but if the wind is blowing at 20 miles per hour, the chilling effect on exposed skin will feel like 30 degreesmuch colder than the air temperature suggests. That's the wind chill factor at work. To calculate this, enter the air temperature and wind speed. (To find the wind speed, call your nearest National Weather Service office, or tune into the weather band on a shortwave radio with police band or, use the weather maps from your WE-

ATARI

FAX programs..)

SUNRISE/SUNSET

Find out what time the sun will rise and set on any day in any year. Enter the latitude and longitude in degrees and minutes (for example: Latitude: 35, 27; Longitude: 135, 5) and then the date. For July 28, 1987, you'd enter 07,28,1987.

The program will calculate an estimated time of sunrise and sunset, accurate within a minute or two. Add one hour if the date is during daylight savings time. The actual time the sun rises or sets in a particular location may also depend on the surrounding terrain-mountains, hills and such. To find the latitude and longitude, consult a map or almanac, check the public library, ask a science teacher or call the nearest National Weather Service office.

The basic formulas for the meteorological calculations in this program are from the Smithsonian Meteorological Tables. Those for the sunrise and sunset data are from Almanac for Computers, US Naval Observatory.

Listing on page 81 A



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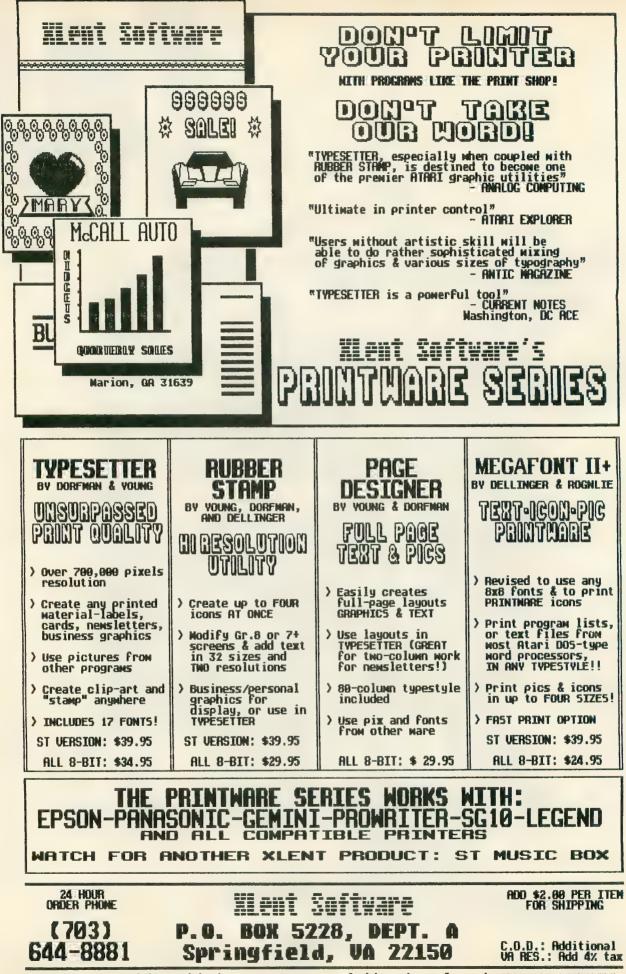
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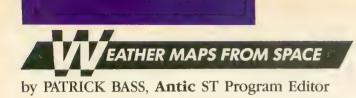
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Degas graphics from satellite pictures

With the ST version of WEFAX Decoder you can reconstruct weather satellite pictures on your Atari ST and convert them to DEGAS graphics files.

In this article, we deal exclusively with the operating instructions and special features of WEFAX Decoder for the ST. For additional information on the overall program structure and details about the international Weather Facsimile system, see the related stories in this issue. Also, please note that this program *won't* work unless you use it with the WEFAX Interface hardware described elsewhere in this issue.

ST WEFAX Decoder is written in MC68000 assembly language as implemented with AS68.PRG. This is the assembler included with the Atari ST Developer's Kit. However, the program should work fine with any 68000 assembler using standard Motorola mnemonics—such as the Metacomco Macro Assembler or the assembler provided with Haba Hippo C.

This program is substantially different from **Antic's** other programs for the Atari ST. For example, ST WEFAX Decoder makes no calls to GEM and doesn't even recognize that GEM exists. The closest we get are a few calls to Atari XBIOS and use of the Line-A interface to plot points on screen.

TYPING IT IN

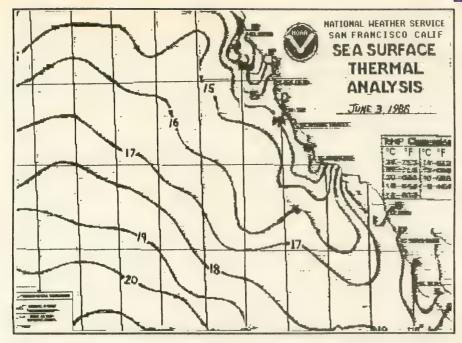
Using your favorite text editor or word processor, *carefully* type in the listing, STFAX.S, and save a copy to disk.

(Antic Disk subscribers can skip to the Program Operation section of this article. STFAX.S is on Side B of the monthly disk—along with the STFAX.TOS listing explained later. Follow the ST Help file instructions for transferring the programs to an ST 3.5-inch disk.)

After you type in the listing and save a copy, assemble it into an executable program. Although other assemblers may operate differently, the method I used for assembling with AS68 is as follows. First, you will need a disk with these 10 programs on it:

| 1. | AS68 | PRG |
|-----|----------|------|
| 1. | | 1 10 |
| 2. | AS68SYMB | .DAT |
| 3. | BATCH | TTP. |
| 4. | LINK68 | .PRG |
| 5. | OSBIND | О. |
| 6. | RELMOD | О. |
| 7. | RM | .PRG |
| 8. | WAIT | .PRG |
| 9. | ASM | .BAT |
| 10. | STFAX | .S |
| | | |

The top eight programs are obtained from the Atari ST Developer's Kit, and you have already typed in



A typical enhanced WEFAX chart received with the ST WEFAX program.

number 10, STFAX.S. But what about ASM.BAT, number 9?

You'll need to create your own ASM.BAT batch file, but it's quite short. This file consists of the following lines of code:

as68 -l -u %1.s link68 [u,s] %1.68k = %1,osbind rm %1.o relmod %1.68k %1.tos rm %1.68k wait NOTE that the -l in the first line is a lower-case letter l—all other similarlooking characters are number ones.

When finished, save the above file to disk as ASM.BAT. This is the file which will instruct the BATCH program how to assemble and link the STFAX.S program together.

With all the needed files on one disk, preferably a RAMdisk, doubleclick on BATCH.TTP, and in the resulting dialog box type in ASM STFAX *without* the .s extender. AS68 will assemble and LINK68 will link your



Sports Wirephoto received with the 8-bit WEFAX program.

resulting o file together with OS-BIND.O to create a finished TOS program. When finished, you'll find STFAX.TOS on your desktop. This is your WEFAX program.

PROGRAM OPERATION

STFAX operates in any ST resolution, color or monochrome. Insert your STFAX disk and double-click on the STFAX.TOS program icon. The program will show a small title box, and the flashing cursor indicates when it's ready to receive commands from the keyboard. Yes, STFAX is completely keyboard-driven, so you can retire your mouse for awhile.

Following are the active keys and their functions

- Q—Quit the program.
- L —Load a WEFAX picture from disk.
- S —Save a WEFAX picture in DEGAS format to disk.
- **C** —Clears the screen.
- I —Inverses the image currently onscreen.
- **R** —Resets the picture to the top and restarts the picture scan.
- Z —Puts the scan to Sleep (Zzz).
- > —Increases the number of timer "ticks" between interrupts. (Do not press the [SHIFT] key while typing this key.)
- < —Decreases the number of timer "ticks" between interrupts. (Do *not* press the [SHIFT] key while typing this key.)
- 1 —Sets default values for 60 LPM pictures.
- Sets default values for 120 LPM pictures.
- **K**—Rotates the LineSkip value from 0 through 3 and back.
- Decreases the number of columns shown onscreen.
- + —Increases the number of columns shown onscreen. (Do *not* press the [SHIFT] key while typing this key.)
- A —Adjusts the sync bar towards the left of the screen.

[**SPACEBAR**]—Switches between the text screen and the WEFAX screen.

TAKE A PICTURE

To receive and save a WEFAX picture, tune your shortwave radio to a WEcontinued on next page FAX chirp. Plug the WEFAX Interface's radio lead into the earphone jack and its computer lead into the parallel port in back of the ST, with the power lead going to either joystick port.

Do not fully insert the interface's plug into the earphone jack, or you may disengage your radio's speaker. For best results, you should slowly insert the plug only part-way into the earphone jack, so that your interface can receive a signal *without* disengaging the speaker. As an alternative, you may wish to connect a small speaker to the interface's audio input so you may listen to the signal as it is interpreted. This way, you can correct for frequency drift, or turn up the volume to compensate for a fading signal.

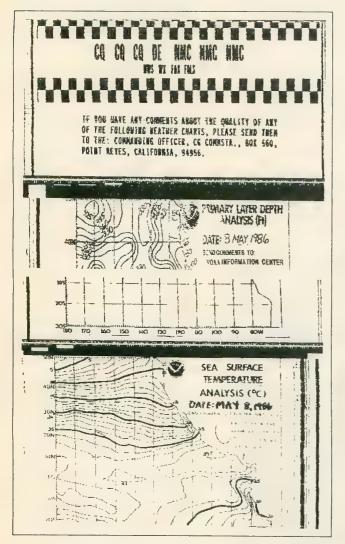
With the ST WEFAX Decoder pro-

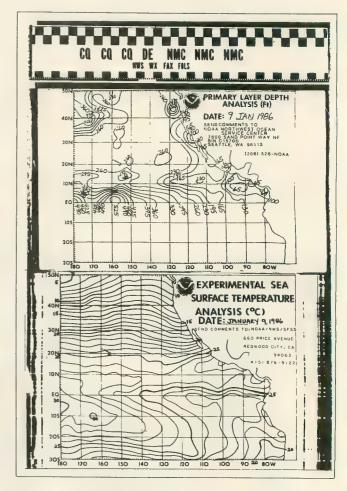
gram running, tap the [SPACEBAR] to switch to the WEFAX Screen. Now press the [R] key. The WEFAX picture will start appearing across the top scan line. You may wish to press the [K] key to increase the number of scan lines skipped between updates. This is needed because WEFAX Pictures are at least 800 scan lines high, and we can capture (at most) 400 lines of picture information. For example, a [K] line skip of 1 will capture every other line of the picture.

When the picture is finished, the scan will stop automatically. To save the picture in DEGAS format, press the [SPACEBAR] to switch back to the text screen. The WEFAX picture is still available by pressing the [SPACEBAR] again. While still at the text screen, press [S], then type in your desired filename for the picture. Remember, DEGAS wants different extenders for the different picture resolutions. Type in .PI1 for low resolution, .PI2 for medium resolution and .PI3 for high resolution.

PROGRAM TAKE-APART

It's not necessary to describe the program again here, because ST WEFAX Decoder's logic follows the 8-bit version *very* closely, even down to sharing labels and functions. There are liberal comments sprinkled throughout the important sections of code, so you should be able to follow the logic flow easily. See the 8-bit WEFAX Decoder article in this issue for detailed take-apart information.





On the left is a typical WEFAX chart sequence received with our 8-bit WEFAX program. On the right is a similar chart produced by the National Weather Service.

Listing on page 85

A



Reviewed by JIM DEARNER

THE MANAGER

The Manager (\$149) is a feast of full-powered relational database software for the ST. It delivers excellent flexibility and scope in creating, searching and editing databases, as well as outstanding online help and error handling. The Manager



can handle small, simple files or extremely complex applications such as a complete business accounting system. BMB Compuscience Software obviously understands what database users really need.

The Manager sorts files, links databases, or redesigns databases already containing information. It can also fix a damaged database and reconstruct indexes. It has a full set of utility programs for copying, deleting, listing and renaming the files and folders on your disks.

However, its [CONTROL], [ALTERNATE] and Function key commands make it complex to learn. Also, the program does not make use of GEM'S drop-down menus, windows, or the mouse. But it does let you use the ST's color potential. The Manager is an alternative—not a clone—to the widely used dBase II/III family of relational database programs.

With The Manager, you construct a database by laying out the screen format to fit the information you want to store. A screen can be designed in any four of the ST's colors. Each screen can be 23 lines long and is composed of individual categories of information called "fields." Fields can contain as many as 1,840 characters.

A set of screens is called a "record" and can have up to 32,000 fields. A database can handle a maximum of 32 different screens. However, the number of records making up a database is limited only by disk space. MASSIVE PACKAGE

The Manager is massive, from the five program disks to the 400-plus pages of documentation. The larger of the two manuals is both a reference and a tutorial on using the set of programs. The other manual teaches

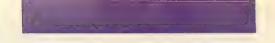
the user to find, change, or add records and obtain reports using the included sample database. Strangely, the book contains nothing about creating your own database. That is left to the reference manual.

The hefty documentation is excellent in some places and poor in others. Some sections leave the reader hanging, describing many steps with specific examples and then being too general in the final step. For example, in the section explaining Manager Math, you're guided through rewriting a math file so that data is extracted from one database and sent to another. But once you have finished that modification, the instructions for actually using the new math program or writing data to the second file are too vague.

The documentation should be reorganized. It has detailed program instructions, but they're not all that clear. Sometimes you must flip back and forth between sections of the book—some of which you may not have read yet. A set of quick reference cards for each of the major options would help.

The five disks are not copy-protected. They contain the main system program and programs for database file creation, report setup, report generation and a sample database. While The Manager will run on a 520ST with one single-sided drive and a monochrome monitor, BMB recommends a hard disk, color monitor and printer. The





Manager can use of all the ST's colors to design the database screens.

You receive a sixth disk, the Documentator, only after mailing in your warranty card—an effective ploy to get users to return their cards. This disk contains the programs that let you create help screens for providing your own hints to those who will use your database.

The dicusssion of directory, path names, etc. is clearly foreign to the GEM-based ST. The program even redefines the numeric keypad on the ST to act like the keypad on IBM-type computers, thus rendering it useless for numeric data entry.

The Manager uses both menus and commands, and you don't need to know programming until you use the advanced options. Online help is excellent. The help screens are keyed to both the option in use and to the command phase of that option.

FASTER THAN DBASE

I created a sample student database containing biographical information and high school and college grades. Selecting the option to create/revise took me to an editor that makes up screen versions of the forms containing the information to be stored. One screen was composed of the biographical information and the other had the grades.

The screen editor has over 50 commands for controlling the construction of a screen, most of which involve [CONTROL] or [ALTERNATE] key combinations. This is easier than it sounds. After defining your screens, you then define the kind of information to be stored in each field (text, integer, or decimal). You can then further define a field as Read Only, Display Only, Index, or Hidden. You can also redefine the order in which the cursor moves from field to field on data entry or editing.

It took me four or five times as long to construct this same student database in dBase II as in The Manager!

The Manager has an extensive report generation facility with several special features, including a separate main menu for report setup and generation. Reports can be as long as 250 pages in 80-column lines, or 151 pages in 132character lines. However, it took me about two hours to discover something as simple as how to add the word "subtotal" to my subtotals and the words "grand total" to the grand totals for my report.

The Manager can read and write files as ASCII text files, as fill files (fixed format files used to modify a database or change the length of one or more fields), as DIF files and as dump files (for modifying a database without changing any field lengths).

You can also write files to be read by Multimate, a popular word processor for the PC. You can produce subfiles of your information—for example, all students with grade point averages above 3.5—which can be used to produce reports or build a new database.

BUILT-IN LANGUAGE

The package contains a solid structured programming language with a compiler and editor. Called Manager Math and Report Math, it is actually a database/file manipulation language somewhat similar to the one in dBase II. The differences, however, are enough to make programs written for dBase II files unusable by The Manager.

The language can be used in searches, in creation of subfiles and for reporting. It includes commands for opening and reading to files, for adding records and for altering data. It can also perform data entry checking and verification while the data is being entered or edited.

The only major features missing were trigonometric functions such as SIN or TAN, and statistical functions such as SUM or AVERAGE.

I didn't have many problems with The Manager, but I confused the program, and myself, when switching between different databases with the same name on different disks. The Manager worked fine on a single-drive system, although I had to swap disks twice as often. The routines to back up and recover files from the hard disks are not implemented in this version. I also couldn't use one of the Print Screen Revise/Edit options.

Some of the program's actions seem slow. For instance, it took 12 minutes to reload my 900-record database after I made changes in the screens. The editor for creating database screens certainly would benefit from the GEM interface, but it still is much easier to use and more powerful than ZIP, which is used in dBase II. And you can take advantage of the ST's character set and color spectrum.

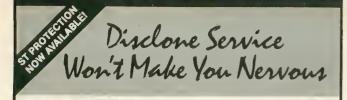
The "PC feel" of the program has one benefit. Many people work with IBMs or clones at the office, and programs like The Manager or dBMAN (reviewed in Antic, August 1986) maintain continuity between home and office. Such software makes the Atari ST an attractive purchase for the professional who wants the power and style of the ST in a personal computer, but who must use other computers at work.

Overall, I like The Manager. It's extremely powerful. If you want a full-featured database program that makes use of all GEM has to offer, or if your database needs are simple, then The Manager is not the program for you. If you are comfortable with PC-style database programs and are willing to plow through the documentation and invest time to learn the commands, I believe The Manager would be a solid choice for your database software.

THE MANAGER BMB Compuscience Software 500 Steeles Avenue Milton, Ontario L9T 3P7, Canada (416) 876-4741 \$149

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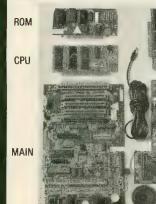
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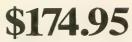
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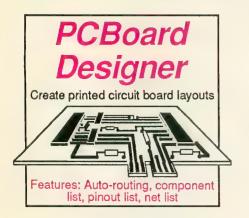


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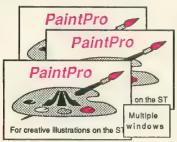
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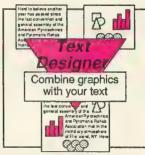
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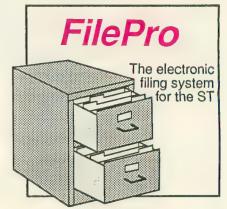
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Professional developer's package includes editor, two-pass interactive assembler with error locator, online help including instruction address mode and GEM parameter information, monitor-debugger, disassembler and 68020 simulator, more. Available Sept. '86. \$59.95

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ST PRODUCT NEWS ST reviews

FINANCIAL COOKBOOK

Electronic Arts 2755 Campus Drive San Mateo, CA 94403 (415) 572-2787 \$49.95

Reviewed by Sol Guber

Financial Cookbook is the first ST release from Electronic Arts. This personal finance program converted from EA's successful 8-bit product does many common calculations needed in everyday life. It does this simply and clearly, and is easy to use.

Financial Cookbook calculates future value of money, present value of annuities, internal rates of return and other functions needed for business decisions. There are 32 different "recipes" where you fill in the blanks and the program calculates the results, prints them on paper or saves them to disk.

With the first recipe, "Making Your Savings Last Forever," I tried to fulfill my dream of having enough money in the bank to never need to work again. The mouse is used to choose an option from a menu. Then a form appears with blank lines for filling in your amount of savings, the interest rate, the compounding period and your tax rate. I entered \$5000 at 7 percent, clicked on COMPUTE, and a new window with the results appeared.

I learned that if I spent only \$351



per year, my money would never run out. I needed \$502 at 10 percent per year and \$2551 at 50 percent. Although this example is unrealistic (too bad), it gives you a good demonstration of what Financial Cookbook does. It answers "what if?" questions about common household financial situations. There are formulas for savings, investments, car financing. These formulas consider both inflation and your tax bracket.

Financial Cookbook comes with an excellent tutorial explaining in detail how to use the various formulas, and it even shows how the calculations are made. It's easy to enter the information and make corrections. It uses the GEM interface simply and unobtrusively, and it has both an index and a glossary.

This program is well thought out. I recommend Financial Cookbook as a home business calculator for its variety and ease of use.

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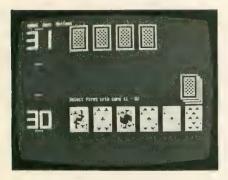
Reviewed by Gregg Pearlman

Programs that play blackjack have continued on next page

been fairly common for some years. MichTron's **Cards** plays a superior game of blackjack, but it also throws in cribbage and three kinds of solitaire—klondike, poker squares and one called simply solitaire. Add slick graphics plus realistic gameplay and you've got a highly entertaining ST package.

The text on the Cards box describes the software as "fiendishly addictive" and this is not far wrong. Games go fast. The ST takes only a fraction of the time normally needed to deal a hand and it frees you from keeping score. You can use the keyboard if you wish, but it's usually much easier to select or move cards with the mouse.

Four blackjack players can try their luck against the dealer, and the odds



are definitely with the house. Just as in real-life blackjack, you can lose \$500 in no time. And the ST can certainly count cards better than even the most seasoned player.

Klondike solitaire doesn't let you move cards as freely as you might like. It doesn't allow for much manipulation of the rows, but it still plays realistically and is frustratingly tough to win. Just when you think you had the worst hand in the world, the next one can be even worse. In a casino, this game could also cost you money. A deck of klondike cards costs \$52, and you win back \$5 for each card you build onto an ace, so you break even after 11 cards. It sounds much easier than it is.

Cribbage, a wonderful card game anyway, is excellent in this program. As always, the computer plays a mean game, but it's not impossible to beat. One plus is that the computer will catch all the points you might forget to add to your score in an actual cribbage game.

For the most part, Cards is an exciting, fun software package. The mouse simplifies and speeds play. And the ST won't try to collect the money you owe it. However, while the graphics are lively, watch out for that glaring purple background behind the cards in every game.

New Products

by GIGI BISSON, Antic Assistant Editor

We interrupt this game to announce—you have a lunch meeting! Royal Software's **Helpmate** (\$39.95), yet another SideKick-style desk accessory for the ST, has a neat gimmick—an alarm appointment calendar. At the date and time of the appointment, any GEM-based application will be interrupted and an alarm will sound before a message announces the appointment.

STCalc (\$49.95), a friendly GEM-based spreadsheet, features pull-down calculator and notepad desk accessories and the ability to "drag" the contents of one spreadsheet cell to a new location. Help-Calc ST (\$24.95) is a set of 11 spreadsheet templates that can be used with ST Calc or Shanner International's VIP Professional. Includes templates for loan amortization, depreciation schedules, investment analysis, and checkbook register with automatic expense account allocation schedules.

Royal Software, 2160 West 11th Avenue, Eugene, OR 97402. (503) 683-5361. FINAL.

Sidecar, still another "SideClone" desktop organizer, includes calculator, calendar, notepad, address book, ASCII table to calculate the hex and decimal values of any recalled character and "Mini ST DOS"—a program that lets you perform DOS commands such as copy, delete and rename without returning to the ST desktop. Works in all ST graphic resolutions.

Migraph, 720 S. 333rd, Federal Way, WA 98003 (206) 838-4677. PRESS.

The Volksmodem VM520 (\$199) 1200/300 variable baud rate, directconnect ST modem features auto-dial, auto-answer, built-in speaker and a fiveyear limited warranty. The fully Hayescompatible modem includes the popular ST Talk telecommunications program.

Anchor Automation, 6913 Valjean Avenue, Van Nuys, CA 91406. (818) 997-7758. PRESS.

Softworks BASIC (\$79) is a full-fledged BASIC language system with advanced data structures, superior string manipulation, and access to programs written in other languages.

2944 N. Broadway, Chicago, IL 60657. (312) 975-4030. FINAL.

ST 3-D Graphics (\$24.95) may be the only book available that teaches threedimensional computer-aided design in C language for the ST, describing such techniques as rotation and shading.

Abacus Software, P.O. Box 7219, Grand Rapids, MI. (616) 241-5510. PRESS.

Billed as bringing the sociological predictions of media analyst Marshall McLuhan to life, the first interactive movie software, Cinemaware was unveiled at the Spring CES in Chicago. Mindscape's Cinemaware software line is really a collection of interactive graphic computer games with cinematic themes. They employ cinematic techniques such as tilts, pans, closeups, reverse angles and 360degree turns and are accompanied by original soundtracks. One game will have over a megabyte of graphics information alone. Mindscape goes so far as saying Cinemaware "will interest ordinary people in computers." Now this we have to see.

Mindscape, 3444 Dundee Road, Northbrook, IL 60062. (312) 480-7667. DEMO.

Desktop publishing comes to the ST with **Electro Page** (\$129). Now under development by SoftLogick, this program will be compatible with laser printers, merging pictures and text in as many as eight columns per page.

SoftLogick Corp., 4129 Old Baumgartner, St. Louis, MO 63129. (314) 894-8608. PRESS.

Little people have been discovered living inside the ST. These endearing comcontinued on page 66

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puter critters play games like blackjack, entertain you on the piano and organ in stereo, and who knows what else in Activision's **Little Computer People Project** (\$49.95.) This ST version of the Commodore 64 program has been completely redesigned to take advantage of the ST graphics.

Activison, 2350 Bayshore Frontage Road, Mountain View, CA 94043. (415) 960-0410. FINAL.

ST Net (\$149.95), a local area network software package, allows several ST computers share floppy disks, hard disks and printers—even exchange messages and conversations. Two ST computers can be linked with two standard 5-pin DIN cables (not included). Up to 255 STs can be linked using RJ-11 cables (the same kind used to connect modular telephones) and the ST Net interface boxes (\$49.95 each.)

Quantum Microsystems, PO Box 179, Liverpool, NY 13088. (315) 451-7747. PRESS.

Make your artwork come to life with Make It Move. This \$49.95 graphic presentation program is compatible with all popular ST paint programs. It creates titles and animation sequences for video recordings, and makes business presentation graphics utilizing zooms, fades, rotations and moving fonts.

Avila Associates, 3646 Baker Lane, Lafayette, CA 95459. (415) 284-5982. PRESS.

We first saw the **Print-Technik Video Digitizer** at the Atari show in London. Now this hardware digitizer and software package from Germany is making the rounds at American trade shows. The digitizer boasts a resolution of 256×256 pixels and 16 levels of gray. To create color graphics, each gray level can be assigned one of 512 ST colors. Or, in the monochrome version, a different black and white pattern or texture can be assigned to each gray level. The digitized images can be modified with DOODLE, DEGAS or NEOchrome graphics programs. Expected price is around \$300.

Print-Technik, Nikolaistr 2, 8000 Munchen 40, 089/368197. DEMO.

According to the manufacturer, the **68000 Disassembler** (\$35) "allows you to disassemble 68000 binary code into human-readable form" and then write the disassembled code into files that can be rerun through an assembler.



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Backup utilities also available for the IBM, Apple II, Macintosh and Commodore 64. This product is provided for the purpose of enabling you to make archival copies only. SCI Software Development, P.O. Box 391807, Mountain View, CA 94039. (415) 967-3288. PRESS.

Earthspace (\$29.95), an educational graphics and text slideshow, explores the intricate relationships of the existence of life on our changing planet.

Digital Reality, 362 West Broadway, New York, NY 10013. PRESS.

Bonnie Blue, originally released for the IBM PC, is a sophisticated word processor for the sophisticated user. Access 50 different editing commands from the function keys, display two documents onscreen at once. A built-in database merges data into documents, or stores phone numbers. Frequently used command strings can be programmed in single-keystroke macros.

Paperlogic Ltd, Glengate House, 12 Nottingham Place, London W1, England. 01-935-0148. PRESS.

With the CCC **Microhost** minicomputer, up to 128 Atari ST computers can function as smart terminals with 512 colors, high resolution graphics, and mouse interface, accessing 2,500 hours worth of courseware teaching math skills, reading, spelling and computer science to grades 1-8.

Computer Ciriculum Corp., P.O. Box 10080, Palo Alto, CA 94304. (800) 227-8324. FINAL.

The **MicroApl APL.68000** APL interpreter is a complete implementation of IBM APL.SV enhanced with a multi-user file system, fast search and replace primitives, and local area network file and operational interfaces. Price is unavailable at this time.

Spencer Organization Inc., Box 248, 366 Kinderkamack Road, Westwood, NJ 07675. (201) 666-6011. ALPHA.

New ST product notices are compiled from information provided by the products' manufacturers. Antic assumes no responsibility for the accuracy of these notices or the performance of the product. Each mention is followed by a code word indicating that, at press time, Antic had seen a FINAL marketable version, near-final BETA, earlier ALPHA, incomplete DEMO, or PRESS release.

Reviewed by MIKE FLEISCHMAN

MEGAMAX C

"Don't even think about another C compiler"

egamax C (\$199.95), a new C compiler for the ST, is a full Kernighan & Ritchie implementation of the language. It supports floating point, overlays, recursion, batch processing and custom libraries. Aside from the Digital Research Inc. (DRI) Alcyon C, which comes in Atari's \$300 ST Developer's Kit, Megamax is the only C that comes with a resource construction set that creates GEM objects such as menus, dialog boxes and icons. It also supports all the AES, VDI and GEM routines.

Megamax C has an environment shell that makes program development a joy. The shell supports and allows access to the editor, compiler, linker, librarian and any other program that can run in TOS. Initiation of programs is through drop-down menus.

The shell has a locate function which lets you tell the system where you have placed development programs such as the compiler and linker, as well as a MAKE file containing the compile and link commands for a specific program. The shell takes its commands from the MAKE file and runs automatically, permitting a compile and link with one click of the mouse.

To use this file, pull down the utilities menu and click on the MAKE line. If any changes have been made, the shell then compiles and links the program. Thus development in the shell is efficient: you click on the editor, modify your program, leave the editor and then click on the MAKE file. Errors would be placed in an error file, cancelling the MAKE process, and you are returned to the editor with two screens coming up automatically. The first screen displays the source code to the program you were compiling and the second shows the error file. This allows you to correct the errors while looking at the error file. The shell also lets you to rename or delete files and use whatever desk accessories you have running.

SIX TIMES FASTER

One of the first things you want to know about a programming language is its speed. I used a 3.5-inch disk system and a Sieve program to compare this compiler to Alcyon C. The Alcyon compiled and linked the Sieve program in six minutes, seven seconds. The resulting code was 11,852 bytes long, taking 2.47 seconds to run. The Megamax compiled the Sieve in one minute, 34 seconds—almost six times faster than DRI's Alcyon C. The code was 6,049 bytes long—just over half the length of the DRI compilation. And it took 2.28 seconds to run.

I also compared the compile and link time for the Apskel.C (applications skeleton) program that comes with both packages. The DRI compiler took four minutes, 16 seconds, producing object code 6,086 bytes long. The Megamax C compiler ran in 41 seconds and produced 4,808 bytes of object code. The DRI-supplied linker took two minutes, 17 seconds to link, producing a program of 4,915 bytes. The Megamax linker took 59 seconds and produced a program 4,058 bytes long. With Megamax C you can comfortably do development on a single disk. The DRI system requires two disks or a hard disk drive.

EDITOR EXCELS

The mouse-driven editor is easy to use, which I found hard to get used to at first—being a veteran of MicroEmacs and other keyboard-controlled editors.

continued on next page

The design of the editor shows that a great deal of thought went into it. The main commands are accessible from both the drop-down menus and the keyboard. You can open multiple file windows at once and move information between them. The windows can be in Overlap or Tile mode (where they don't overlap). You can cut and paste blocks, delete marked blocks or shift marked text right or left.

One real lifesaver is the Undo key buffer—if, for example, you've erased half of your program, just press the Undo key and it all comes back. This has saved my skin several times already.

The editor's configuration menu allows it to be customized to almost anyone's taste. You can set the tab size, toggle the auto-indent mode, choose the auto-save feature, make the tabs visible, or turn the case sensitivity on and off. The auto-save feature is handy if you live where electric power isn't too stable. The editor supports full searchand-replace features as well as a GOTO-line command. It also has a built-in table of the C operators and their precedence, which adds a nice touch. Finally, there is an information screen that gives you statistics on the program you are currently editing.

SINGLE PASS

A primary reason for the Megamax C compiler's speed is that it is a single-pass compiler. It only needs to read once through your source code to generate code for the linker. This is quite different than DRI's Alcyon C, which is a three-pass compiler. Single-pass compilers often have restrictions on how you must place your code (most often a function must be defined before it can be used). I am happy to report that Megamax has *somehow* gotten around this. After using that system for some time now, I have yet to run into anything that hints at those singlepass limitations.

The Megamax compiler also allows in-line assembly code, so you don't need to buy an assembler for timecritical routines. Unlike some other languages, the assembler isn't cut-down, nor does it require you to do most of the assembly by hand. Rather, it's full-featured. Just type ASM and a left curly bracket. From this point on, until a right curly bracket is encountered, write as though you were in an assembler, and the compiler will act as one.

Since the assembler is part of the compiler it has two major advantages. First, the code is efficient and well integrated into the program. Second, all the variables that would normally be accessed by a function are available to the assembly code, greatly simplifying the passing of data to the assembly routine.

LIBRARY LINKER

The linker is more complex than the DRI counterpart and it allows use of multiple libraries. Aside from the default system library, you can add your own custom libraries containing your functions and routines. The linker will load in only the library modules that the code needs. So your programs use only the routines necessary, instead of having the code for the whole library tacked onto it. The linker handles the process of overlays automatically. You don't need to specify anything in your code other than the word "overlay." The linker takes care of all the headaches.

The linker also gives you priority over the functions in the libraries. Any name that you define in your program is given precedence over the one in the library, so you can customize functions as the need arises. But the cost of all these benefits is speed. I found the Megamax linker to be only *twice* as fast as the DRI linker.

As if all of these features weren't enough, the Megamax package also includes a code improver (speed increase about 3 percent, size reduction about 10 percent), a disassembler and a librarian for setting up your own libraries.

The resource construction set is also a nice surprise. It seems easier to use than the Atari version. The documentation is complete and includes all the ST system calls. But don't expect to learn the language or the interrupt system from the manual, it was written to provide information on the implementation, not to teach.

Under Megamax's upgrade policy, you send in your master disk and a check for \$20, and you'll receive the latest revision and all necessary documentation updates. Also, there are no royalties for selling programs produced with Megamax.

THE 32K DRAWBACK

There are a few drawbacks to Megamax C, though. It cannot compile into blocks larger than 32K, due to the limits of the computer that the progam was ported from. This means you must use overlays for large programs.

Arrays also cannot be larger than 32K, so moving an entire screen gets a bit tricky if you expect to do it in an array. But you can access plus or minus 2 billion bytes by using pointers, so this isn't very hard to overcome.

Megamax C is a good deal. If you plan to program in C on the Atari ST, don't even think about another C compiler. This one has it all. The ease of use and the speed of compilation would pay for Megamax C just in the time saved.

MEGAMAX C Megamax, Inc. P.O. Box 851521 Richardson, TX 75085 (214) 987-4931 \$199.95.

A



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General Features:

5¼ inch floppy drive unit includes cable for direct connection to the ATARI™ computer or to the 3½ inch ATARI™ drive.

FCC CERTIFIED

Dimensions:

2.75" (69.85 mm) x 5.93" (150.8 mm) x 12.0" (304.8 mm), Height x Width x Length.

Power Requirements: 110V AC

Characteristics:

Microbyte-A

Double Sided/Double Density 48 tracks per inch 360K capacity

Microbyte-B

Double Sided/Quad Density 96 tracks per inch 720K capacity

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from this issue. Listings are easier to type and proofread, easy to remove and save in a binder if you wish.

| WEATHER MAPS FROM SPACE | |
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| WEFAX DECODER | 5 |
| METEOROLOGIST'S AT-HOME FORECASTER | |
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DISK SUBSCRIBERS: Programs for 8-bit Atari computers can be used immediately. Just follow instructions in the accompanying magazine articles. ST Owners: See monthly disk's ST Help File for instructions on how to transfer programs to 3-1/2 inch disk.

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Antic program listings are typeset on the Star's SB-10 printer—from Star Micronics, Inc., 200 Park Avenue, New York, NY 10166.

TYPING SPECIAL ATARI CHARACTERS

Antic printed program listings leave a small space between each Atari Special Character for easier reading. Immediately below you will see the way Antic prints all the standard Atari letters and numbers, in upper and lower case, in normal and inverse video.

ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZOBCDEFCHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZabcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyzOCCCEGGHOKUNDOCQDSHUVEXYZ0123456789O125056289

The Atari Special Characters and the keys you must type in order to get them are shown in the two boxes below.

| | FOR TYPE FOR TYPE THIS THIS THIS THIS |
|---|--|
| NORMAL VIDEOFOR THISTYPE THIS© CTRL CTRL A© CTRL T | ▲ CTRL , ▲ CTRL A ▲ CTRL B ▲ CTRL B ▲ CTRL C ▲ CTRL C ▲ CTRL C ▲ CTRL C ▲ CTRL D ■ ESC ▲ CTRL E ■ ESC ▲ CTRL F ▲ CTRL F ▲ CTRL G ■ NSERT ▲ CTRL H ■ ESC ▲ CTRL H ■ ESC ▲ CTRL H ■ ESC ▲ CTRL A ■ ESC ■ ▲ CTRL K ■ ESC ■ ▲ CTRL N ■ ▲ CTRL N ■ ▲ CTRL N ■ ▲ CTRL N ■ ▲ CTRL A ■ ▲ CTRL N ■ ▲ CTRL A ■ ▲ CTRL C ■ ▲ CTRL A ■ ▲ CTRL N ■ ▲ CTRL N ■ ▲ CTRL N ■ ▲ CTRL N ■ ▲ CTRL A ■ ▲ CTRL N ■ ▲ CTRL N |

Whenever the CONTROL key (CTRL on the 400/800) or SHIFT key is used, *hold it down* while you press the next key. Whenever the ESC key is pressed, *release* it before you type the next key.

Turn on inverse video by pressing the Reverse Video Mode Key \square . Turn it off by pressing it a second time. (On the 400/800, use the Atari Logo Key \bigwedge instead.)

Among the most common program typing mistakes are switching certain capital letters with their lower-case counterparts—you need to look especially carefully at P, X, O and O (zero).

Some of Atari Special Characters are not easy to tell apart from standard alpha-numeric characters. Usually the Special Characters will be boxed. Compare the two sets of characters below:

| SPECIAL | | | STANDARD | | |
|---------|---|--------|----------|--|---------|
| | Z | CTRL F | 1 | | 1 |
| | | CTRL G | N | | SHIFT + |
| | | CTRL N | | | SHIFT - |
| | | CTRL R | - | | |
| | 0 | CTRL S | HE | | + |

HOW TO USE TYPO II

TYPO II is the improved automatic proofreading program for Antic's type-in BASIC listings. It finds the exact line where you made a program typing mistake.

Type in TYPO II and SAVE a copy to disk or cassette. Now type GOTO 32000. When you see the instruction on the screen, type in a single program line without the two-letter TYPO II code at left of the line number. Press [RETURN].

Your line will reappear at the bottom of the screen with a two-letter TYPO II code on the left. If this code is not exactly the same as the line code printed in the magazine, you mistyped something in that line.

To call back any line previously typed, type an asterisk [*] followed (without in-between spaces) by the line number, then press [RETURN]. When the complete line appears at the top of the screen, press [RETURN] again. This is also the way you use TYPO II to proofread itself.

To LIST your program, press [BREAK] and type LIST. To return to TYPO II, type GOTO 32000.

To remove TYPO II from your program, type LIST "D:FILENAME",0,31999 [RETURN] (Cassette owners LIST "C:). Type NEW, then ENTER "D:FILENAME" [RETURN] (Cassette-ENTER "C:). Your program is now in memory without TYPO II and you can SAVE or LIST it to disk or cassette.

Owners of the BASIC XL cartridge from O.S.S. type SET 5,0 and SET 12,0 before using TYPO II.

LISTING 1



- 32000 REM TYPO II BY ANDY BARTON 32010 REM VER. 1.0 FOR ANTIC MAGAZINE 32020 CLR :DIM LINE\$<120>:CLOSE #2:CLO HB UM HS SE #3
- 32030 OPEN #2,4,0,"E":OPEN #3,5,0,"E" 32040 ? "K":POSITION 11,1:? "MMRDMEME **AN** YC
- EM 32050 TRAP 32040:POSITION 2,3:? "Type in a program line" HS 32060 POSITION 1,4:? " ":INPUT #2;LINE \$:IF LINE\$="" THEN POSITION 2,4:LIST B :GOTO 32060 XH 32070 IF LINE\$(1,1)="*" THEN B=VAL(LIN E\$(2,LEN(LINE\$)):POSITION 2,4:LIST B: GOTO 32060
- GOTO 32060 32080 POSITION 2,10:7 "CONT" 32090 B=VAL(LINE\$):POSITION 1,3:7 " "; TH
- MF
- NY 32100 POKE 842,13:STOP CN 32110 POKE 842,12

ET 32120 ? "K":POSITION 11,1:? "WORROWHEND ":POSITION 2,15:LIST B CE 32130 C=0:ANS=C QR 32140 POSITION 2,16:INPUT #3;LINE\$:IF LINE\$="" THEN ? "LINE ";B;" DELETED":G 0TO 32050 OTO 32050 32150 FOR D=1 TO LEN(LINE\$):C=C+1:ANS= ANS+(C*ASC(LINE\$(D,D)):NEXT D 32160 CODE=INT(ANS/676) 32170 CODE=ANS-(CODE*676) 32180 HCODE=INT(CODE/26) 32190 LCODE=CODE-(HCODE*26)+65 32200 HCODE=HCODE+65 32210 POSITION 0,16:? CHR\$(HCODE);CHR\$ (LCODE) 32220 POSITION 0,2000 UU JH BH HB IE 32220 POSITION 2,13:7 "If CODE does no t match press MEMONIN and edit line a bove.":GOTO 32050 UG

how to use the program, why it works



LISTING 1

Don't type the TYPO II Codes!

- ZG
- 10 REM WEFAX 20 REM BY PATRICK BASS 30 REM (c) 1986, ANTIC PUBLISHING 40 REM (LINES 10-220 MAY BE USED WITH 0THER BASIC LOADERS IN THIS ISSUE. 45 REM CHANGE LINE 70 AS NECESSARY.) 50 DIM FN\$(20), TEMP\$(20), AR\$(93) 60 DPL=PEEK(106592):POKE 10592,256 70 FN\$="D:FAX.EXE":REM THIS IS THE NAM E OF THE DISK FILE TO BE CREATED 80 GRAPHICS 0:?" ANTIC'S GENERIC 80ASIC LOADER" 90 7. "BY CHARLES JACKSON" 100 POKE 10592,DPL:TRAP 170 110 7 :7 '? "Creating ";FN\$'? "...Plea SE Stand by." PB ĊQ
- HG
- HO EL
- YS
- CD
- PO
- se stand by." 120 RESTORE :READ LN:LN=LN:DIM A*(LN): LP
- 130 AR\$=""":READ AR\$ 140 FOR X=1 TO LEN(AR\$) STEP 3:POKE 75 2,255 XH

- DG 150 LM=LM-1:POSITION 10,10:? "(Countdo wn...T-";INT(LM/10);") " UY 160 A*(C,C)=CHR*(VAL(AR*(X,X+2)):C=C+ 1:NEXT X:60T0 130 M2 170 IF PEEK(195)=5 THEN ?:? ? "GT00 MANY DATA LINES!":? "CANNOT CREATE FIL E!"'END CZ 180 IF C<LN+1 THEN ? ? "GT00 FEW DATA LINES!"'? "CANNOT CREATE FILE!"'END AL 200 OPEN #1,8,0,FN\$ PP 210 POKE 766,1:? #1;A\$; POKE 766,8 AF 220 CLOSE #1:GRAPHICS 0:? "MCONDUMENTAL

- KA
- ZF

continued on next page

| DP | 1030 DATA 000000000000000000000000000000000 | RH |
|----|--|------------|
| AD | 128000000000560000000221 1040 DATA 0100810071690140650012200012 2000108100705032032032032032032032032 | BA |
| GC | 032062032032032045032032032 1050 DATA 032043000000000000000000000 000000000000 | FR |
| RR | 00000000000000000000000000000000000000 | TG |
| ET | 000032040070041085076076032 1070 DATA 0790820320400770410730670820 79063032083065086073078071032087069070 | VA |
| 60 | 065088032080073067084085082 1080 DATA 0690320320760790650680730780 71032080073067084085082069032032032032 083065086069032087069070065 | ED |
| EP | 1090 DATA 0880320490320790820320500630 32252032038033032076079065068032087069 070065088032049032079082032 | MC |
| GI | 1100 DATA 050063032032032032032032032032032032032032032 | EE |
| HU | 1110 DATA 0701200320650360330000402510 40216120162253154169042141019002169199 141018002088076109045169033 | RM |
| MS | 1120 DATA 1331291690391331281730140321 41012032173015032141013032162182032048 040202208250096160000169079 | 80 |
| UL | 1130 DATA 1451282001730120321451282001 73013032145128024165128105003133128165 129105000133129024173012032 | DU |
| MU | 1140 DATA 1050641410120321730130321050 00141013032096173120002073015141020032 208001096133077041008240028 | IF |
| FL | 1150 DATA 1730160322050180322400202380 16032024173014032105001141014032173015 032105000141015032173020032 | 00 |
| UK | 1160 DATA 0410042400251730160322400202 06016032056173014032233001141014032173 015032233000141015032173020 | L) |
| LD | 1170 DATA 0320410012400251730170322400 20206017032056173014032233128141014032 173015032233000141015032173 | V) |
| UT | 1180 DATA 0200320410022400281730170322 05019032240020238017032024173014032105 128141014032173015032105000 | J |
| CB | 1190 DATA 1410150320320190400961690011 41009032169056252040247041133133169000 133132169120133135169000133 | 80 |
| GL | 1200 DATA 1341600001521451320241651321 05001133132165133105000133133056165134 233001133134165135233000133 | VI |
| LJ | 1210 DATA 1351762230961690001410100321 69056133133169000133132169120133135169 000133134160000177132073255 | A] |
| UY | 1220 DATA 1451320241651321050011331321 65133105000133133173010032208023165133 197137144017165132197136144 | 51 |
| OR | | HI |
| YR | 1240 DATA 0710321690001410700321690001 41075032169000141074032169056133137169 000133136169056141082032169 | KI |
| PO | 1250 DATA 0001410810321730790321410800 32169002141085032169128141078032169000 141084032096173000211016003 | Pi |
| AO | 1260 DATA 1690000441690010770090320081 60000173078032073255049136145136040240 007173078032017136145136173 | 0 |
| UH | | Q |
| MQ | 1280 DATA 0322050770321440081730740322 05076032176030078078032208024169128141 078032173083032141084032024 | HI |
| IK | 1290 DATA 1651361050011331361651371050 00133137096169128141078032173083032141 084032169000141075032169000 | 0. |
| VO | 1300 DATA 1410740321730800322400141730 81032133136173082032133137206080032096 173079032141080032024173070 | 01 |
| IN | 1310 DATA 0321050011410700321730710321 05000141071032024173081032105064141081 032173082032105000141082032 | MI |
| JU | 1320 DATA 1730810321331361730820321331 37173071032205073032144013173070032205 072032144005169003141085032 | FI |
| | | |

| RH | 1330 DATA 0961690801410082101691601410 01210141003210173098032141000210173095 |
|-----|--|
| BA | 032141002210169194133016141 1340 DATA 0142100961690031410850321691 92133016141014210096138072152072174085 |
| FR | 032240014224003240010224001 1350 DATA 2080030321300410321900411043 68104170104064141027032162080169011153 |
| TG | 066003169027157068003169244 1360 DATA 042239043032157069003169001 57072003169000157073003032086228096162 |
| VA | 080169003157066003169008157 1370 DATA 0740031690001570750030760290 43080058000169026157068003169043157069 |
| ED | 003032086228162080169011157 1380 DATA 066003169063157068003169032 |
| MC | 5706900316900515707200316900015707300 032086228169175141022032169 1390 DATA 192141021032169000141026032 |
| EE | 6905914102503203214204302417302103210 001141021032173022032105000 1400 DATA 141022032056173025032233001 |
| RN | 4102503217302603223300014102603217621 162080169012157066003032086 1410 DATA 228096162080169011157066003 |
| QD | 6906815706800316903215706900316900215 072003169000157073003032086 1420 DATA 228162080169011157066003169 |
| | 7215706800316903215706900316900215707 003169000157073003032086228 |
| DV | 1430 DATA 173072032141023032173073032 4102403217302103213314017302203213314 160000177140032228042056165 |
| IR | 1440 DATA 140233064133140165141240043 3504423300013314105617302303223300114 023032173024032233000141024 |
| 00 | 1450 DATA 032173023032013024032208211 6901303222804209616900014104700203224 040169000141016032141017032 |
| LX | 1460 DATA 169056141015032169000141014 3203201904016903314104900216903614104 |
| VX | 002169026141196002169000141 1470 DATA 197002141200002169010141198 0216905214119900216903414104700209617 |
| JQ | 000032133142173001032133143 1480 DATA 169000141001032169000141000 3216514200514324004705616514223300113 |
| Q G | 142165143233000133143248024 1490 DATA 173000032105001141000032173 0103210500014100103221605616514223300 |
| VL | 133142165143233000133143176 1500 DATA 222173000032072173001032032 8704414000003214200103210403218704414 |
| AI | 002032142003032096072041240 1510 DATA 074074074074032201044168104 4101502410504800919217009616900014100 |
| SH | 032169000141000032173079032 1520 DATA 141000032032087044173003032 4110103217307603223604423104514100003 |
| WN | 173077032141001032032087044 1530 DATA 162000189000032157106032232 |
| ки | 2400414424517309803214100003217309903 141001032032087044162000189 1540 DATA 000032157115032232224004144 |
| PH | 4516201918910003205623303215712003220 01624409600000000000000000 1550 DATA 000000000000000000000000000000000 |
| | 0008006508207506006204304504905005107 067076083229045240045246045 |
| 05 | 4612104615104618104604304124404013904 211046032019044032208044162 |
| QO | 1570 DATA 064169003157066003169004157 7400316900015707500307613804507505800 169135157068003169045157069 |
| нн | 1580 DATA 003032086228169003141085032 3209704017325200220125524024616206416 007157066003169048157068003 |
| 0 J | |
| OM | 1600 DATA 076156045032218045076156045 3801017018908004507218907904507209616 |
| MR | 3209617308503220100220801117307403201 |
| FF | 3217307903220101014400516900014107903 |
| | 076208044056173076032233001 |

| FG | 1630 DATA 1410760321730770322330001410 77032076208044024173076032105001141076 |
|----------|---|
| BN | 032173077032105000141077032 1640 DATA 0762080440561730980322330011 41098032173099032233000141099032032208 |
| ы | 044076153042024173098032105 1650 DATA 0011410980321730990321050001 41099032032208044076153042173090032141 |
| Y B | 098032173091032141099032173 1660 DATA 0960321410760321730970321410 77032032208044076153042173088032141098 |
| IZ | 032173089032141099032173094 1670 DATA 0321410760321730950321410770 32032208044076153042173086032141098032 |
| RE | 173087032141099032173092032 1680 DATA 1410760321730930321410770320 32208044076153042032186042162019189172 |
| DJ | 032056233032157120032202016 1690 DATA 2280462230472441620641690071 57066003169048157068003169045157069003 169001157072003169000157073 |
| HA | 1700 DATA 0030320862281730480452010772 08003076023047201070208003076233047076 208044162019189192032056233 |
| GH | 1710 DATA 0321571200322020162441620481 69003157066003169008157074003169000157 075003169161157068003169032 |
| JG | 1720 DATA 1570690030320862280160131620 48169012157066003032086228076208044173 040033133128173041033133129 |
| DV | 1730 DATA 1621921600001420060321771281 40007032073255141048045162048169011157 966603169048152068003169045 |
| IX | 1740 DATA 1570690031690011570720031690 00157073003032086228172007032200192040 144208024165128105064133128 |
| IO | 1750 DATA 1651291050001331291740060322 02208184173200002141048045173196002141 049045173197002141050045173 |
| AC | 1760 DATA 1980021410510451620481690111 57066003169048157068003169045157069003 169004157072003169000157073 |
| VS | 1770 DATA 0030320862281620481690122240 47219048157066003032086228076208044162 019189232032056233032157120 |
| TL | 1780 DATA 0322020162441620641690071570 66003169048157068003169045157069003169 001157072003169000157073003 |
| XS | 1790 DATA 0320862281730480452010492400 04201050208201173048045141158032162048 169003157066003169008157074 |
| C J | 1800 DATA 0031690001570750031691501570 68003169032157069003032086228016013162 048169012157066003032086228 |
| SL | 1810 DATA 0762080441620191891920320562 33032157120032202016244162048169011157 066003169000157068003169056 |
| PM | 1820 DATA 1570690031690001570720031691 20157073003032086228162048169012157066 003032086228076208044032186 1830 DATA 0421620191892520320562330321 |
| KD | 57120032202016244162064169007157066003 169048157068003169045157069 |
| FZ | 1840 DATA 0031690011570720031690001570 73003032086228173048045201049240007201 050240003076208044173048045 1850 DATA 1411580321620481690031570660 |
| KJ | 03169004157074003169220048066049000157 075003169150157068003169032 |
| KA | 1860 DATA 1570690030320862280160271620 19189016033056233032157120032202016244 162048169012157066003032086 |
| TO | 1870 DATA 2280762080441620191892120320 56233032157120032202016244162048169007 157066003169000157068003169 |
| GH GC | 1880 DATA 0561570690031690001570720031 69120157073003032086228162048169012157 066003032086228076208044224 1890 DATA 002225002000040 |
| 66 | 1070 DHIM 002220002000040 |
| | |

LISTING 2

| 0100 | - ; C | 1:FAX.M65 | |
|------|-------|----------------------------|---|
| 0110 | 3 | By Patrick Bass | |
| 0120 | 1 | (c) 1986, Antic Publishing | 9 |
| 0130 | 3 | version 052886 | |

| 0140 0150 | •TITLE "Atari WEFAX" .TF PASS=0 |
|----------------------------|------------------------------------|
| 0160 | .INCLUDE #D1:5Y5EQU.M65 |
| 0170 0180 | ·INCLUDE #D1:IOMAC.LIB ·ENDIF |
| 0100 | PASS = 1 |
| 0200 | TOTALCODE = ENDCODE-STARTCODE |
| 0210 0220 | ·OPT NO LIST ·OPT NO MLIST |
| 0230 | · PAGE |
| 0240 | .INCLUDE #D1:FAXA.M65 |
| 0250 0260 | ENDCODE |
| 0270 | *= \$02E0 |
| 0280 0290 | • WORD STARTCODE • OPT NO LIST |
| 0290 | END |

LISTING 3

| 0100 | :D1:FAXA.M65 |
|--------------|------------------------------|
| 0110 | ;By Patrick Bass |
| 0120 | ; (c) 1986, Antic Publishing |
| 0130 0140 | ;Included from D:FAX.M65 |
| 0150 | MACRO ADD H |
| 0160 | CLC |
| 0170 | LDA ×1 |
| 0180 | ADC # <%2 |
| 0190 | 5TA ×1 LDA ×1+1 |
| 0200 0210 | LDA ×1+1 ADC # >×2 |
| 8228 | STA ×1+1 |
| 0230 | · ENDM |
| 0240 | 3 |
| 0250 | MACRO SUB-H |
| 0260 0270 | SEC LDA ×1 |
| 0280 | 5BC # <%2 |
| 0290 | STA ×1 |
| 0300 | LDA %1+1 |
| 0310 | 5BC # >×2 |
| 0320 | 5TA ×1+1 |
| 0330 0340 | · ENDM |
| 0350 | MACRO LEA-W |
| 8360 | LDA # >×1 |
| 0370 | STA ×2+1 |
| 0380 | LDA # <%1 |
| 0390 0400 | STA %2 •ENDM |
| 0410 | · ENDIT |
| 0420 | .MACRO MOVE.B |
| 0430 | LDA ×1 |
| 8440 | STA ×2 |
| 8450 | • ENDM |
| 0460 0470 | · MACRO MOVE·W |
| 0480 | MOVE.B ×1,×2 |
| 8498 | MOVE.B ×1+1,×2+1 |
| 0500 | • ENDM |
| 0510 | ; |
| 0520 | ·MACRO POKE LDA # <%2 |
| 0530 | STA X1 |
| 0550 | . ENDM |
| 0560 | 1 |
| 0570 | MACRO ALSO |
| 0580 | STA ×1 .ENDM |
| 0590 | · ENDI |
| 0610 | MACRO WRITE |
| 0620 | LDX #19 |
| 0630 | eplc |
| 8648 8658 | LDA ×1,X Sec |
| 0660 | 5BC #\$20 |
| 0670 | 5TA %2,X |
| 0680 | DEX |
| 0690 | BPL CPLC |
| 0700 0710 | - ENDM |
| 0720 | MACRO MOVEM |
| 0730 | LDX #0 |
| 0740 | eAA |
| | |

continued on next page

SEPTEMBER 1986

0750 LDA ×2,X STA ×3,X STA ×3,X INX CPX #×1 BCC @AA 0760 0770 0780 A79A ENDM 0888 0810 ; 0828 ;-----0830 UP = ---- Constants -----8830 UP = 1 0840 DOWN = 2 0850 LEFT = 4 0860 RIGHT = 8 0870 PRINTER = 5 0880 DI5K = 3 0890 WRITE = 8 0900 READ = 4 0910 KEYBOARD = 4 0910 KEYBOARD = 4 0920 BLANK1 = \$10 0930 BLANK8 = \$70 0940 LMS = \$40 1 ;Joystick dirs ;Die Schriber ;The diskman! JSchriben Sie 0900 0910 0920 0930 0930 Sehen Sie Eine tapper ;Dlist equates 8940 LMS = \$40 8958 MODEF = \$4F \$40 8958 NUDEF = \$47 8958 JMPWT = \$41 8978 CH = 764 9980 PIXSTART = 1 8998 PIXDRAW = 2 1888 PIXDVER = 3 ;where keys sit ;status values 1010 GHOST = \$2C 1020 ORINCOLOR = \$C0 1030 RANDOM = \$D20A 1040 IRQEN = \$D20E ;800! 1030 RHNDON - *D20H 1040 IRQEN = \$D20E ;Hardware 1050 SDMCTL = \$022F ;DMA Shadow 1060 STICK0 = \$0278 ;Stick Shadow 1070 AUDCTL = \$D208 ;Audio Control 1080 POKMSK = \$10 ;IRQEN Shadow 1090 COLOR1 = COLOR8+1 1100 COLOR1 = COLOR8+1 1110 COLOR2 = COLOR8+2 1120 COLOR3 = COLOR0+3 1130 CDLOR4 = COLOR0+3 1130 CDLOR4 = COLOR0+4 1140 ATRACT = \$4D ;It's atractive 1150 PORTA = \$D300 ;...in a storm. 1170 AUDF1 = \$D300 ;...in a storm. 1170 AUDF1 = \$D200 ;Hard sound. 1180 AUDC1 = \$D202 1200 AUDC2 = \$D203 1210 SDLSTL = \$0230 ;Dlist shadow 1220 VTIMR4 = \$0212 ;Timer4 shadow 1230 STIMER = \$D209 ;Hard time. 1240 ATARIEDL = 155 1270 AUDEL = 5020 Hardware ATARIEOL = 155 EOL = \$98 ESC = \$18 CR = 13 1240 1250 1260 ;ATARI EDL 1270 CR =13 ;Honest CR ; TOTAL.COLUMNS = 476 ;512 TIMER.DELAY = \$0751 ;06F2 BYTES.PER.LINE = 64 NUM.SCAN.LINES = 480 SCAN.LINES.ONSCREEN = 182 BPL = BYTES.PER.LINE NSL = NUM.SCAN.LINES SLD = SCAN.LINES.ONSCREEN SCPFEN = \$3800 1290 1300 1310 1320 1330 1340 1350 1360 1370 SCREEN = \$3800 SCREIZE = NSL*BPL SCREENEND = SCREEN+SCRSIZE-1 PRINTSTART = SCREEN+SCRSIZE-BPL 1380 1390 1400 1400 1410 1420 1430 1440 1450 1460 1470 1480 1500 1510 1520 ; 1530 *= \$2000 1540 DECIMAL .WORD 0,0,0 1550 XINDEX .BYTE 0 1560 YINDEX .BYTE 0 1570 OREDCOLOR .BYTE 0 1580 INUMASK .BYTE 1 ;Inverso-matic 1590 HIGHFLAG .BYTE 0 1600 TEMP .BYTE 0 ;Used somewhere 1610 MLADDR .WORD 0 ;ModeLine Addr 1620 DISPLAY .WORD 0 ;From the top 1630 HORIZ.COUNT .BYTE 0 1640 VERT.COUNT .BYTE 0 1520 2

1650 HORIZ.LIMIT .BYTE BPL-40-4 1660 VERT.LIMIT .BYTE 140 1670 STICK .BYTE 0 ;Shadow-our-own 1680 1690 1690 PSTARTADR .HORD 0 1700 PRINTROH .HORD 0 1710 PRINTCOL .HORD 0 **1720 BUFFER** 1730 .WORD 0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0 1740 .WORD 0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0 1750 IPMESS .BYTE ESC,"@",ESC,"A",8 1760 PPMESS .BYTE ESC,"K" 1770 1770 ; 1780 CURRROH .WORD 0 1790 NUMROH .WORD NUM.SCAN.LINES 1800 CURRCOL .WORD 0 1810 NUMCOL .WORD TOTAL.COLUMNS 1820 COLMASK .BYTE \$80 1830 COLSKIP .BYTE 0 1846 EXTROUMT PATE 0 1830 COLSKIP .BYTE 0 1840 SKIPCOUNT .BYTE 0 1850 STARTADR .WORD SCREEN 1860 SPEEDADJ .BYTE 0 1870 ADJCOUNT .BYTE 0 1880 STATUS .BYTE 0 1890 MICROM .WORD 2781 1900 THOPER .WORD TIMER.DELAY 1910 ONEPER .WORD 3753 ;*0EA9 1920 MICROROW .WORD 321 1930 THOLINEROH .WORD TOTAL.COLUMNS 1940 ONELINEROW .WORD TOTAL.COLUMNS 1950 TIMERCOUNT .WORD TIMER.DELAY 1950 J 1960 ; 1970 ST.LINE 1980 .BY .BYTE "K " .BYTE " < .BYTE " -> ** 1990 2000 BYTE 4.11 2010 TEXT.LINE 2020 BYTE 0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0 2030 BYTE 0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0 2040 BYTE 0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0 2040 2858 2060 FILENAME 2070 .BYTE "D:WEFAX." 2000 FILENAME.X 2090 .BYTE " ",ATARIEOL,0 2090 BYTE 2100 MFILENAME 2100 AFILENAME 2110 .BYTE "D'PICTURE",ATARIEOL,0 2120 TYPEMESS 2130 .BYTE "CF>ULL OR (M>ICRO?" 2140 SAVINGMESS 2150 .BYTE "SAVING HEFAX PICTURE" 2160 LOADERMESS 2170 .BYTE "LOADING PICTURE" 2180 SAVEMESS 2190 .BYTE "SAVE HEFAX 1 OR 2?" 2190 .BYTE " SAVE WEFAX 1 OR 2? " 2200 LOADMESS 2210 .BYTE " LOAD WEFAX 1 OR 2? " 2220 BLANKMESS · BYTE " 2230 2248 ; 2250 ;----2260 DLIST 2270 2270 .BYTE BLANK8,BLANK8,BLANK8 2280 SUBDL 2290 *= *+[510*3] •BYTE BLANK1 •BYTE LMS+6 FHORD TEXT.LINE 2300 2310 2320 2330 ; BYTE JMPHT 2340 2360 2360 ; 2370 2370 ;-----2380 *= \$2800 2390 STARTCODE 2490 CLD 2410 SEI LDX #*FD 2430 2440 2450 2460 TXS LEA.W PLOTDATA,VTIMR4 CLI JMP MAIN 2470 ; 2490 J 2490 BUILD.LIST 2500 LEA.W SUBDL,POINTER.A 2510 MOVE.W DISPLAY,MLADDR 2520 LDX #SCAN.LINES.ONSCREEN 2520 2530 2540 BL1 JSR BUILD.MODE.LINE

```
2550
               DEX
2568
             BNE BL1
2570
       3
2580
               RTS
2590
       ;
2600
2610 BUILD.MODE.LINE
2620 LDY #0
               LDA #MODEF
2630
               STA (POINTER.A),Y
2640
2650
              LDA MLADDR
STA (POINTER.A),Y
INY
2660 2670
2680
              LDA MLADDR+1
STA (POINTER.A),Y
ADD.W POINTER.A,3
ADD.W MLADDR,BPL
2690
2700
2710
2720
2730
2740
               RT5
       $
2750 ;----
2760 SCROLL
2770 LD1
2780 E01
2790 ST
             DLL
LDA STICKO
EOR #$0F
STA STICK
BNE TRY.RIGHT
2868
2819
               RTS
2820 ;
2830 TRY.RIGHT
              STA ATRACT
AND #RIGHT
2840
2850
2860
              BEQ TRY-LEFT
2870
       ;
              LDA HORIZ.COUNT
CMP Horiz.Limit
Beq try.left
2890
2900
2910
       1
2920
              INC HORIZ COUNT
2930
                ADD.W DISPLAY,I
2948 TRY.LEFT
              LDA STICK
AND #LEFT
BEQ TRY-UP
2950
2960
2970
2980
       3
             LDA HORIZ.COUNT
BEQ TRY.UP
2990
3000
       DEC HORIZ.COUNT
SUB.W DISPLAY,1
TRY.UP
3010
3020
3030
3848
         LDA STICK
AND #UP
BEQ TRY.DOWN
3050
3060
3070
3080
       2
              LDA VERT.COUNT
BEQ TRY.DOWN
3898
3100
3110 ;
              DEC VERT.COUNT
SUB.W DISPLAY,BPL*2
3120
3130
       TRY DOWN
LDA STICK
AND #DOWN
BEQ FIXDL
3140
3150
3160
3170
3180
       3
              LDA VERT.COUNT
CMP VERT.LIMIT
BEQ FIXDL
3190
3200
3210
3220
       ;
              INC VERT.COUNT
Add.H display,Bpl*2
3230
3240
3250
       FIXDL
3260
              JSR BUILD.LIST
              RT5
3280
       ;
        ;-----
3290
      CLEAR.SCREEN
POKE INVMASK,1
LEA.W SCREEN,POINTER.B
LEA.W SCRSIZE,COUNTER.B
3300
3310
3320
3330
       CLS1
3340
             LDY #0
3350
              TYA
STA (POINTER.B),Y
ADD.W POINTER.B,1
SUB.W COUNTER.B,1
BCS CLS1
3370
3380
3390
3400
3410
3420
3430
       3
              RTS
       1
```

```
3450 INU.SCREEN3460POKEHIGHFLAG,03470LEA.HSCREEN,POINTER.B3480LEA.HSCRSIZE,COUNTER.B
 3490 INU1
 3500
               LDY #10
                LDA (POINTER.8),Y
EOA #$FF
 3510
 3520
                       (POINTER.B),Y
 3530
                 STA
                 ADD.W POINTER.8,1
 3540
 3550 ;
 3560
                LDA HIGHFLAG
DNE INV2
 3580 ;
3590 ;
                LDA POINTER.8+1
CNP POINTER.C+1
HCC INV2
 3600
 3610
 3620 ;
                LDA POINTER.B
GMP POINTER.C
BCC INV2
 3630
 3649
 3650
 3660 :
                INC HIGHFLAG
LDA INUMASK
EDR #$01
 3670
 3680
 3690
 3700
3710 INV2
500.W
 3700
                 STA INVMASK
                             COUNTER.B.1
 3730 3740 3
                BCS INV1
 3750 ;
                RTS
3700 ;
3770 ;
3780 INITFAXMAP
3780 LEA.W
3790 LEA.W
                 LEA.W 0,CURRROW
LEA.W 0,CURRCOU
LEA.W 0,CURRCOU
LEA.W SCREEN,POINTER.C
LEA.W SCREEN,STARTADR
MOVE.B COLSKIP,SKIPCOUNT
Poke STATUS,PIXDRAW
Poke Colmask,$80
Poke Adjcount,0
 3810
 3820
 3830
 3840
 3850
 3860
3870
                RT5
 3880 ;
 3890 ;--
 3900 GETPOINT
3910 LDA PORTA
3920 BPL PLTO
 3930 ;
               LDA #0
.Byte ghost
 3940
 3950
 3960 PLT0
                LDA #1
Eur invmask
 3970
 3980
 3990 ;
 4000
                PHP
                LDY NH
4010 4020
                LDA COLMASK
                EOR #$FF
AND (POINTER.C),Y
STA (POINTER.C),Y
 4030
 4040
 4050
 4060
                PLP
 4070
                BEG PLT1
4080 ;
                LDA COLMASK
 4090
                DRA (POINTER.C),Y
STA (POINTER.C),Y
 4100
4110
4120 PLT1
4130 LDA ADJCOUNT
4140 BEO PROCESS.POINT
                DEC ADJCOUNT
RTS
4160 4170
 4180 ;
 4190
 4200 PROCESS.POINT
               ADD.W CURRCOL,1
LDA CURRCOL,1
CMP NUMCOL+1
BCC PR01
 4210
 4220
 4230
 4240
 4250 ;
 4260
                LDA CURRCOL
CMP NUMCOL
 4270
 4280
                BC5 PR02
 4290 PR01
                LSR COLMASK
BNE PRO1X
 4300
4310
4320 ;
 4330
                POKE COLMASK, $80
```

; ----

3440

```
4340
4350
                    MOVE.8 SPEEDADJ.ADJ
ADD.W POINTER.C.1
                                     SPEEDADJ, ADJCOUNT
          PR01X
4360
4370
                   RT5
4380
4390 PR02
                  POKE COLMASK,$80
MOVE.B SPEEDADJ,ADJCOUNT
LEA.H 0,CURRCOL
LDA SKIPCOUNT
BEQ PRO3
4400
4410
4420
4430
4448
4450
          - 3
4468
                     MOVE . W
                                    STARTADR, POINTER.C
                   DEC SKIPCOUNT
4480
                   ŘŤŠ
4490
          1
4500
                                 _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _
4510
         PRO3
                  MOVE.B COLSKIP,SKIPCOUNT
ADD.W CURRROW,1
ADD.W STARTADR,BPL
Move.W Startadr,Pointer.C
LDA CURRROW+1
CMP NUMROW+1
4520 4530
4540 4550
4560
4570
4580
                   BCC PR04
4590
         3
                   LDA CURRROW
CMP NUMROW
BCC PR04
4688
4610
4620
4630 ;
                    POKE STATUS, PIXOVER
4640
4650 PR04
4660
                  RTS
4670
          1
4690 START . TIMER
                  POKE AUDCTL,$50
Poke Audc1,$A0
Also Audc2
4700
4710
4720
                    MESS HUDD2
MOVE.B TIMERCOUNT,AUDF1
MOVE.B TIMERCOUNT+1,AUDF2
POKE POKMSK,$C2
ALSO IRQEN
4730
4740
4750
4760
4770
4780 ;
4790 ;-
                   RTS
4790 ,
4800 STOP.TIMER
4810 POKE
4820 POKE
                                STATUS, PIXOVER
Pokmsk, $C0
4830
                     ALSO
                                IRQEN
4840
                   RTS
4850 ;
4869
                                4870 PLOTDATA
4880
                   TXA
                  PHA
Tya
Pha
LDX Status
4898
4900
4910
4920
4930
                  BEG PLOTEXIT
         3
4950
                   CPX #PIXOVER
4960
                  BEQ PLOTEXIT
          3
                  CPX #PIXSTART
BNE PLOTFAXMAP
4980
5000 ;

      5010
      JSR INITFAXMAP

      5020
      PLOTFAXMAP

      5030
      JSR GETPOINT

      5040
      PLOTEXIT

      5050
      PLA

      5060
      TAY

      5070
      PLA

      5080
      TAY

5080
5090
                   TAX
5100
                   RTI
5110
         2
5120
5130 PRINTBYTE
               STA BUFFER
BPUT PRINTER, BUFFER, 1
5140
5150
                   RTS
5160
5170
         1
5180 ;----

5190 PRINTFAXMAP

5200 OPEN PRINTER, WRITE, 0, "P:"

5210 BPUT PRINTER, IPMESS, 5

5220 LEA.H PRINTSTART, PSTARTADR

5230 LEA.H BPL-5, PRINTCOL
5180 ;--
```

```
5240 PL1
                  JSR PRINTALINE
Add.W PStartadr,1
SUB.W Printcol,1
 5250
 5260
 5270
5289
                  BCS PL1
 5298 ;
 5300
                    CLOSE PRINTER
                  RTS
 5310
 5320 1
           .....
 5330
 5340 PRINTALINE
5350 BPUT PRINTER, PPME55, 2
5360 BPUT PRINTER, NUMROW, 2
5370 MOVE.W NUMROW, PRINTROW
5380 MOVE.W PSTARTADR, POINTER.D
5390 PLP1
                  LDY #0
LDA (POINTER.D),Y
JSR PRINTBYTE
 5400
 5410
 5420
                  SUB.W POINTER.D,BPL
SUB.W PRINTROW,1
LDA PRINTROW
ORA PRINTROW+1
BNE PLP1
 5438
5440
 5458
 5468
5470
 5488 ;
                  LDA #CR
JSR PRINTBYTE
RT5
 5490
 5500
 5510
 5520 ;
 5530 ;
5540 INIT-SCREEN
POKE SDMCTL,0
                  I.SCREEN

POKE SDMCTL,0

JSR CLEAR.SCREEN

POKE HORIZ.COUNT,0

ALSO VERT.COUNT

LEA.W SCREEN,DISPLAY

JSR BUILD.LIST

LEA.W DLIST,SDLSTL

POKE COLOR0,$1A

POKE COLOR1,0

ALSO COLOR4

POKE COLOR2,$0A

POKE COLOR2,$0A
 5560
 5570
5580
 5590
5600
5610
5620
5630
                                COLOR4
COLOR2,$0A
COLOR3,$34
 5549
5650
 5660
                    POKE
                     POKE
                                SDMCTL,$22
 5670
 5680
                  RTS
 5690 ;
 5780 ;--
                                    ______
 5710 DECIMALIZE
5720 MOVE.W DECIMAL,COUNTER.D
5730 LEA.W 0,DECIMAL
5740 LDA COUNTER.D
5750 ORA COUNTER.D+1
5760 BEQ DECIX
 5770 ;
5780 5790 DECI1
                    SUB.W COUNTER.D.1
 5800
                  SED
                     ADD.W DECIMAL,1
  5810
  5820
                   CLD
  5830
                     SÜB·W
                                 COUNTER.D,1
  5840
                   BCS DECI1
  5850 DECIX
                  LDA DECIMAL
Pha
  5860
  5870
                   LDA DECIMAL+1
  5880
                  JSR DEC.TO.ASCII
Sty Decimal
Sty Decimal+1
PLA
 5890
 5908
5910
  5920
                   JSR DEC.TO.ASCII
Sty Decimal+2
  5930
  5940
  5950
                   STX DECIMAL+3
  5960
                   RTS
  5970 ;
 5988 ;-
5990 DEC.TO.ASCII
5990 PHA
PHA
                   AND #SF0
  6010
                   LSR
  6020
                          Â
                   LSR A
LSR A
LSR A
  6030
  6040
  6858
                  JSR CHROUT
Tay
Pla
 6868
6078
 6686
 6890
                   AND #$0F
 6100 CHROUT
6110
                  CLC
 6120
                   ADC
                         #$30
```

ORA #ORINCOLOR

6130

6140 TAX 6150 3 6160 RTS 6170 ; 6180 6190 UPDATE.STATS 6200 LEA.W 0,DECIMAL 6210 MOVE.B COLSKIP,DECIMAL 6220 JSR DECIMALIZE MOVE.B DECIMAL+3, ST.LINE+1 6230 6240 6250 6260 6270 6280 3 MOVE.W NUMCO JSR DECIMALIZE NUMCOL, DECIMAL MOVEM 4, DECIMAL, ST.LINE+6 1 6290 6300 MOVE.W TIMERCOUNT, DECIMAL JSR DECIMALIZE 6310 MOVEM 4, DECIMAL, ST.LINE+15 6320 3 6330 WRITE ST.LINE, TEXT.LINE 6349 RTS 6350 3 6360 6370 KEYBUFF

 6370
 KEYBUFF

 6380
 .WORD 0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0

 6390
 KEYTABLE

 6400
 .BYTE "P", "A", "R", "K"

 6410
 .BYTE "(", ")", "+", "-"

 6420
 .BYTE "1", "2", "3", "I"

 6430
 .BYTE "C", "L", "S"

 6430
 .BYTE "C", "L", "S"

 6440
 LENKEYTABLE

 6450 6460 KEYJUMPTABLE .WORD PRINT.A.FAXMAP-1 .Word Adjust.sync-1 6470 6480 .HURD ADJUST.SYNC-1 .HURD RESET-1 .HURD CHANGE.SKIP-1 .HURD LESS.COLUMNS-1 .HURD MORE.CILUMNS-1 .HURD MORE.TIME-1 .HURD LESS.TIME-1 .HURD SET1LINESEC-1 .HURD SET2LINESEC-1 6498 6500 6510 6520 6530 6540 6550 6560 6570 6580 WORD SETMICROMODE - 1 -WORD CLEAR.SCREEN-1 -WORD LOAD.PIX-1 6590 6600 .WORD SAVE.PIX-1 6610 6620 - 3 6630 6640 MAIN N JSR INIT.SCREEN JSR UPDATE.STATS OPEN KEYBOARD,READ,0,"K:" POKE STATUS,PIXOVER 6650 6660 6670 6680 6690 MAIN1 JSR SCROLL LDA CH CMP #\$FF 6700 6710 6720 6730 BEQ MAIN1 6740 ; BGET KEYBOARD, KEYBUFF, 1 6750 LDA KEYBUFF LDX #LENKEYTABLE 6760 6770 6780 MAIN2 6790 C CMP KEYTABLE,X BEQ MAIN3 6800 6810 1 6820 DEX BPL MAIN2 6830 6840 3 JMP MAIN1 6850 6860 6870 MAIN3 JSR PERFORM.ROUTINE JMP MAIN1 6880 6890 6900 6910 6920 PERFORM.ROUTINE ASL A TAX LDA KEYJUMPTABLE+1,X 6930 6940 6950 6960 6970 PHA 6988 LDA KEYJUMPTABLE,X 6990 PHA 7000 RTS 7010 3 7020

7040 POKE STATUS, PIXOVER JSR STOP.TIMER JMP PRINTFAXMAP 7050 7060 7070 ; 2080 7090 ADJUST.SYNC 7100 POKE ADJCOUNT,20 7110 RTS 7120 ; 7130 ; 7140 RESET 7150 LDA STATUS 7150 CMP #PIXDRAH 7160 CMP #PIXDRAH 9170 BNE GETFAXMAP 7120 2 LDA CURRCOL Ora currcol+1 BNE reset 7200 7220 ; 7230 JMP INITEAXMAP 7240 ; 7250 7260 GETFAXMAP POKE STATUS, PIXSTART JSR START.TIMER 7270 7280 7380 POKE COLSKIP,0 C511 7390 JMP UPDATE.STATS 7400 7410 7420 7430 LESS.COLUMNS 7440 SUB.W NUMCOL,1 7450 JMP UPDATE.STATS 7450 7460 ; 7470 ; 7460 MORE.COLUMNS 7490 ADD.W NUMCOL,1 7500 JMP UPDATE.STATS 7510 ; 7520 ; 7530 LESS.TIME 7540 SUB.W TIMERCOUNT.1 7550 JSR UPDATE.STATS 7560 JMP START.TIMER 7560 7570 ; 7580 ;-7590 MORE.TIME 7600 ADD.W TIMERCOUNT,1 7610 JSR UPDATE.STATS 7620 JMP START.TIMER 7630 ; 7640 7650 SET1LINESEC MOVE W ONEPER, TIMERCOUNT MOVE W ONELINEROW, NUMCOL JSR UPDATE STATS JMP START TIMER MOVE . W 7660 7670 7680 7690 7700 ; 7710 ; 7720 SET2LINESEC 7730 MOVE·W 7740 MOVE·W MOVE-W TWOPER,TIMERCOUNT MOVE-W TWOLINEROW,NUMCOL JSR UPDATE-STATS JMP START-TIMER 7750 7760 7770 ; 7780 7790 SETMICROMODE MOVE.W MICROM,TIMERCOUNT Move.W MICROROW,NUMCOL JSR UPDATE.STATS JMP START.TIMER 7800 7810 7820 7830 7840 ; 7850 7860 SAVE.PIX 7870 JSR STOP.TIMER 7880 WRITE TYPEMESS,TEXT.LINE 7890 BGET KEYBOARD, KEYBUFF, 1 7900 LDA KEYBUFF CMP #'M 7920

2030 PRINT A FAXMAP

7938 BNE SP3 7940 3 JMP SAVEMICRO 7960 SP3 7970 CMP #'F 7980 BNE SP4 7990 3 8888 JMP SAVEFULL 8010 SP4 8020 8030 JMP UPDATE STATS 1 8840 ------SAVEMICRO 8050 WRITE SAVINGMESS, TEXT.LINE OPEN DISK, 8, 0, MFILENAME OPL SAM0 8869 8080 8090 2 8100 CLOSE DISK 8110 JMP UPDATE.STATS 8120 8130 SAMO 8140 MOVE.W SUBDL+1, POINTER.A 8150 LDX #192 8169 8179 SAM1 LDY #0 STX XINDEX 8180 8190 SAN2 8200 LDA (POINTER.A),Y STY YINDEX 8210 8220 EOR #SFF 8238 **STA KEYBUFF** 8240 8250 8260 8270 8280 8290 BPUT DIS LDY YINDEX DISK, KEYBUFF, 1 INY CPY #40 BCC 5AM2 3 8388 POINTER.A, BPL ADD . H LDX XINDEX 8310 8320 DEX 8330 BNE SAM1 8340 - 3 MOVE.B COLOR4, KEYBUFF MOVE.B COLOR0, KEYBUFF+1 MOVE.B COLOR1, KEYBUFF+2 MOVE.B COLOR2, KEYBUFF+3 8350 8360 8370 8380 8390 DISK, KEYBUFF, 4 BPUT 8400 - 3 8410 CLOSE DISK 8420 8430 8449 JMP UPDATE STATS 3 8450 SAVEFULL 8468 8470 WRITE SAVEMESS, TEXT.LINE 8480 BGET KEYBOARD, KEYBUFF, 1 LDA KEYBUFF CMP #'1 8498 8588 8510 8520 BEQ SAFO ; 8530 CMP #'2 8540 BNE SAVEFULL 8558 SAF0 8569 8570 8580 8590 MOVE.B KEYBUFF, FILENAME.X 2 OPEN DISK, WRITE, 0, FILENAME BPL SAF2 8688 - 1 8610 CLOSE DISK 8620 JMP UPDATE.STATS 8630 1 8649 8658 SAF2 WRITE SAVINGMESS, TEXT.LI BPUT DISK, SCREEN, SCRSIZE CLOSE DISK 8668 SAVINGMESS, TEXT.LINE 8680 UPDATE.STATS 8690 JMP 8700 2 8718 8720 LOAD PIX 8730 8740 8750 8760 JSR STOP TIMER WRITE LOADMESS, TEXT.LINE 1 BGET KEYBOARD,KEYBUFF,1 LDA KEYBUFF CMP #'1 8770 8780 8790 BEQ LDP0 8800 ; 8810 CMP #12 8820 BED LDP0

8830 ; 8840 JMP UPDATE . STATS 8859 8868 _ 8878 LDP0 8888 MOVE.B KEYBUFF, FILENAME.X . . 8900 OPEN DISK, READ, 0, FILENAME 8910 BPL LPX2 8920 - 3 8930 WRITE BLANKMESS, TEXT.LINE 8940 DISK CLOSE 8950 JMP UPDATE.STATS 8960 3 8970 8980 LPX2 HRITE 8990 LOADERMESS, TEXT.LINE 9888 BGET DISK, SCREEN, SCRSIZE CLOSE DISK 9010 JMP UPDATE STATS 9020

LISTING 4

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REM WEFAX SIMULATOR IY 10 KZ 20 REM BY CHARLES JACKSON GL 30 REM «C> 1986, ANTIC PUBLISHING 30 40 Gr 752,1 9 ? GRAPHICS 0: POKE 712, PEEK (710) : POKE HD TE : ? " If you've never heard a HE FAX":? "signal before, this program wi YZ 60 ? "generate one for you.":? :? " This sample signal contains " NH 70 ? "no usable picture information." 50 80 ? *? *? " (Press the space bar to end>" EV 98 DIM TONE\$(47),GREY\$(50):GOSUB 390 MC 100 POSITION 11,12:? " (Press Start) " :IF PEEK(53279)<>6 THEN 100 QB 110 POKE 53768,1:REM SET 64-KHZ, CLOCK VY 120 POSITION 11,12:? "Destanting Linna" GOSUB 330 130 POKE 2 HH 20,0:POKE 19,0:POSITION 11,12 ······ : 2 VY 140 POKE 53761,174:FOR X=1 TO 30 DO 150 IF PEEK(764)=33 THEN POP GOTO 320 POKE 53760,14:POKE 20,0 ZE 160 IF PEEK(20)(29 THEN 170 POKE 53760,21 NG 179 ZE 189 POKE KN 190 IF PEEK (20) (31 THEN 190 200 210 LM NEXT YI POSITION 9,12:7 " - Kreygrane 220 FOR X=1 TO 50 230 POKE 77,0:IF PEEK :GOTO 320 240 K=USR(ADR(GREY\$)) 250 NEXT X 260 POSITION 9,12:? " YH. 02 77,0:IF PEEK(764)=33 THEN POP BQ LH DN POSITION 9,12:? "EPAGAMARA MARAARA HOM ... HT. 270 FOR X=1 TO 800 P.J 280 POKE 77,0:IF PEEK(764)=33 THEN POP :GOTO 320 25 290 K=USR(ADR(TONE\$)) LN 300 NEXT X 310 POSITION 9,12:? " HADDINGEN ":GOSUB 330 320 POKE 764,255:GRAPHIC5 0:END 330 POKE 20,0:POKE 19,0 340 POKE 53761,174 350 POKE 53760,21:POKE 53760,14 360 IF PEEK(764)=33 THEN POP :GOTO 320 300 NEXT KO HQ 320 330 XY GA DS JN. 370 TE PEEK (19) <1 THEN 350 ZP 380 RETURN 380 RETURN 390 FOR X=1 TO 47:READ BYTE:TONE\$(X,X) =CHR\$(BYTE):NEXT X 400 FOR X=1 TO 50:READ BYTE:GREY\$(X,X) =CHR\$(BYTE):NEXT X 419 2 "5"":RETURN 20 452.1.142.8, 390 BM AC 01 RE 420 DATA 104,169,0,133,20,162,1,142,8, 210,169,174,141,1,210,173,10,210,201,1 4,144,239,201,22,176 YX 430 DATA 235,141,0,210,165,20,201,28,1

44,226,169,21,141,0,210,165,20,201,31, 144,250,96

144,250,96 AI 440 DATA 104,169,174,141,1,210,169,0,1 41,8,210,133,20,169,28,56,229,20,24,74 ,74,24,105,14,141 QG 450 DATA 0,210,165,20,201,28,144,236,1 69,21,141,0,210,165,20,201,31,144,250, 169,0,141,1,210,96

LISTING 5

Article on page 24

MZ 10 REM HEFAX INTERFACE TESTER IY 12 REM BY BILL MARQUARDT GR 14 REM (C) 1986, ANTIC PUBLISHING UV 20 FOR I=1536 TO 1644

| PI | 30 READ A | POKE I,A |
|-----|------------------------|------------------------------------|
| IS | 40 NEXT I | |
| VQ | 50 X=USR (| 1536> |
| YU | 60 END | |
| HE | 70 DATA 1 | 04,169,0,141,8,210,169,3 |
| HO | | 41, 15, 210, 169, 255, 141, 252, 2 |
| AH | | 69,40,141,8,210,169,170,141 |
| CP | | 5,210,141,7,210,169,184,141 |
| EC | 110 DATA | 94,6,141,4,210,169,1,141 |
| ČJ | 120 DATA | 6,210,169,0,141,47,2,141 |
| SU | 130 DATA | 0,212,169,253,133,20,173,252 |
| | | |
| AS | 140 DATA | 2,201,255,208,34,165,20,208 |
| NI | 150 DATA | 245,165,20,208,252,173,94,6 |
| GI | 160 DATA | 201,184,208,4,169,234,208,2 |
| NA | 170 DATA | 169,184,141,4,210,141,94,6 |
| | | |
| LO | 180 DATA | 169,253,133,20,208,216,95,6 |
| HS | 200 DATA | 255,141,252,2,169,34,141,47 |
| OX | 210 DATA | 2,141,0,212,96 |
| 0 / | 100 Ho 10 BY 818 6 619 | |

meteorologist uses Atari as home forecasting tool

WEATHER CALCULATOR Article on page 47

LISTING 1

Don't type the

| UK 10 REM WEATHER CALC | NUERSTONS" | |
|---|--|----------------------------|
| GI 20 REM BY JAN NULL, | NH 1310 2 :2 :2 * | ENTER CELSIUS TEMPERATUR |
| WH 30 REM NATIONAL WEATHER SERVICE | E "; TRAP 1310 | TNPILT C |
| WH SU KEN NHITONHE MENTILER SERVICE | CY 1320 F=C*9/5+3 | |
| GM 40 REM (c) 1986, ANTIC PUBLISHING | | |
| R5 50 CLOSE #4:0PEN #4,4,0,"K:" | | 273.16>*100+0.5>/100 |
| RX 60 DIM 55\$(5),5R\$(5) | YJ 1340 R=INT< <f+< th=""><th>459.69>*100+0.5>/100</th></f+<> | 459.69>*100+0.5>/100 |
| HU 400 REM MAIN MENU | MT 1345 F=INT (F*1 | 00+0.52/100 |
| SY 405 GRAPHICS 0 | | RENHEIT TEMPERATURE= ";F |
| | 0D 1300 L .L INU | INCHIELT TEHECKHIOKE. // |
| | | HTH TEMPEDATURE |
| KA 420 ? "1. TEMPERATURE":? "2. DEW POINT | | VIN TEMPERATURE= ";K |
| <pre>/RELATIVE HUMIDITY"</pre> | | IKIN TEMPERATURE= ";R |
| GD 430 ? "3, WIND CHILL":? "4. SUNRISE/SU | AP 1380 7 :7 :7 : | ? "REDURN FOR MAIN MENU" |
| NSET":? "5. END" | :? | |
| THAT ALL AND THE PROPERTY AND THE ALL AND | | HER KEY TO CONTINUE" |
| ZH 440 GOSUB 500:GRAPHICS 0:ON B GOTO 100 | | |
| 0,2000,5000,6000,550 | BU 1408 GEI #4,H: | IF A=155 THEN 400 |
| HG 500 REM OPTION SELECT SUBROUTINE | | YOU LIKE ANOTHER CELSIUS |
| 90 510 ? :? "SECENTIONE"; :GET #4,A:? | CONVERSION? | (Y/N) " |
| CHR\$ (A) : TRAP 500: B=VAL (CHR\$ (A)) : TRAP 2 | DC 1420 GET #4.0: | IF A=89 THEN 1300 |
| 0000 : RETURN | NS 1430 GOTO 1010 | |
| | | |
| KU 550 GRAPHICS 0:END | IU 2000 REM DEW F | |
| NF 1000 REM TEMPERATURE | GU 2010 GRAPHICS | 0:?" DEW PUINT/RELAT |
| HK 1010 GRAPHICS 0:? " | TVE HUMIDITY" | |
| RATURE MENU" | RI 2020 ? :? "ENT | ER DRY BULB TEMPERATURE |
| 50 1020 ? :? :? "1. CONVERSION FROM FAHRE | (DEGREES F>":] | |
| NHEIT":? "2. CONVERSION FROM CELSIUS": | CD 2070 2 12 HENT | ER WET BULB TEMPERATURE |
| NAELI "'''''''''''''''''''''''''''''''''''' | | |
| 7 "3. RETURN TO MAIN MENU" | CDEGREES F>":] | INPUT HET |
| EX 1030 GOSUB 500:0N B GOTO 1100,1300,405 | AH 2040 PRE5=30 | |
| | KD 2050 DRY1=((5/ | '9>*(DRY-32>>+273.16 |
| PU 1100 GRAPHICS 0:? " | JL 2060 WET1=((5/ | 9>*(WET-32>>+273.16 |
| CONVERSIONS" | BI 2070 PRES1=PRE | |
| HH 1110 ? :? :? "ENTER FAHRENHEIT TEMPERA | | *EXP((17.27*CHET1-273.16 |
| | | |
| TURE "; TRAP 1110: INPUT F | >>/ CWET1-35.86 | |
| QI 1120 C=(F-32)*(5/9) | | 'E-04*PRE51* CDRY-WET>*(1+ |
| LE 1130 K=INT < <c+273.16> ×100+0.5>/100</c+273.16> | (CHET-32)/1571 | |
| YF 1140 R=INT((F+459.69)*100+0.5)/100 | VU 2100 VP=VP1-TE | |
| KN 1145 C=INT (C*100+0.5)/100 | EB 2110 UP2=6.108 | 3*EXP((17.27*(DRY1-273.16 |
| AR 1150 ? :? "CELSIUS TEMPERATURE= ";C | >>/ (DRY1-35.86 | 52 |
| PD 1160 ? :? "KELVIN TEMPERATURE= ";K | | JP>/VP2:IF RH<0 OR RH>100 |
| UJ 1170 ? :? "RANKIN TEMPERATURE= ";R | THEN 2 HOL OF | IT OF RANGE"; GOTO 2020 |
| UJ 1170 7 17 THHNKIN TEMPERATURE- | DK 0470 V-LOC440L | INUD25 (640 95 (47 27 |
| AL 1180 ? :? :? :? "REMOVERN FOR MAIN MENU" | BK 2130 X=LOG< <rh< th=""><th>*VP2>/610.8>/17.27</th></rh<> | *VP2>/610.8>/17.27 |
| :? | IN 2140 DP= (273.) | L6- (35.86*X))/(1-X) |
| AH 1198 ? "ANY OTHER KEY TO CONTINUE" | KY 2150 DPF= <dp-2< th=""><th>273.16>*9/5+32:DPF=INT (DP</th></dp-2<> | 273.16>*9/5+32:DPF=INT (DP |
| BK 1200 GET #4,A:IF A=155 THEN 400 | F+0.5> | |
| DN 1200 UCI #47/H · IT H-100 INCH MUD | | (0.5+(225×(DRY-DPF))) |
| GR 1218 ? "WOULD YOU LIKE ANOTHER FAHRENH | OH 2170 ? :? "DEL | I POINT :: DPF |
| EIT CONVERSION? (Y/N)" | UE 2400 2 UDELAT | UE HUMIDITY= "; RH=INT (R |
| A5 1220 GET #4,A: IF A=89 THEN 1100 | HE ZIOU ? "RELHES | CAE HOHTDTLL® |
| NO 1230 GOTO 1010 | H+0.5>:? RH;" | × |
| RW 1300 GRAPHICS 0:? " GEOGOGIENED | | |
| | | continued on next page |
| | | commode on more page |

KD 2190 ? "ESTIMATED CLOUD BASES= ";CLDS; 2200 ? :? :? :? :? :? :? "RETURN FOR M RA ALN MENU. 2210 ? "ANY OTHER KEY FOR ANOTHER DEW **DR** 2210 JULY CALCULATION" 2220 GET #4,A:IF A=155 THEN 400 BR 2230 GOTO 2010 5000 REM WIND CHILL 5010 GRAPHICS 0:? " **DA** TN XA WITIND CHITCH FACTOR TACHARDING" 5020 ? :? :? "ENTER AIR TEMPERATURE EGREES F>":TRAP 5020:INPUT TEMP:IF T P>100 OR TEMP<-80 THEN 5020 5030 ? :? "ENTER WIND SPEED (MPH) ":TRAP 5030:INPUT WIND:IF WIND DA C D TEM 5030 7 :? "ENTER WIND SPEED (MPH) ":TRAP 5030:INPUT WIND:IF WIND>1 50 OR WIND<0 THEN 5030 5035 IF WIND<4 THEN WIND=4 5036 IF WIND>50 THEN WIND=50 5040 CHILL=0.0817*(3.71*5QR(WIND)+5.81 -0.25*WIND>*(TEMP-91.4)+91.4 5050 CHILL=TNT(CTHIL *100+0 MG PD XM **BT** 5050 CHILL=INT((CHILL*100+0.5)/100) 5052 GRAPHICS 0:? " I X RD WIND CHILDEF
 Control
 <t TX SH UG 1 C H T I 1 PD 5070 IF CHILL<31 AND CHILL>15 THEN ? : CODOD 5080 IF CHILL (16 AND CHILL)0 THEN ? :? ZT 5090 IF CHILL<1 AND CHILL>-20 THEN ? ? " DEMOGRACIO" GN 100 IF CHILL<-19 THEN ? :? " [WXID:RECOMPOSITION 110 ? :? :? :? :? :? :? :? :? :? 'RECOUDERING 5100 MP 5110 ? SF FOR MAIN MENU" 120 ? :? "ANY OTHER KEY TO CONTINUE" 130 GET #4.A:IF A=155 THEN 400 5120 BY RU 5130 GOTO 5010 5140 PL SUNRISE/SUNSET 89 6000 REM 6005 GRAPHICS 0:? RU SINNRTSEZSINN 6010 ? "ENTER LATITUDE (DEGREES,MIN)" TRAP 6010:INPUT D1,M1:IF D1<0 OR D1>90 OR M1<0 OR M1>59.9 THEN 6010 6020 ? "ENTER LONGITUDE (DEGREES,MIN)" TRAP 6020:INPUT D2,M2:IF D2<0 OR D2>1 80 OR M2<0 OR M2>59.9 THEN 6020 6030 ? "ENTER DATE (Month, Day, Year)" **CU** 8 D CB TRAP 6030 INPUT M, D, Y 6032 IF M<1 OR M>12 OR D<1 OR D>31 OR Y<0 THEN 6030 6035 7 :7 :7 "CALCULATING" 6040 LAT=D1+M1/60 00 O T SR 6050 LDN=D2+M2/60 6060 YR=(Y/4)-INT(Y/4) 6070 IF YR<>0 THEN 6100 6080 IF ((Y/400)-INT(Y/400)=0) THEN 61 UR CG KG RM 88 HD 6090 LEAP=1:GOTO 6120 6100 LEAP=2 6120 DAY=INT((275*M)/9)-LEAP*INT((M+9) ¥.1 XA 12>+D-30 FB 6125 DEG T1=DAY+(6+L0N/15)/24 T2=DAY+(18+L0N/15)/24 UG 6130 UX 6149 TH 6145 MM1=M1:MM2=M2 M1=0.9856*T1-3.251 M2=0.9856*T2-3.251 L1=M1+1.916*SIN(M1>+0.02*SIN(M1*2 6150 .11 KM 6169 6180 RU +282.565 6190 L2=M2+1.916*5IN (M2>+0.02*5IN (M2*2) +282.565 6200 TAN1=0.91746*(SIN(L1)/CO5(L1)) 6210 TAN2=0.91746*(SIN(L2)/CO5(L2)) UX 80 EI 6220 A1=(ATN(TAN1)) 6230 A2=(ATN(TAN1)) 6240 REM QUADDAW HS IT REM QUADRANT CONVERSIONS IF L1>360 THEN L1=L1-360 HG

N1 6242 IF

PU 6243 IF L2>360 THEN L2=L2-360 IF L1<0 THEN L1=L1+360 IF L2<0 THEN L2=L2+360 6244 6245 TL úō. PP 6250 QH 6260 RI 6270 BC 6290 L11=INT (L1/90)+1 L22=INT (L2/90)+1 A2=AB5(A2):A1=AB5(A1) IF L11=2 THEN A1=A1+(IF L11=2 THEN A1=A1+(2*(90-A1)) IF L11=3 THEN A1=(3*A1)+(2*(90-A1)) HC 6300 KC 6310 IF L11=4 THEN A1=(3*A1)+(4*(90-A1 3.3 EE 6329 IF L22=2 THEN A2=A2+(2*(90-A2)) 10 6330 IF L22=3 THEN A2=(3*A2)+(2*(98-A2 00 6340 IF L22=4 THEN A2=(3*A2)+(4*(90-A2 AZ 6350 91 = 91 < 158T 6360 A2=A2/15 KZ 6370 5N1=0.39782*5IN(L1) MH 6380 5N2=0.39782*5IN (L2) SF 6390 C51=AB5 (C05 (ATN (5N1/5QR (-5N1*5N1+ 12222 VE 6400 C52=AB5 (CD5 (ATN (SN2/SQR (- 5N2*5N2+ 12222 6410 X1= (CO5 (90.8333) - 5N1*5IN (LAT)) / (C FY 51*CO5(LAT>>: H1=90-ATN(X1/SQR(-X1*X1+1 2.2 5H 6420 X2=(CO5(90.8333)-5N2*5IN(LAT))/(C 52*C05 (LAT>> : H2=90~ATN (X2/SQR (~X2*X2+1 3.1 MQ 6430 H1=360-H1:H1=H1/15 6440 H2=H2/15 6450 RISE=H1+A1-(0.0657*T1)-6.62:RISE= FQ TH RISE+ (LON/15) - INT (LON/15) **BY** 6460 SET=H2+A2- (0.06571*T2)-6.62: SET=5 ET+ (LON/15) - INT (LON/15) 6470 IF RISE<0 THEN RISE=RISE+24 6480 IF SET<0 THEN SET=SET+24 6490 IF RISE>24 THEN RISE=RISE-24 6493 IF INT<RISE><12 THEN 6498 6494 RISE=RISE-12:SR\$="P.M.":GOTD 6500 50 IS UX AI JIC. 5R\$="A.M." LO 6498 IF SET>24 THEN SET=SET-24 IF INT(SET)<12 THEN 6508 SET=SET-12:SS\$="P.M.":GOTO 6510 S5\$="A.M." ĈD 6500 UY 6503 LO 6504 КИ 6508 GRAPHIC5 0:? " ? :? :? :? EX 6510 SUNRISE/SUNS Emi** : ? 60 DR 6514 ? "LONG: ";D2;" DEG, ";MM2;" HIN LIX 6516 ? "DATE: ";**M**;"/";**D**;"/";Y:? :? 6520 MIN1=(RISE-INT(RISE))*60:IF INT(M IN1)<10 THEN GOTO 6560 6530 ? "SUNRISE: ";INT(RISE);":";INT(M IN1);" ";SR\$;" LOCAL STANDARD TIME" 6540 MIN2=(SET-INT(SET))*60:IF INT(MIN LJ LG HU 2)<10 THEN 6570 6550 ? "SUNSET : ";INT(SET);":";INT(MI N2);" ";SS\$;" LOCAL STANDARD TIME":GOT YM n 6590 6560 ? "SUNRISE: "; INT (RISE); ": 0"; INT (XY MIN1>;" ";SR\$;" LOCAL STANDARD TIME";G OTO 6540 6570 ? "SUNSET : ";INT(SET);":0";INT(M IN2);" ";SS\$;" LOCAL STANDARD TIME" 6590 ? :? "ADD ONE HOUR FOR DAYLIGHT S UC 6570 7 MY 6590 AVINGS TIME? 6600 ? :? :? "REATURN FOR MANN MANU":? 6610 ? "ANY OTHER KEY TO CONTINUE" 6620 Get #4,A:IF A=155 Then 400 BF ZY 6620 GET #4,A:IF A=155 THEN 400 6630 7 "HOULD YOU LIKE TO USE THE SAME CD UD LATITUDE AND LONGITUDE (Y/N)" 6640 GET #4,A:IF A=89 THEN GRAI .10 GRAPHICS A : SUNRESEZSUNSED" : M1=MM1 : M2=MM

2:GOTO 6030 QK 6650 GOTO 6010

powerful debugging utility

BASIC TRACER

Article on page 39

LISTING 1

| KR | 10 REM BASIC TRACER FILEMAKER | |
|--|--|--|
| VO | 20 REM BY KEVIN GEVATOSKY | |
| GL | 30 REM (c) 1986, ANTIC PUBLISHING | |
| CQ | 40 DEM CETNES 10-220 MOY RE USED WITH | |
| | OTHER BASIC LOADERS IN THIS ISSUE. | |
| 15 | OTHER BASIC LOADERS IN THIS ISSUE. 45 Rem Change Line 70 As Necessary.» | |
| MG | 50 DIM FN\$ (20), TEMP\$ (20), AR\$ (93) | |
| HO | 60 DPL=PEEK(10592): PDKE 10592,255 | |
| MS | 70 FN\$="D:TRACER.EXE":REM THIS IS THE | |
| | NAME OF THE DISK FILE TO BE CREATED | |
| YS | 80 GRAPHICS 0:? " ANTIC'S GENERIC | |
| | BASIC LOADER" | |
| CD | DHOTE LUNDER. INCKEDNIN | |
| | 90 7 , "BY CHARLES JACKSON" 100 POKE 10592, DPL: TRAP 170 | |
| PH | 100 PUKE 10572, UPL (TKHP 170 | |
| PO | 110 ? :? :? "Creating ";FN\$:? "plea | |
| | se stand by." | |
| LQ | 120 RESTORE :READ LN:LM=LN:DIM A\$(LN): | |
| | | |
| BK | 130 AR\$="":READ AR\$ | |
| XH | 140 FOR X=1 TO LEN(AR\$) STEP 3:POKE 75 | |
| | 2,255 | |
| DG | 150 LM=LM-1:POSITION 10,10:? "Countdo | |
| | wnT~";INT(LM/10);") " | |
| UY | WnT-";INT(LM/10);") 160 A\$(C,C)=CHR\$(VAL(AR\$(X,X+2))):C=C+ | |
| | 1:NEXT X:GOTO 130 | |
| MZ | 170 IF PEEK(195)=5 THEN ? :? :? "@TOO | |
| | MANY DATA LINES!":? "CANNOT CREATE FIL | |
| | E!":END | |
| CZ | 180 IF C <ln+1 "gtoo="" 7="" :7="" data<br="" feh="" then="">LINES!":7 "CANNOT CREATE FILE!":END</ln+1> | |
| | LINES!":? "CANNOT CREATE FILE!":END | |
| AL | 200 OPEN #1,8,0,FN\$ | |
| PP | 210 POKE 766,1:? #1;A\$; POKE 766,0 | |
| | 220 CLOSE #1: GRAPHICS 0:? "COMPUGNED | |
| H C | | |
| AF | | |
| | | |
| HQ | 1000 DATA 334 | |
| | 1000 DATA 334 1010 DATA 2552550000010750010320060010 | |
| HQ | 1000 DATA 334 1010 DATA 2552550000010750010320060010 76027001169000133203169160133204169000 | |
| HQ ZD | 1000 DATA 334 1010 DATA 2552550000010750010320060010 76027001169000133203169160133204169000 133205169080133206162032160 | |
| HQ | 1000 DATA 334 1010 DATA 2552550000010750010320060010 76027001169000133203169160133204169000 133205169080133206162032160 1020 DATA 0000961772031452051362082492 | |
| HQ ZD | 1000 DATA 334 1010 DATA 2552550000010750010320060010 76027001169000133203169160133204169000 133205169080133206162032160 1020 DATA 000961772031452051362082492 30204230206202016242169255141001211032 | |
| KV | 1000 DATA 334 1010 DATA 2552550000010750010320060010 76027001169000133203169160133204169000 133205169080133206162032160 1020 DATA 0000961772031452051362082492 30204230206202016242169255141001211032 006601177205145203136208249 | |
| HQ ZD | 1000 DATA 334 1010 DATA 2552550000010750010320060010 76027001169000133203169160133204169000 13205169080133206162032160 1020 DATA 0000961772031452051362082492 30204230206202016242169255141001211032 006001177205145203136208249 1030 DATA 2302042302062020162421690891 | |
| KV | 1000 DATA 334 1010 DATA 2552550000010750010320060010 76027001169000133203169160133204169000 133205169080133206162032160 1020 DATA 0000961772031452051362082492 30204230206202016242169255141001211032 006001177205145203136208249 1030 DATA 2302042302062020162421690891 41120169169006141121169076000006000006 | |
| HQ ZD KV EP | 1000 DATA 334 1010 DATA 2552550000010750010320060010 76027001169000133203169160133204169000 133205169080133206162032160 1020 DATA 0000961772031452051362082492 30204230206202016242169255141001211032 006001177205145203136208249 1030 DATA 2302042302062020162421690891 411201691690061411211690760000066000006 222006032006006076000160173 | |
| KV | 1000 DATA 334 1010 DATA 2552550000010750010320060010 76027001169000133203169160133204169000 13205169080133206162032160 1020 DATA 000961772031452051362082492 30204230206202016242169255141001211032 006001177205145203136208249 1030 DATA 2302042302062020162421690891 411201691690606141121169076000006000066 222006032006006076000160173 1046 DATA 6480020562330021410480021412 | |
| HQ ZD KV EP | 1000 DATA 334 1010 DATA 2552550000010750010320060010 76027001169000133203169160133204169000 13205169080133206162032160 1020 DATA 000961772031452051362082492 30204230206202016242169255141001211032 006001177205145203136208249 1030 DATA 2302042302062020162421690891 411201691690606141121169076000006600006 222006032006006076000160173 1040 DATA 0480020562330021410480021412 32006133208176003206049002173049002133 | |
| HQ KV EP VS | 1000 DATA 334 1010 DATA 2552550000010750010320060010 76027001169000133203169160133204169000 133205169080133206162032160 1020 DATA 0000961772031452051362082492 30204230206202016242169255141001211032 006001177205145203136208249 1030 DATA 2302042302062020162421690891 41120169169006141121169076000006000006 222006032006006076000160173 1040 DATA 0480020562330021410480021412 32006133208176003206049002173049002133 209160000185233006145208200 | |
| HQ ZD KV EP | 1000 DATA 334 1010 DATA 2552550000010750010320060010 76027001169000133203169160133204169000 133205169080133206162032160 1020 DATA 0000961772031452051362082492 30204230206202016242169255141001211032 006001177205145203136208249 1030 DATA 2302042302062020162421690891 411201691690061411211690760000006000066 222006032006006076000160173 1040 DATA 0480020562330021410480021412 32006133208176003206049002173049002133 209160000185233006145208200 1050 DATA 1920052082461772082010652400 | |
| HQ KV EP VS | 1000 DATA 334 1010 DATA 2552550000010750010320060010 76027001169000133203169160133204169000 133205169080133206162032160 1020 DATA 000961772031452051362082492 30204230206202016242169255141001211032 006001177205145203136208249 1030 DATA 2302042302062020162421690891 41120169169006141121169076000006000066 22006032006006076000160173 1040 DATA 0480020562330021410480021412 32006133208176003206049002173049002133 209160000185233006145208208 1050 DATA 1920052082461772082010652400 09230208208002230209076042006200173048 | |
| HQ KV EP VS EE | 1000 DATA 334 1010 DATA 2552550000010750010320060010 76027001169000133203169160133204169000 133205169080133206162032160 1020 DATA 0000961772031452051362082492 30204230206202016242169255141001211032 006001177205145203136208249 1030 DATA 2302042302062020162421690891 41120169169006141121169076000006000006 222006032006006076000160173 1040 DATA 0480020562330021410480021412 32006133208176003206049002173049002133 209160000185233006145208200 1050 DATA 1920052082461772082010652400 09230208208000230209076042006200173048 0021452082000173049002145208 | |
| HQ KV EP VS | 1000 DATA 334 1010 DATA 2552550000010750010320060010 76027001169000133203169160133204169000 133205169080133206162032160 1020 DATA 0000961772031452051362082492 30204230206202016242169255141001211032 006001177205145203136208249 1030 DATA 2302042302062020162421690891 41120169169006141121169076000006000006 222006032006006076000160173 1040 DATA 0480020562330021410480021412 32006133208176003206049002173049002133 209160000185233006145208200 1050 DATA 1920052082461772082010652400 09230208208000230209076042006200173048 0021452082000173049002145208 | |
| HQ KV EP VS EE | 1000 DATA 334 1010 DATA 2552550000010750010320060010 76027001169000133203169160133204169000 133205169080133206162032160 133205169080133206162032160 133204169000 13205169080133206162032160 13204169000 1020 DATA 0000961772031452051362082492 30204230206202016242169255141001211032 006001177205145203136208249 1030 DATA 2302042302062020162421690891 41120169169006141121169076000006000006 22006032006006076000160173 1040 DATA 04800205623300214104880021412 320061332081760032060490021730490021433 20916000165233006145208200 1050 DATA 1920052082461772082010652400 09230208208002230209076042006200173048 002145208200173049002145208 0062145208200173049002145208 1060018322370061332 1060 DATA 1732360061332081732370061332 091691281600391452081330616251096072173 19450061332081732370061332 | |
| HQ KV EP VS EE NH | 1000 DATA 334 1010 DATA 2552550000010750010320060010 76027001169000133203169160133204169000 13205169080133206162032160 1020 DATA 000961772031452051362082492 30204230206202016242169255141001211032 006001177205145203136208249 1030 DATA 2302042302062020162421690891 41120169169006141121169076000006000066 2200603200600607600160173 1040 DATA 0480020562330021410480021412 32006133208176003206049002173049002133 209160000185233006145208200 1050 DATA 1920052082461772082010652400 09230208208002230209076042006200173048 002145208200173049002145208 1060 DATA 1732360061332081732370061332 09169128160039145208136016251096072173 2320062050480022400030320806 | |
| HQ KV EP VS EE | 1000 DATA 334 1010 DATA 2552550000010750010320060010 76027001169000133203169160133204169000 133205169080133206162032160 1020 DATA 0000961772031452051362082492 30204230206202016242169255141001211032 006001177205145203136208249 1030 DATA 2302042302062020162421690891 41120169169006141121169076000006000006 222006032006006076000160173 1040 DATA 0480020562330021410480021412 32006133208176003206049002173049002133 209160000185233006145208200 1050 DATA 1920052082461772082010652400 09230208208002230209076042006200173048 002145208208173049002145208 1060 DATA 1732360061332081732370061332 09169128160039145208136016251096072173 2320062050480022400032006 | |
| HQ KV EP VS EE NH | 1000 DATA 334 1010 DATA 2552550000010750010320060010 76027001169000133203169160133204169000 133205169080133206162032160 1020 DATA 0000961772031452051362082492 30204230206202016242169255141001211032 006001177205145203136208249 1030 DATA 2302042302062020162421690891 41120169169006141121169076000060600006 222006032006006076000160173 1040 DATA 0480020562330021410480021412 32006133208176003206649002173049002133 20916000185233006145208200 1050 DATA 1920052082461772082010652400 09230208208002230209076042006200173048 002145208200173049002145208 1060 DATA 1732360061332081732370061332 09169128160039145208136016251096072173 232006205048002240003032006 1070 DATA 061690001620052021572230062 08250160000177138141230006200177138141 | |
| HD KV EP VS EE NH | 1000 DATA 334 1010 DATA 2552550000010750010320060010 76027001169000133203169160133204169000 133205169080133206162032160 1020 DATA 0000961772031452051362082492 30204230206202016242169255141001211032 006001177205145203136208249 1030 DATA 2302042302062020162421690891 41120169169006141121169076000006000006 222006032006006076000160173 1040 DATA 0480020562330021410480021412 32006133208176003206049002173049002133 209160000185233006145208200 1050 DATA 1920052082461772082010652400 09230208208002230209076042006200173048 002145208200173049002145208 1060 DATA 1732360061332081732370061332 091691281600391452081332081732370061332 09169128160039145208136016251096072173 232006205048002240003032006 1070 DATA 0061690001620052021572230062 08250160000177138141230006200177138141 | |
| HQ KV EP VS EE NH | 1000 DATA 334 1010 DATA 2552550000010750010320060010 76027001169000133203169160133204169000 133205169080133206162032160 1020 DATA 0000961772031452051362082492 30204230206202016242169255141001211032 006001177205145203136208249 1030 DATA 2302042302062020162421690891 41120169169006141121169076000006000006 222006032006006076000160173 1040 DATA 0480020562330021410480021412 32006133208176003206049002173049002133 209160000185233006145208200 1050 DATA 1920052082461772082010652400 09230208208002230209076042006200173048 002145208200173049002145208 1060 DATA 1732360061332081732370061332 091691281600391452081332081732370061332 09169128160039145208136016251096072173 232006205048002240003032006 1070 DATA 0061690001620052021572230062 08250160000177138141230006200177138141 | |
| HD KV EP VS EE NH | 1000 DATA 334 1010 DATA 2552550000010750010320060010 76027001169000133203169160133204169000 133205169080133206162032160 1020 DATA 0000961772031452051362082492 30204230206202016242169255141001211032 006001177205145203136208249 1030 DATA 2302042302062020162421690891 41120169169006141121169076000066000066 222006032006006076000160173 1040 DATA 0480020562330021410480021412 32006133208176003206049002173049002133 209160000185233006145208200 1050 DATA 1920052082461772082010652400 09230208208002230209076042006200173048 002145208200173049002145208 1060 DATA 1732360061332081732370061332 09169128160039145208136016251096072173 23206620504800224003032006 1070 DATA 0061690001620052021572230062 0072 DATA 00616900016220052021572230062 0075 DATA 0061690001732300062499 1080 DATA 2380061412280801732310062492 32006142208208002240200522021572230062 0070 DATA 238006141228080077138141 231006160000173320806056249 1080 DATA 238006142208061732310062492 32006141229006173230006056249 1080 DATA 238006142208061732310062492 32006200173230006056249 1080 DATA 238006142280802244005200177138141 231006160000177238006056249 1080 DATA 2380061412280061732310062492 320061412290061732310062492 | |
| HD KU EP VS EE NH IY AW | 1000 DATA 334 1010 DATA 2552550000010750010320060010 76027001169000133203169160133204169000 133205169080133206162032160 1020 DATA 0000961772031452051362082492 30204230206202016242169255141001211032 006001177205145203136208249 1030 DATA 2302042302062020162421690891 4112016916900614112116907600000606000066 222066032006006076000160173 1040 DATA 0480020562330021410480021412 32006133208176003206049002173049002133 209160000185233006145208200 1050 DATA 1920052082461772082010652400 09230208206002230209076042006200173048 002145208200173049002145208 1060 DATA 1732360061332081732370061332 09169128160039145208136016251096072173 23200620504800224003032006 1070 DATA 0061690001620052021572230062 085501600017738141230006200177138141 23100616000017323006056249 1080 DATA 2380061412280061732310062492 39006141229006176009200208232224005240 022022322240052420 | |
| HD KV EP VS EE NH | 1000 DATA 334 1010 DATA 2552550000010750010320060010 76027001169000133203169160133204169000 133205169080133206162032160 1020 DATA 0000961772031452051362082492 30204230206202016242169255141001211032 006001177205145203136208249 1030 DATA 2302042302062020162421690891 41120169169006141121169076000006000006 222006032006006076000160173 1040 DATA 0480020562330021410480021412 32006133208176003206049002173049002133 209160000185233006145208200 1050 DATA 1920052082461772082010652400 09230208208002230209076042006200173048 002145208200173049002145208 1060 DATA 1732360061332081732370061332 09169128160039145208136016251096072173 232006205048002240003032006 1070 DATA 0061690001620052021572230062 0250160000177138141230006200177138141 23100616000017323006141228006 1070 DATA 2380061412280061732310062492 39006141229066173223006 | |
| HD KU EP VS EE NH IY AW | 1000 DATA 334 1010 DATA 2552550000010750010320060010 76027001169000133203169160133204169000 133205169080133206162032160 1020 DATA 0000961772031452051362082492 30204230206202016242169255141001211032 006001177205145203136208249 1030 DATA 2302042302062020162421690891 41120169169006141121169076000006000006 222006032006006076000160173 1040 DATA 0480020562330021410480021412 32006133208176003206049002173049002133 209160000185233006145208200 1050 DATA 1920052082461772082010652400 09230208208002230209076042006200173048 002145208200173049002145208 1060 DATA 1732360061332081732370061332 09169128160039145208136016251096072173 232006205048002240003032006 1070 DATA 0061690001620052021572230062 08250160000177138141230006200177138141 231006160000173230006056249 1080 DATA 2380061412280061732230066143224005240 00208226254223006173228006 1070 DATA 14230006173228006 1070 DATA 1412300061732310062492 3000614122900614122808 1060 DATA 1412300061732310062492 300061412290061412310060 732200061412310060 1070 DATA 141230006173228006 1070 DATA 141230006173228006 1070 DATA 14123000614522800 1070 DATA 14123000614322800 1070 DATA 141230006144145 1070 DATA 14123000614322800614412310060 1070 DATA 14123000614322800614412310060 1070 DATA 14123000614322800614412310060 1070 DATA 14123000614322800614412310060 1070 DATA 141230006143228006144145 | |
| HD KV EP VS EE NH IY AW | 1000 DATA 334 1010 DATA 2552550000010750010320060010 76027001169000133203169160133204169000 133205169080133206162032160 1020 DATA 0000961772031452051362082492 30204230206202016242169255141001211032 006001177205145203136208249 1030 DATA 2302042302062020162421690891 41120169169006141121169076000006000066 222006032006006076000160173 1040 DATA 0480020562330021410480021412 32006133208176003206049002173049002133 209160000185233006145208200 1050 DATA 1920052082461772082010652400 09230208208002230209076042006200173048 002145208200173049002145208 1060 DATA 1732360061332081732370061332 09169128160039145208136016251096072173 232006205048002240003032006 1070 DATA 0061690001620052021572230622 08250160000177138141230006200177138141 231006160000173230060556249 1080 DATA 23800614122806 1070 DATA 0061690001620052021572230622 082501600001773330060556249 1080 DATA 23800614122806 1070 DATA 23800614122806 1070 DATA 1412300061732290061412310062492 3900614122900617609200200232224005240 022082262542230061732290061412310060 76126006162009167322900614123100604732290061412310060 761260001732290061732290061412310060 7612600216205445173015210201 | |
| HD KU EP VS EE NH IY AW | 1000 DATA 334 1010 DATA 2552550000010750010320060010 76027001169000133203169160133204169000 133205169080133206162032160 1020 DATA 0000961772031452051362082492 30204230206202016242169255141001211032 006001177205145203136208249 1030 DATA 2302042302062020162421690891 411201691690061411211690760000606000066 222066032006006076000160173 1040 DATA 0480020562330021410480021412 32006133208176003206049002173049002133 20916000185233006145208200 1050 DATA 1920052082461772082010652400 09230208208002230209076042006200173048 002145208200173049002145208 1060 DATA 1732360061332081732370061332 09169128160039145208136016251096072173 232006205048002240003032006 1070 DATA 0061690001620052021572230062 08250160000173138141230006200177138141 23100616000017323006056249 1080 DATA 2380061412280061732310062492 3900614122900617609200208232224005240 020208226542230061732230061412310060 1070 DATA 1412300061732290061412310060 761260061620041602218922300609144145 208136202016245173015210201 1100 DATA 2552400071732520022011562400 | |
| HD KV EP VS EE NH IY AW | 1000 DATA 334 1010 DATA 2552550000010750010320060010 76027001169000133203169160133204169000 133205169080133206162032160 1020 DATA 0000961772031452051362082492 30204230206202016242169255141001211032 006001177205145203136208249 1030 DATA 2302042302062020162421690891 4112016916900614112116907600000600006 222006032006006076000160173 1040 DATA 0480020562330021410480021412 32006133208176003206049002173049002133 209160000185233006145208200 1050 DATA 1920052082461772082010652400 09230208208000230209076042008200173048 002145208200173049002145208 1060 DATA 1732360061332081732370061332 09169128160039145208136016251096072173 232006205048002240003032086 1070 DATA 0061690001620052021572230062 08250160000177138141230006200177138141 23100616000017323000614732310062492 3900614122900617328006056249 1060 DATA 138441230006200177138141 23100616000177138141230006200177138141 2310061600001732300061732290061412310062492 3900614122900617328006055240 00210522400220020202020202020202020405240 0020082262542230017328000552021572230062 002008226254223000173280000552021572230062 002008226254223000173280000552021572230062 002008226254223000173280000552021572230062 000141229006177138141220006200177138141 231006160000172380006152002202022224005240 02008226254223000173280000552021572230062 0001441229006173280000552021572230062 00001441229006173280000552021572230062 00001441229006173280000552021572230062 00001441229006173280000552021572230062 00001441229006173280000552021572230062492 1000 DATA 141230006173228006 1070 DATA 005169000173280000552021572230062492 1000 DATA 2380005441228002502201572230062492 1000 DATA 2380005441228002502020125220405240 02008226254223006173228006 1070 DATA 0051620041573228006 1070 DATA 0051620041573228006 1090 DATA 141230006173228006 1090 DATA 238000017328000055240 1000 DATA 2552400071732520022011562400 1000 DATA 255240021602020132020165204074 | |
| HD KV EP VS EE NH IY AU HO JN | 1000 DATA 334 1010 DATA 2552550000010750010320060010 76027001169000133203169160133204169000 133205169080133206162032160 1020 DATA 0000961772031452051362082492 30204230206202016242169255141001211032 006001177205145203136208249 1030 DATA 2302042302062020162421690891 4112016916900614112116907600000600006 222006032006006076000160173 1040 DATA 0480020562330021410480021412 32006133208176003206049002173049002133 209160000185233006145208200 1050 DATA 1920052082461772082010652400 09230208208002230209076042006200173048 002145208200173049002145208 1060 DATA 1732360061332081732370061332 09169128160039145208136016251096072173 23200620504800224003032006 1070 DATA 0061690001620052021572230622 08250160000177138141230006200177138141 231006160000173230060556249 1080 DATA 23800614122806 1070 DATA 2380061732290061412310062492 39006141229061730230061732290061412310062492 390061412290061732290061732290061412310060 7612600616200416002218922300609144145 1090 DATA 1412300061732290061412310060 761260061620041600218922300609144145 1090 DATA 255240071732520022011562400 1090 DATA 255240071732520022011562400 1090 DATA 255240071732520022011562400 1090 DATA 2552400071732520022011562400 1090 DATA 2552400071732520022011562400 100007200072007200720073 | |
| HD KV EP VS EE NH IY AW | 1000 DATA 334 1010 DATA 2552550000010750010320060010 76027001169000133203169160133204169000 133205169080133206162032160 1020 DATA 0000961772031452051362082492 30204230206202016242169255141001211032 006001177205145203136208249 1030 DATA 2302042302062020162421690891 41120169169006141121169076000060600006 222006032006006076000160173 1040 DATA 0480020562330021410480021412 32006133208176003206049002173049002133 209160000185233006145208200 1050 DATA 1920052082461772082010652400 09230208208002230209076042006200173048 002145208200173049002145208 1060 DATA 1732360061332081732370061332 09169128160039145208136016251096072173 232006205048002240003032006 1070 DATA 0061690001620052021572230062 08250160000173230006056249 1080 DATA 23800614122808 1080 DATA 23800614122808 1080 DATA 238006173229086 1070 DATA 006169000162005202157223062 0825016000017333006056249 1080 DATA 2380061732290861412310066 1099 DATA 1412300861732290861412310860 7612602616200416002218922300609144145 208136202016245173015210201 1100 DATA 2552409071732520022011562400 1099 DATA 1412300861732290861412210860 761260061620041600221892230020177138141 2310861620041752280061732290861412210852400 76126006162004160022189223006009144145 208136202016245173015210201 1100 DATA 2552409071732520022011562400 7612600616200416002218922300200177138140 202020220222016245173015210201 1000 DATA 0452470051732520022011562400 76126006162004160022189223006009144145 208136202016245173015210201 1000 DATA 02552400071732520022011562400 761260061620041600221892230061412230060074 177207208249104076126169233 1100 DATA 0452470051722500220156240074 17207208249104076126169233 1100 DATA 04562470061120169233 1100 DATA 0456247006112112066000040016000074 | |
| HD KV EP VS EE NH IY AU HO JN | 1000 DATA 334 1010 DATA 2552550000010750010320060010 76027001169000133203169160133204169000 133205169080133206162032160 1020 DATA 0000961772031452051362082492 30204230206202016242169255141001211032 006001177205145203136208249 1030 DATA 2302042302062020162421690891 4112016916900614112116907600000600006 222006032006006076000160173 1040 DATA 0480020562330021410480021412 32006133208176003206049002173049002133 209160000185233006145208200 1050 DATA 1920052082461772082010652400 09230208208002230209076042006200173048 002145208200173049002145208 1060 DATA 1732360061332081732370061332 09169128160039145208136016251096072173 23200620504800224003032006 1070 DATA 0061690001620052021572230622 08250160000177138141230006200177138141 231006160000173230060556249 1080 DATA 23800614122806 1070 DATA 2380061732290061412310062492 39006141229061730230061732290061412310062492 390061412290061732290061732290061412310060 7612600616200416002218922300609144145 1090 DATA 1412300061732290061412310060 761260061620041600218922300609144145 208136202016245173015210201 1100 DATA 2552400071732520022011562400 1616925514125200216600013202011562400 1616925514125200216600013202011562400 16169255141252002162457331020144145 2081362022016245173015210201 1100 DATA 2552400071732520022011562400 1616925514125200216205202011562400 1616925514125200216245733102011562400 1616925514125200216245733102015202011562400 161692551412520021624573310200001320201562400 1616925514425200216245733102000001320201562400 161692551402520000177325200220156240000074 197207207207207207207207207207207207207207 | |

LISTING 2

0100 ; BASIC TRACER By Kevin Gevatosky 0110 ; ANTIC PUBLISHING A ;Line # of cur. 0120 <c> 1986, 0130 STMCUR = \$8A **BASIC** statement 0140 SRCPNT = \$CB 0150 DESPNT = \$CD 0160 TIMUAL = \$CF ;Delay timer 0170 ZPOINT = \$D0 0180 ROMOFF = \$FF ;BASIC ROM 'off' 0190 SDLSTL = \$0230\$02FC 0200 CH 0210 SOURCE 0220 STGO = 0230 DESTIN SOURCE = \$A000 \$A97E **DESTIN = \$5000** SKCTL = \$D20F PORTB = \$D301 0240 0250 ;ROM switch 0268 STARTCODE = \$0100 0270 \$0100 *= 0280 RAMBAS JSR SETUP 0290 0300 ;Move BASIC 0310 SETUP LDA # <SOURCE ;Set ZP-pointer 0320 to start 0330 **STA SRCPNT** ;address of move. 0340 LDA # > SOURCE STA SRCPNT+1 0350 0360 LDA # <DESTIN ;Set another pointer to 0370 STA DESPNT ;end address. LDA # >DESTIN STA DESPNT+1 0380 0390 8498 LDX #32 ;32 blocks=8K of BASIC code. 0410 LDY #0 0420 **RTS** 0430 HOVE LDA (SRCPNT), Y ; Copy BASIC 0440 ROM to RAM STA (DESPNT) Y 8458 8460 DEY BNE MOVE 0470 0480 0490 NXTPAGE INC SRCPNT+1 INC DESPNT+1 8588 9519 0520 DEX ;Decrement to next block. 0530 BPL MOVE 0540 ; 0550 LDA #ROMOFF ;Turn off BASIC ROM. **STA PORTB** 8568 **JSR SETUP** ;Set up pointers 0570 for next move. 0580 MOVE2 LDA (DESPNT),Y ;Move BASIC 0590 source code STA (SRCPNT), Y ; to RAM 0660 at \$A000 DEY 0610 BNE MOVE2 0620 0630 NXTPG2 0640 INC SRCPNT+1 8650 DESPNT+1 0660 0670 DEX

0680 **BPL MOVE2** 0690 0700 12 SETUEC LDA # <VECTOR ;Put а vector 0710 in BASIC ;which points to 8728 STA \$A978 our routine. LDA # >VECTOR 0730 0740 STA \$4979 START ;Go set up DL. 0750 JMP 0760 \$0600 0770 1 *** MODIFY DISPLAY LIST *** 0780 0790 START 0000 **JSR DLSET** SOURCE ; JuMP to init. 0810 JMP RAM-BASIC. 0820 DLSET 0830 LDA SDLSTL ;Nove start address of DL 8848 SEC ;back two bytes to make room for ;more DL data. 0850 **SBC #2** STA SDLSTL 0860 0870 STA CHECK ;Save low byte of addr.for later. ;Set up zero-page STA ZPOINT 8888 pointer ;to point at new 0890 **BCS NODEC** DL start addr. 0900 - 2 DEC SDLSTL+1 0910 0920 NODEC 8938 8948 LDA SDLSTL+1 STA ZPOINT+1 LDY #0 0950 0960 NXTBYT LDA DLDATA,Y ;Get data 0970 to modify DL (ZPOINT), Y ;and store it 0980 STO at new add. 0998 TNY CPY #5 1000 BNE NXTBYT ;Do until done. 1010 1020 1030 FIND 1040 LDA (ZPOINT),Y ;Find end of DL the ; COS=ANTIC JMP CMP #65 1858 to start of DL.) 1069 **BEQ FOUND** ;Got it! 1070 - 3 1080 INC ZPOINT 1090 BNE NOINC 1100 3 1110 INC ZPOINT+1 1120 NOINC 1130 JMP FIND ;Keep looking until found. **1140 FOUND** ;Point to byte after ANTIC JMP ;Store start adr 1150 INY 1160 LDA SDLSTL of new DL Y ;for the ANTIC JMP. (ZPOINT>,Y 1170 STA 1180 INY SDLSTL+1 1190 LDA **(ZPOINT)**, Y STA DLDATA+3 ;Set zero PS. 1210 LDA Ptr. to start ; of screen RAM for new STA ZPOINT 1220 DLDATA+4 ;GR.0 mode 1230 LDA line STA ZPOINT+1 1240 LDA LDY #\$80 1250 ;Inverse blank 1260 #39 INVERT 1280 STA (ZPOINT),Y ;Store inverse chars 1290 DEY INVERT 1300 8PL ;Do for all 40 bytes. 1310 ; RT5 1320 *** TRACE ROUTINE *** 1330 - 3

1340 VECTOR Save res.A for B 1350 PHO ASIC ;Get low byte 1360 EDA CHECK of DL and check to see CMP SDLSTL 1370 if still same. ; It is, so so on BEG CONT 1380 1390 3 ;Set up DL again. JSR DLSET 1400 CONT 1410 LDA #0 1420 1430 LDX #5 BLANK 1440 ¿Zero out DECVAL DEX 1450 DECVAL,X BLANK 1460 1470 STA BNE 1488 1498 NEXT 1599 LDY #0 LDA (STMCUR),Y ;Get low byte 1510 of BASIC ; and save it. 1520 STA LOBYTE INY 1530 1540 LDA <STMCUR>,Y ;Get hi byte HIBYTE 1550 5TA 1560 LDY #8 1570 ;Convert binary to decimal. 1588 SUBTRACT 1590 LDA LOBYTE 1600 SEC 1610 500 DECPLC,Y ;Subtract decimal value ;from binary 1620 STA TEMPLO value. 1630 LDA HIBYTE 1640 50C DECPLC+1,Y 1650 STA TEMPHI BCS DECSTON (Branch if OK 1660 1670 2 1680 INY ;Increment to next dec. place 1690 INY 1700 TNX ;and increment counter ;All done? ;Yes? Then put CPX 1719 #5 1720 BED DECOUT it on screen. 1730 ; 1748 BNE SUBTRACT ;No? Subtract next dec. place 1750 1760 DECSTOW 1770 INC DECVAL, X 1780 LDA TEMPLO STA LOBYTE 1790 1888 LDG TEMPHI HIBYTE STA 1810 1820 JMP SUBTRACT 1830 DECOUT LDX #4 LDY #2 1840 #22 Pos. on screen. 1866 1868 NXTCH 1870 EDA DECVAL,X ;Get decimal value. 1880 **DRA #\$90** ;Convert to ATASCII (ZPOINT),Y 1890 STA ;& display it. DEY 1900 DEX 1910 1920 BPL. NXTCH ;Do until done. 1930 NODEL EDA SKCTL CMP #\$FF 1940 1950 Check keypress. 1960 1970 **BED RESTOR** ; If no keypress 1980 3 1990 LDA CH 2000 #156 CHP **Check CTRL-ESC** 2010 BEQ EXIT ; If pressed then skip delay. 2020 2030 RESTOR 2040 LDA #\$FF ;Restore CH STALDY 2050 CH 310 2060 ¿Zero timer.

| 2070 | STY DELAY | 20 | | 2160 JMP STGO 2170 DECUAL .DS 5 |
|------|--------------|--------|-------------------------------|--|
| 2000 | LDA | 29 | ;Get timer value. | 2180 TEMPLO .D5 1 |
| 2070 | LVN | 2.0 | Joet timer vorde. | 2190 TEMPHI .D5 1 |
| 2100 | LSR | A | Divide by 2 for | 2200 LOBYTE . D5 1 |
| | | | better resolution | 2210 HIBYTE .DS 1 |
| 2110 | CMP | TIMUAL | | 2220 CHECK . D5 1 |
| 2120 | BNE | DELAY | ;Delay until time | 2230 DLDATA .BYTE \$70,\$70,\$42,\$00,\$04 |
| | | | is up. | 2240 DECPLC .WORD 10000,1000,100,10,1 |
| 2130 | 3 | | | 2250 * = \$02E0 |
| | EXIT | | | 2260 .WORD STARTCODE |
| 2150 | PLA | | ;Give Acc· A back to BASIC | |

starting out

NEW OWNERS COLUMN

Article on page 29

LISTING 1

Don't type the

- AC 1 REM THE NEW OWNERS COLUMN, PART 6 JM 2 REM BY DAVID PLOTKIN FR 3 REM (c) 1986, ANTIC PUBLISHING IK 10 GRAPHICS 7:COLOR 1:DIM STX(15),STY(15):X=79:Y=39:POKE 752,1:PRINT "PRESS WINNER OF FILL" HG 15 GOSUB 1200:COLOR 1:PLOT 0,0:DRAWTO 159,0:DRAWTO 159,79:DRAWTO 0,79:DRAWTO
- 0,0
- JM 17 PLOT 79,24: DRAWTO 59,54: DRAWTO 99,5
- 4 ZN 19 DRAWTO 92,44:DRAWTO 92,14:DRAWTO 90 ,14:DRAWTO 90,24:DRAWTO 86,24:DRAWTO 8 6,34:DRAWTO 79,24:KNTR=0 NZ 20 COLOR 1:PLOT X,Y:ST=PEEK(632) HO 30 IF STRIG(0)=1 AND PEEK(53279)<>6 TH EN X=X+STX(ST):Y=Y+STY(ST):COLOR 0:PLO T X-STX(ST):Y-STY(ST):COLOR 0:PLO UW 40 X=X+STX(ST):Y=Y+STY(ST):PLOT X,Y:IF PEEK(53279)=6 THEN GOTO 200 PU 50 GOTO 20

- PEEK(\$32793=6 THEN GUTU 200 RU 50 GOTO 20 UA 200 ? CHR\$(125):POKE 657,3:POKE 656,1: ? "WORKING ON RECURSION **" EV 205 COLOR 2:GOSUB 1000 YT 210 POKE 656,0:POKE 657,0:PRINT "*PRES S ENCRUM TO RERUN THIS PROGRAM" UE 220 IF PEEK(\$3279>(>6 THEN 220

- US 230 RUN PR 999 END YS 1000 KNTR=KNTR+1:DRCTN=1:G05UB 2000:PD KE 77,0:PLOT X,Y:X=X-1:LOCATE X,Y,Z:IF Z=0 THEN GOSUB 1000 FZ 1030 X=X+1:Y=Y-1:LOCATE X,Y,Z:IF Z=0 T
- HEN GOSUB 1000 1060 Y=Y+1:X=X+1:LOCATE X,Y,Z:IF Z=0 T HEN GOSUB 1000 ES 1060
- 1090 X=X-1:Y=Y+1:LOCATE X,Y,Z:IF Z=0 T GE HEN GOSUB 1000
- 1120 Y=Y-1 1130 KNTR=KNTR-1:DRCTN=0:G05UB 2000:RE TT GT
- TURN FOR LP=5 TO 15:READ DT:STX(LP)=DT **IE 1200** :NEXT LP
- 1210 DATA 1,1,1,0,-1,-1,-1,0,0,0,0 1220 FOR LP=5 TO 15:READ DT:STY(LP)=DT 1.0 JP **NEXT** LP
- *NEXT LP MR 1230 DATA 1, -1,0,0,1, -1,0,0,1, -1,0 AP 1240 RETURN RC 2000 POKE 656,1:POKE 657,25:? KNTR;" ";:POKE 657,30 BR 2010 IF DRCTN=1 THEN ? "GRENDINGERNEL" 54 2020 IF DRCTN=0 THEN ? "GRENDINGERNEL"
- AJ 2030 RETURN

JT RESOURCE

ST WEFAX DECODER

Article on page 54

LISTING 1

| - | | |
|----|---------------------------|----------|
| ÷ | Atari ST Wefax Picture Re | ceiver * |
| | (c) 1986 Antic Publishing | |
| | Version 060586Thur | |
| 34 | Written by Patrick Bass | × |
| | MITERCH DA LOCITCH DOMP | * |

| * For Ata * | ri ST Compu | uters Only! * |
|----------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| GEMDOS BIOS | e9U e9U | 1 13 continued on next page |

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| XBIOS | equ | 14 | | CMP·b beq | #"i",d0 inverse_sc | Inverse? reen |
|--|---|---|--|---|---|--|
| Physbase | | 2 | | | | Reset? |
| Getrez | | 4 5 | | CMP · B | #"r",d0 doreset | Reserr |
| Setscreen | | 6 | | реа | duieser | |
| Setpalet Setcolor | 290 | 7 | | смр.Б | #"z",d0 | Sleep? |
| Giaccess | equ | 28 | | beg | off_timer | |
| Xbtimer | 290 | 31 | | | | |
| | | | | CMP + b | #",",d0 | MoreTime? |
| Cr | e9U | 13 | | bea | more_time | |
| lf | equ | 10 27 | | CWP · D | #",",d0 | LessTime? |
| esc gichip | 294 294 | \$ffff8800 | | beg | less_time | Legaraner |
| MfP | 890 | \$ffffa01 | | DCA | | |
| isra | 891 | 14 | | СМР - Б | #"1",d0 | OneLine? |
| atimer | 29U | 0 | | beq | oneline | |
| Port_a | 640 | 15 | | eran F | #"2",d0 | TwoLine? |
| PIXOVER | e90 | 3 | | cmp.b beq | twoline | IWOLINCI |
| PIXDRAW | Equ | 2 | | DE 4 | CWOLLING | |
| PIXSTART | equ | ī | | смр.Б | #"k",d0 | LineSkip? |
| WHITE | 290 | Ð | | beq | newskip | |
| BLACK | equ | 1 | | | | 1 |
| THIT | - | \$a000 | | CMP - 6 | #"-",d0 lesscolumn | LessCols? |
| INIT PUTPIXEL | 69U 69U | \$a001 | | beq | resscorumn | 2 |
| intin | Equ | 8 | | CMP - b | #"=",d0 | MoreCols? |
| Ptsin | E 9U | 12 | | beq | morecolumn | |
| | | | | | | |
| * | | | * | | #"a",d0 | |
| start | | -7 -5 | | beq | adjustsync | |
| MOVE | • <u>1</u> | a7,a5 #my_stack,a7 | | rts | | |
| MOVE | - | 4(a5), a5 | | I to of | | |
| MOVE | .1 | \$c (a5),d0 | ¥ | | | * |
| add - | 1 | \$14(a5),d0 | adju | stsync | | |
| add | | \$1c(a5),d0 | | | #20,adjcou | nt |
| add. Move | 1 | #\$100,d0 d0,-(sp) | | rts | | |
| MOVE | | a5,-(sp) | * | | | * |
| Move | | d0,-(SP) | news | | | |
| nove | | d0,-(sp) #\$4a,-(sp) | | MOVE W | colskip,d0 | |
| trap | | #GEMDOS | | add.w | #1,d0 | |
| add. | 1 | #12, SP | | and.w move.w | #3,d0 d0,colskip | |
| * | | | * | rts | UO/CUISKIP | |
| -main | | | | | | |
| | | initialize | ¥ | | | * |
| | — | #titlemess,a0 | | ase the Fa | x Screen. | |
| bsr | | message | Lied | rscreen move.w | #1,invmask | |
| ¥ | | | * | MOVE W | #8000,d0 | |
| * Watch f | or any | v keystrokes. Wh | en | MOVE - 1 | | , a0 |
| | tered | decode keypress | | | | |
| Mainloop | | | · clsr | | _ | |
| | | c c a p k o U | · | C1C+1 | (a0)+ | |
| bsr | 1 : | scankey dA | · LISP | C1C+1 | (a0)+ d0,c1sr1 | |
| bsr tst. | 1 37 18 | scankey d0 mainloop | · CISP | C1C+1 | (a0)+ d0,c1sr1 | |
| bsr tst. beq | 1 | d0 mainloop | | clr·l dbra rts | d0,clsr1 | |
| bsr tst. beg bsr | 1 3 * 18 * * * 19 | d0 mainloop decodekey | ¥ | clr·l dbra rts | d0,c1sr1 | * |
| bsr tst. beg bsr | 1 3 * 18 * * * 19 | d0 mainloop | * * To | clr.l dbra rts generate | d0,clsr1 a Fax Pictu | re, |
| bsr tst. beg bsr | 1 37 36 78 ₂ 8 | d0 mainloop decodekey mainloop | * * To * 1 | clr.l dbra rts senerate .) Initial | d0,clsr1 a Fax Pictu ize to the | re, start |
| bsr tst. beq bsr bra | 1 37 38 88 ₀ 8 | d0 mainloop decodekey mainloop | * * To * 1 * * 2 | clr.l dbra rts generate) Initial | d0,clsr1 a Fax Pictu ize to the line skip | re, start amount |
| bsr tst. beq bsr bra * * Decide decodekey | 1 | d0 mainloop decodekey mainloop key was pressed. | * * To * 1 * 2 * 3 * 4 | clr.l dbra rts generate) Initial) Refresh) Set pro) Reset s | d0,clsr1 a Fax Pictu ize to the | re, start amount |
| bsr tst. beq bsr bra * * Decide decodekey | Which | d0 mainloop decodekey mainloop key was pressed. | * * To * 1 * 2 * 3 * 4 | clr.l dbra rts generate .) Initial .) Refresh .) Set pro .) Reset s faxmap | d0,clsr1 a Fax Pictu ize to the line skip per system ync marker | re, start amount status |
| bsr tst. beq bsr bra * * Decide decodekey | Which | d0 mainloop decodekey mainloop key was pressed. | * * To * 1 * 2 * 3 * 4 | clr.l dbra rts senerate) Initial) Refresh) Set pro) Reset s faxmap move.w | d0,clsr1 a Fax Pictu ize to the line skip per system ync marker #0.currrow | re, start amount status |
| bsr tst. beq bsr bra * * Decide decodekey | 1 Structure Mhich b | d0 mainloop decodekey mainloop key was pressed. | * * To * 1 * 2 * 3 * 4 init | clr.l dbra rts senerate) Initial) Refresh) Set pro) Reset s faxmap move.w | d0,clsr1 a Fax Pictu ize to the line skip per system ync marker #0.currrow | re, start amount status |
| bsr tst. beq bsr bra * * Decide decodekey CMP. beq | 1 Structure Mhich b | d0 mainloop decodekey mainloop key was pressed. #"9",d0 Quit? terminate | * * To * 1 * 2 * 3 * 4 init | clr.l dbra rts Senerate) Initial) Refresh) Set pro) Reset s faxmap Move.W Move.W | d0,clsr1 a Fax Pictu ize to the line skip per system ync marker #0,currrow #0,currcol colskip,sk | re, start amount status iPcount |
| bsr tst. beq bsr bra * * Decide decodekey CMP. beq CMP. beq | 1 Standard Mhich b Standard b | d0 mainloop decodekey mainloop key was pressed. #"q",d0 Quit? terminate #"1",d0 Load? loadwefax | * * To * 1 * 2 * 3 * 4 init | clr.l dbra rts Senerate) Initial) Refresh) Set pro) Reset s faxmap Move.w Move.w Move.w Move.w | d0,clsr1 a Fax Pictu ize to the line skip per system ync marker #0,currrow #0,currcol colskip,sk | re, start amount status iPcount |
| bsr tst. beq bsr bra * * Decide decodekey CMP. beq CMP. beq CMP. | 1 Standard Mhich b Standard b | d0 mainloop decodekey mainloop key was pressed. #"q",d0 terminate #"l",d0 Load? toadwefax #"s",d0 Save? | * * To * 1 * 2 * 3 * 4 init | clr.l dbra rts Senerate) Initial) Refresh) Set pro) Reset s faxmap Move.W Move.W | d0,clsr1 a Fax Pictu ize to the line skip per system ync marker #0,currrow #0,currcol colskip,sk | re, start amount status iPcount |
| bsr tst. beq bsr bra * * Decide decodekey CMP. beq CMP. beq | 1 Standard Mhich b Standard b | d0 mainloop decodekey mainloop key was pressed. #"q",d0 Quit? terminate #"1",d0 Load? loadwefax | * * To * 1 * 2 * 3 * 4 init | clr.l dbra rts Senerate) Initial) Refresh) Set pro) Reset s faxmap Move.w Move.w Move.w Move.w | d0,clsr1 a Fax Pictu ize to the line skip per system ync marker #0,currcou colskip,sk #PIXDRAW,s #0,adjcoun | re, start amount status iPcount |
| bsr tst. beq bsr bra * * Decide decodekey CMP. beq CMP. beq CMP. | 1 Strands | d0 mainloop decodekey mainloop key was pressed. #"q",d0 terminate #"l",d0 Load? toadwefax #"s",d0 Save? | * * To * 1 * 1 * 2 * 3 * 4 init | clr.1 dbra rts Senerate .) Initial .) Refresh .) Set pro .) Reset s faxmap Move.w Move.w Move.w Move.w Move.w rts | d0,clsr1 a Fax Pictu ize to the line skip per system ync marker #0,currcou colskip,sk #PIXDRAW,s #0,adjcoun | re, start amount status ipcount tatus t |
| bsr tst. beq bra * * Decide decodekey cMp. beq cMp. beq cMp. beq cMp. beq | 1 Strands | d0 mainloop decodekey mainloop key was pressed. #"9",d0 Quit? terminate #"1",d0 Load? loadwefax #"s",d0 Save? savewefax | * * To * 1 * 1 * 2 * 3 * 4 init | clr.1 dbra rts Senerate) Initial) Refresh) Set pro) Reset s faxmap Move.w Move.w Move.w Move.w Move.w rts | d0,clsr1 a Fax Pictu ize to the line skip per system ync marker #0,currcol colskip,sk #PIXDRAW,s #0,adjcoun | re, start amount status iPcount |
| bsr tst. beq bsr bra * Decide decodekey CMP. beq CMP. beq CMP. beq CMP. beq | 1 Standard Which b b b | d0 mainloop decodekey mainloop key was pressed. #"q",d0 terminate #"1",d0 Load? loadwefax #"s",d0 Save? savewefax #" ",d0 Togglescreen | * * To * 1 * 1 * 2 * 3 * 4 init | clr.1 dbra rts Jenerate Jinitial JRefresh JSet pro Reset S faxmap Move.W Move.W Move.W Move.W Move.W rts cint ck up para clr.1 | d0,clsr1 a Fax Pictu ize to the line skip per system ync marker #0,currcol colskip,sk #PIXDRAW,s #0,adjcoun llel port y d0 | re, start amount status ipcount tatus t alue in d0. |
| bsr tst. beq bra * Decide decodekey CMP. beq CMP. beq CMP. beq CMP. beq CMP. | 1 Standard Which b b b | d0 mainloop decodekey mainloop key was pressed. #"q",d0 Quit? terminate #"1",d0 Load? loadwefax #"s",d0 Save? savewefax #" ",d0 Togg1 togglescreen #"c",d0 Clear | * * To * 1 * 1 * 2 * 3 * 4 init | clr.1 dbra rts Jenerate Jinitial JRefresh JSet pro Reset S faxmap Move.W Move.W Move.W Move.W Move.W rts cint ck up para clr.1 | d0,clsr1 a Fax Pictu ize to the line skip per system ync marker #0,currcol colskip,sk #PIXDRAW,s #0,adjcoun llel port y d0 | re, start amount status ipcount tatus t alue in d0. |
| bsr tst. beq bsr bra * Decide decodekey CMP. beq CMP. beq CMP. beq CMP. beq | 1 Standard Which b b b | d0 mainloop decodekey mainloop key was pressed. #"q",d0 terminate #"1",d0 Load? loadwefax #"s",d0 Save? savewefax #" ",d0 Togglescreen | * * To * 1 * 1 * 2 * 3 * 4 init | clr.1 dbra rts Jenerate Jinitial JRefresh JSet pro Reset S faxmap Move.W Move.W Move.W Move.W Move.W rts cint ck up para clr.1 | d0,clsr1 a Fax Pictu ize to the line skip per system ync marker #0,currcol colskip,sk #PIXDRAW,s #0,adjcoun llel port v d0 #9ichip,a0 #15,(a0) | re, start amount status ipcount tatus t alue in d0. |

* Is the HI bit set? 46 Branch if not, else load bit #\$80,d0 and · b heq PItØ Nove.w #1,d0 bra P1t01 * HI bit set, load a zero. P1t0 #0,d0 MOVE.W * Inverse dot request as needed. 86 then copy to stack. P1101 Move.w invmask,d1 d1,d0 eor.w d0,-(SP) Move.1 * Assume erasure wanted. #WHITE, d2 MOVE . W hsr Plotpoint * Recover Dot request. Move.1 (SP)+,d0 Should we replot it? 36 Branch if not. dØ tst.l beq P1t1 * Else replot the current dot. #BLACK, d2 MOVE . W bsr Plotpoint * Are we syncing to the left? * Branch if not, else delay by one. Plt1 tst.w adicount process_point beg #1,adjcount SUb.W rts ₩-* Bump one column to the right. * Have we plotted all columns? 36 Branch if yes, else split. process_point #1, currcol add • w currco1,d0 Move.w MOVE.W numcol,d1 CMP . W d1,d0 bge Pro2 rts ¥ ----- 34 * Finished w/all columns in this row. * Reset to start of row. * Are we skipping lines? * Branch if not, else decrement count. Pro2 speedadj,adjcount MOUE.W #0,currcol MOVE . W tst.w skipcount beg Pro3 SILb.W #1,skipcount rts - X * Time for next line down. * Bump to next row down the screen. 36 -Have we plotted all available rows? * Branch if not, else turn scan off. Pro3

move.w colskip,skipcount

add .w #1, currrow Move.w currrow, d0 numrow, d1 MOVE.W CMP . W d0,d1 **591** Pro4 #PIXOVER, status MOVE.W Pro4 rts ¥ ------* This LINE-A point plotter * wants plotcolor->d2. Plotpoint NOVE-W currcol,d0 NOVE-W currrow/d1 mintin, a3 MOVE . I Nove . I mptsin,a4 d0, (a4) Move.w d1,2(a4) Nove.w Move.w d2, (a3) PUTPIXEL dc.w rts. **H** -----* Are we currently drawing a map? * Branch if not, else wait for the start of the next line, then init. × * Else start picture recption. doreset hsr show_fax dore1 MOVE . W status,d0 #PIXDRAW, d0 CMP . W getfaxmap bne tst.w currcol bne dore1 initfaxmap bra **getfaxmap #PIXSTART**, status MOVE . W bsr on_timer rts *--------* * The interrupt routine itself. * if on PIXOVER > then begin if (PIXSTART) then begin 36 - 246 init FaxMap endif 46 × get, plot point * endif * clear interrupt in service **Plotdata** d0-a6,-(sp) MOVEM.1 MOVE . W status,d0 tst.w **d**Ø beq **Plotexit** CMP - W #PIXOUER, d0 **Plotexit** beq CMP + W **#PIXSTART, d0** bne **Plotfaxmap** initfaxmap bsr Plotfaxmap bsr **getpoint Plotexit** move.1 #Mfp,a1 bclr #\$5,isra(a1) movem.1 (SP)+,d0-a6

continued on next page

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rte.

on_timer hsr 26 * Start Timer A interrupting us. rts on_timer *-----#plotdata,-(sp) Move.1 more_time timedata,-(sp) Move.w MOVE . W timecontrol,-(sp) Nove.w timedata,d0 MOVE . W #atimer,~(sp) add.w #1,d0 #255,d0 #Xbtimer,-(sp) and.w Move.w d0,timedata trap **#XBI05** Move.w bsr on_timer add - 1 #12, SP rts rts. - 36 M _ _ _ _ _ _ * * Stop Timer A from interrupting us. less_time MOVE . W timedata,d0 off...timer **#PIXOVER**, status sub.w #1,d0 Move.w #255,d0 and .w Move.1 #Plotdata,-(sp) MOVE.W d0,timedata #0,-(SP) on_timer hsr MOVE . W #0,-(SP) Move.w rts Move.w #atimer,-(sp) MOVe.W #Xbtimer,~(sp) * Reverse the original screen trap **#XBIO5** #12, SP inverse_screen add 1 #8000,d0 rts. MOVE . W Move.1 org_screen,a0 36 - - - - -_____ inus1 (a0),d1
#\$FFFFFFF,d1 * Decrement number of columns. MOVE.1 lesscolumns eor.1 Move.1 d1,(a0)+ Move.w numcol,d0 sub.w #1,d0 dbra d0, invs1 #0,d0 C MP - W MOVE.W **b**9**e**d invmask,d0 ISC1 eor.w #1,d0 #0,d0 MOVE-W d0, invmask Move.w 1sc1 rts. Move.w d0, numcol rts togglescreen - 36 hsr off_timer * Increment number of columns. tst.w Whichscreen MOFECOlumns bne show_text MOVE . W numcol,d0 add . w #1,d0 show_fax CMP . W #1000,d0 Move.w #1,Whichscreen blt move.1 org_screen,a0 MCC1 Move - 1 temp_screen,a1 Move.w #1000,d0 bsr movescreen Mrc1 Move.w d0, numc o1 move.1 fax_screen,a0 rts Move.1 org_screen,a1 bsr Movescreen 36 m m rts * Insert default values for 1 LPS. oneline show_text bsr off_timer CIP-W Whichscreen C17-1 d Ø MOVE . W resolution,d0 MOVE-1 org_screen,a0 Move.1 #timed1_table,a0 fax_screen,a1 Move - 1 #1,d0 asl.w bsr MOVESCREEN d0,a0 add.1 move-1 temp_screen,a0 move.w #\$05,timecontrol org_screen,a1 move.1 (a0), timedata Nove.w hsr Movescreen bsr op_timer rts rts _ _ _ _ _ _ * Wants Source->a0, dest->a1. * Insert default values for 2 LPS. Movescreen twoline Move.w #8000,d0 bsr off_timer MVS1 C1r - 1 **d**0 move.1 (a0)+, (a1)+ resolution, d0 Move.w dhra d0, mvs1 Move.1 #timed2_table,a0 #1,d0 asl.w rts add.1 d0,a0 *-----* Save a Wefax pix in DEGAS format. Move.w #\$05,timecontrol (a0),timedata MOVE - W

savewefax bsr deconfigure MOVE-1 #savmes1,a0 bsr nessage **bsr** ask_for_file tst.w **d** 0 689 skipsav bsr savefile tst.w **d** Ø b M i skipsav Move.1 #sbufmes,a0 bsr **M62296** skipsav. bsr configure rts ¥- - -savmes1 cr, if, "Save a" " Hefax Picture " dC · b dC · b "to disk.", cr, 1f,0 dc · b even sbufmes cr,lf,"Wefax Picture"
" Saved.",cr,lf,0 dC · b dC · b even * Load a Wefax Pix in DEGAS format. loadwefax bsr deconfigure move.1 #1_mess1,a0 bsr Message bsr ask_for_file tst.w d Ø 1wfx bes bsr loadfile tst.w **d Ə** 1 Mfx DHI Nove.1 #1_mess2,a0 bsr Nessage IWfx bsr configure rts 35 ---1_mess1 cr,1f,"Load a" dC · b " Wefax Picture from " dC · b dC · b "disk.",cr,lf,0 even 1-Mess2 cr,1f,"Wefax picture " dC · b "loaded.", cr, lf, 0 dC.b even ----ask_for_file MOVE . 1 #file_mess,a0 bsr message bsr getline C11-1 dB inbuff+1,d0 nove . b bea endfile Nove.1 #filename,a0 Move.1 #inbuff+2,a1 SUD9.W #1,d0 COPYFN nove - b (a1)+, (a0)+ d0,copyfn dbra

C11-b (a8)+ #\$ff,d0 NOVES endfile rts 25 ----file_mess "Filename ?",0 dC · b even loadfile bsr open_read tst.1 d 8 b M i 10f1 read_file bsr bsr close_file #0,d0 MOVE - 1 bra 10fx 10f1 MOVE.1 #1d_Mess,a0 bsr nessage MOVE-1 #-1,d0 lofx rts 46------ 16 ld_mess dc · b cr, 1f, "Error " dC + b "happened during " dc - b "load.",0 even -----savefile. DSC create_file tst.1 d Ø bp1 Sf11 bsr open_write tst.1 **d**0 Sf12 b Mi **Sfl1** bsr write_file bsr close_file Move.1 #0,d0 bra Sflx **sf12** move.1 #f_err_Mess,a0 bsr Message nove.1 #-1,d0 Sflx rts - 34 f_err_mess cr,lf,"Error, " "Picture was not " dc · b dc · b dc · b "saved.",0 even _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ create_file Move.u #8,-(SP) move.1 #filename,-(sp) Move.w #\$3(,-(sp) #GEMD05 trap d0,handle MOVE.W add9.1 #8, SP rts open-read #0,-(SP) MOVE . W move.1 #filename,-(sp) #\$3d, - (SP) Move.w trap #GEMD05 MOVE . W d0,hand1e addq.1 #8,SP rts

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addq.1 #4,sp open_write rts #1,~(sp) MOVE . W *-----MOVE 1 #filename,~(sp) #\$3d,-(sp) move.w titlemess -#GEMDOS trap dc · b "----",Cr,1f MOVE.W d0,handle dc · b addq.1 #8,SP dc · b "ST Facsimile R" rts "eproduction dc • b dc · b CC, 1f, 1f "(c)1986 Antic " dC · b "Publishing ",cr,lf "Written by Pat" read_file dC · b dC · b #degas_buffer,-(sp) MOVE - 1 "rick Bass",cr,lf #32034,-(sp) handle,-(sp) MOVE-1 dC · b move.w dc · b MOVE . W #\$3f,-(sp) dc · b #GENDOS trap dC · b Cr,1f,0 #12,5P add - 1 even * Copy color palette to memory ₩ - - ------#15,d0 * Exit current program
* and Return to GEM/desktop... MOVE . W r f 1move.1 #new_palette,a0 terminate move.1 #degas_buffer+2,a1 MOVE-1 #org_palette,-(sp) MOVE . W Move.1 d0,d1 #SetPalette,-(sp) **d1** #XBIOS as1.w trap add.1 d1,a0 add.1 #6,SP add.1 d1,a1 MOVE - W (a1), (a0) bsr off_timer d0, rf1 dbra bsr deconfigure Transfer screen MOVE . W #0,-(SP) MOVe . 1 #degas_buffer+34,a0 C17.1 **d D** fax_screen,a1 Move.1 trap #GEMDOS Movescreen bsr * Whoops! * Activate new palette addg.1 #2,5P MOVE . 1 #new_palette,~(sp) rts. #Setpalette,~(sp) MOVE . W trap **#XBIOS** add 1 #6, SP * Basic Initialization initialize rts * First, init the Line-A interface INIT dc · w write_file move.1 a0,line_a ***First copy resolution out.** MOVe.1 intin(a0),a3 MOVE.W resolution, degas_buffer ptsin(a0),a4 MOVe.1 MOVE-1 a3, mintin move.1 a4, mptsin * Then copy color palette #15,d0 MOVE . W * Next, determine current rez. Wf1 move.w #Getrez,-(sp) trap & #XBIO5 Move.1 #new_palette,a0 Move.1 #degas_buffer+2,a1 Pbb6 #2,5P move.1 d0,d1 move.w 3% d0,resolution as1.w d1 d1,a0 add.l * Now according to the resolution * we're in, set limits accordingly. add 1 d1,a1 (a0), (a1) Move.w * First, indexize d0, clear d1. d0,wf1 dbra as1.w 8 #1,d0 clr.1 8 d1 36 Finally COPY Picture to buffer. Move · 1 fax_screen,a0 * Get Bytes per line.4 #degas_buffer+34,a1 Move.1 move.1 #bper,a0 bsr movescreen adda.1 d0,a0 (a0),bperline Move.w 美 Now write picture information #degas_buffer,-(sp) move.1 * Get screen width, height MOVe - 1 #32034,-(SP) Move.1 #mxres,a0 handle,-(sp) MOVE . W d0,a0 (a0),xres (a0),numcol adda.1 #\$40,-(SP) Move.w Move.w #GEMD05 trap MOVE.W add - 1 #12, SP rts move.1 #myres,a0 d0,a0 (a0),yres adda.1 ----MOVE.W close_file MOVE.W (a0), numrow MOVE-W handle,-(sp) #\$3e,-(sp) Move.w trap #GEMDOS

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....

* Now find our original screen, and prepare space for two more. #Physbase,-(sp) #XBIO5 Move.w trap Pbb6 #2,5P move.1 d0,org_screen #fax_buffer,d0 Move.1 #\$ffff00,d0 and 1 #256,d0 add · 1 MOVE,1 d0, fax_screen move.1 #temp_buffer,d0 and 1 #\$ffff00,d0 #256,d0 add 1 d0,temp_screen MOVE.I * Init the parallel port for input. hsr configure * Init Timer A values. C17-1 d 8 MOUP.W resolution, d0 as1.w #1,d0 move.1 #timed2_table,a0 add 1 d0,a0 #\$05,timecontrol MOVE.W Move.w (a0), timedata * Create Palette #15,d2 MOVE-1 init1 Move.w #-1,-(sp) d2,-(SP) MOUP.W #Setcolor, - (sp) Move.w trap #XBIOS add.1 #6, SP move.1 #org_palette,a0 Move.1 #new_palette,a1 Move.1 d2,d1 as1.w #1,d1 adda.1 d1,a0 d1,a1 adda · 1 d0, (a0) Move.w d0, (a1) MOVE . W d2, init1 dbra rts *-------configure First, save state of ports now. 46 #\$07,-(SP) #0,-(SP) Nove.w MOVE . W Move.w #Giaccess,-(sp) trap **#XBIO5** add.1 #6,SP d0,portstate MOVE,W * Then configure Port B as input. MOVE . W #\$87,-(SP) #\$7f,-(SP) MOUP.W #Giaccess,-(sp) Move.w trap **#XBIOS** add - 1 #6, SP rts ---* deconfigure #\$87,-(sp) MOVE . W portstate,~(sp) MOVE . W MOVE . W #Giaccess,-(sp) **#XBIO5** trap #6,5P add 1

rts

36 m -----* Prints up an a0 message. MASSAGA MOVEM.1 d1/a0,~(sp) CIP-W d1 Mess1 (a0)+,d1 move.h beq NESSX bsr charout hra mess1 Messx MOVEN-1 (SP)+,d1/a0 rts. ***** * Write character in d1 to console. charout MOVEM-1 d1-d7/a0-a6,-(sp) d1,-(sp) #2,-(sp) Move.w move.w trap #GEMDOS addq.1 #4, SP (SP)+,d1-d7/a0-a6 MOVEM 1 rts. *----_ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ ---scankey #\$06,-(SP) MOVe.W trap #GEMD05 #2, SP addq.1 tst.l 08 **bpl**·**s** skipkey **getkey** #\$07,-(SP) MOVE . W #GEMD05 trap addq.1 #2,5P rts skipkey C1F+1 d () rts *---~ 36 * gets a line of text via BIOS getline move.1 #inbuff,-(sp) move.b #32, inbuff MOVE . W #\$0a,-(sp) #GEMD05 trap addg.1 #6, SP rts filename dC · b "filename.ext 88 even 0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0 dC - 1 ₩------- * * Long words d5 • 1 1 org...screen fax_screen d5 · 1 1 temp_screen d5 · 1 1 1 line_a d5 · 1 Mintin 1 d5 . 1 **MPtsin** d5 · 1 1 ₩ - I -..... -----* Words resolution ds.w 1 handle ds.w 1 1 xres ds.w 1 yres ds.w 1 **NUMCOl** d5.4 NUMCOW ds.w 1 1 CUPPPOW ds.w 1 ds.w currcol

continued on next page

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1

1

ds.w

ds.w

bperline

status

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| colmask | ds.w | 1 | timed1_table | dc - w | 120,60,60 |
|-------------|--------|-------------|--------------|--------|-----------|
| adjcount | ds.w | 1 | timed2_table | dc · w | 60,30,30 |
| Skipcount | d5 - W | 1 | | | |
| Whichscreen | ds.w | 1 | | | |
| Speedadj | ds.w | 1 | | bss | |
| COlskip | ds.w | ī | | ds.1 | 256 |
| invmask | d5 - W | ī | Ny-stack | d5 • 1 | 1 |
| timedata | d5 - W | ī | inbuff | ds.b | 82 |
| timecontrol | ds w | ī | even | | |
| Portstate | 85 - W | ī | desas-buffer | ds.b | 32767 |
| Portbyte | d5 - W | ī | even | | |
| org_palette | d5 - W | 16 | faxbuffer | ds.b | 32767 |
| new_palette | ds.w | 16 | even | | |
| bper | dc . w | 160,160,80 | temp_buffer | ds.b | 32767 |
| HXCES | dc . w | 328,648,648 | even | | |
| NUTES | dc w | 200,200,400 | end | | |

TECH TIPS

CASSETTE SOUNDTRACK

Don't retire that faithful old cassette recorder into the closet after you upgrade to a disk drive. Use it to play a music soundtrack or voice narration controlled by your BASIC programs. The sound will come out of your TV or monitor speaker.

Insert a cassette recording into the drive and press the Play button. Whenever you want the soundtrack to start, cue it with a program line such as:

10 POKE 54018,60:REM TURN ON CASSETTE MOTOR When you want to turn off the sound, use this line: 20 POKE 54018,52:REM TURN OFF MOTOR

SLOW-MOTION LISTING SCROLLER

Wouldn't it sometimes be useful to examine your BASIC program as the listing slowly scrolls by— either forward or backward? That's what you'll get if you insert these eight simple lines of code at the beginning of whatever other BASIC program you are working on.Type in the listing below and LIST it to disk. (This program utilizes line numbers 0 to 7, so make sure to start your main program at a higher line number.) ENTER the eight-line program from disk after your main program is in memory, and it will be installed at the beginning. Do not use SAVE and LOAD for this program, because that would erase your new program from memory.

Type RUN and you will be prompted for a starting and ending line number. After answering, you may scroll forward or backward one line at a time by pressing either the [SELECT] or [OPTION] keys. Antic found this program by Jerry Ilaria in the newsletter of the Jersey Atari Computer Society.

0 POKE 710,2:? "START LINE #";:INPUT L:? "END LINE #";:INPUT E:? CHR\$(125):?:??

1? "PRESS [SELECT] TO SCROLL FORWARD":? "PRESS [OPTION] TO SCROLL REVERSE";:?:???

2 LIST L:IF L=0 THEN L=1:LIST L

- 3 IF L=E THEN END
- 4 P=PEEK(53279):IF P=7 THEN 3
- 5 IF P=3 THEN L=L-1:GOTO 2
- 6 IF P=5 THEN L=L+1:GOTO 2
- 7 IF P<>3 OR P<>7 THEN 3

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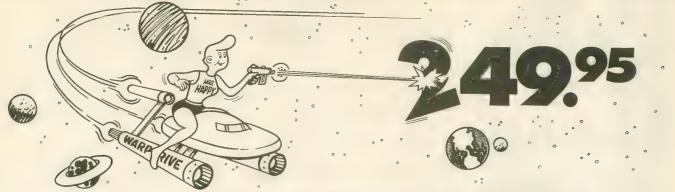
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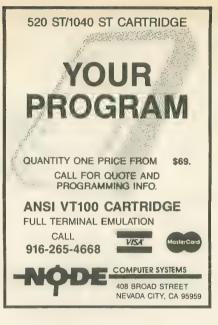
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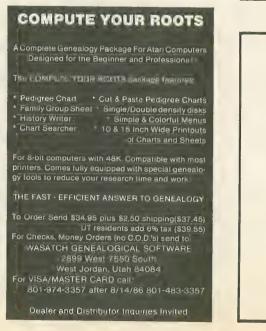
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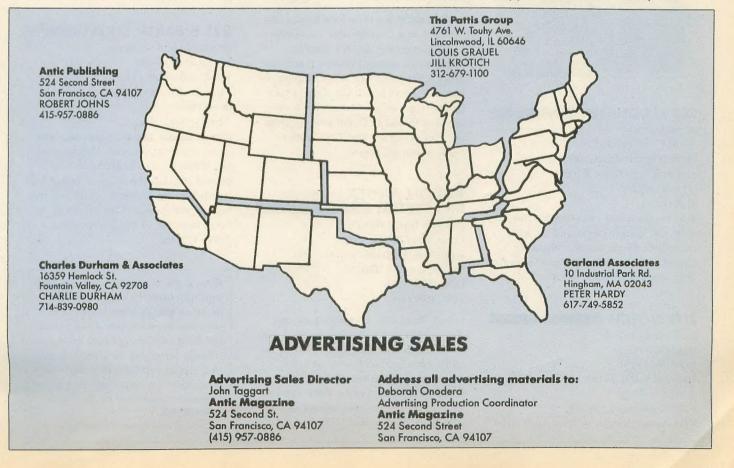


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